

Situational security, controlled privacy

Session: Advanced technologies for a hyper-connected society
including security aspects

6th Japan-EU Symposium on ICT Research and Innovation

7th October 2016

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It's always about people, citizens, users!!!

Complexities and forecasts

The drive towards automatism and need for knowledge



Complexities and forecasts

We want something that is simple and handles all of this



Complexities and ownership

Who owns my data and how can I control it?

Traditionally through accounts and passwords...

- Increasing number of online representations (number of passwords registered to ONE email account)
- What if we forget them?
- And what about the handling of data from our sensors?
- What about the handling of knowledge generated on information from and about us?



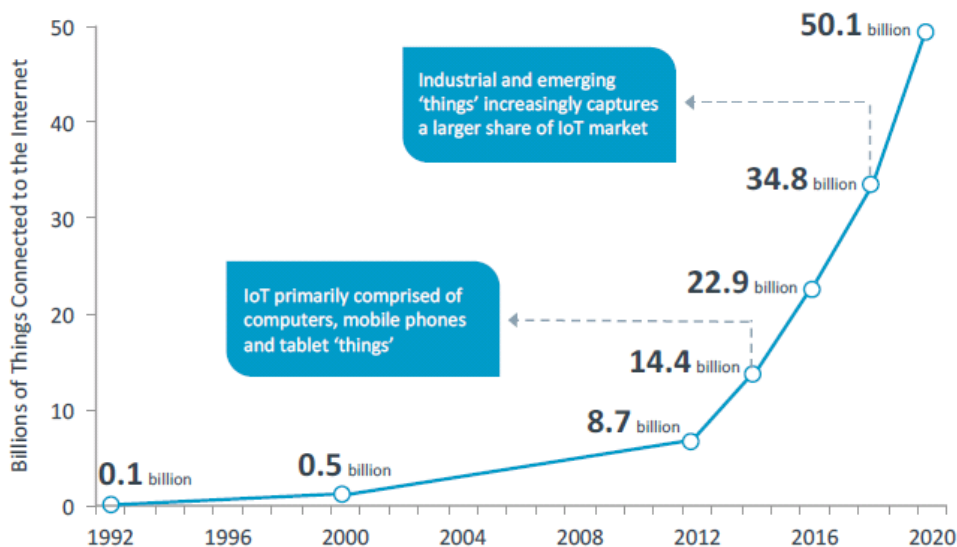
Infographics from: <https://blog.dashlane.com/>

Complexities, ownership and threats

And what about sensing and Io generated/harvested information?

Projecting the 'Things' Behind the Internet of Things

From 2014-2020, IoT grows at an annual compound rate of 23.1% CAGR



- 7 connected sensors/things per person in 2020
- How many in 2025, 2050?

Complexities, ownership and threats

The “Domains” and “knowledge producers have also problems...

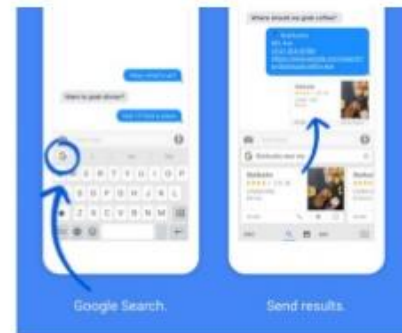
...Do People Care About Privacy...
Or Do They Care About *Who* Has Their Data?

- User interaction changes and reveals much more about us
- Meaning the choice of devices/platforms becomes a matter of trust

Amazon Echo
The Echo's Alexa Voice Service listens to all speech in default mode



Google Gboard
Integrated keyboard for iOS devices that had an estimated 500K+ downloads within the first week of launch



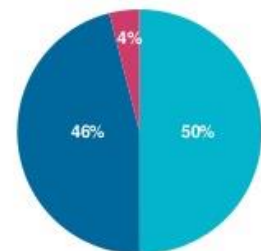
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Complexities, ownership and threats

Trust is easily lost, and takes a long time to be established

Consumer Data Privacy Concerns Rising Rapidly

How Concerned are You About Data Privacy & How Companies Use Customer Data?



- Very Concerned
- Somewhat Concerned
- Not Concerned

45%
Are more worried about their Online privacy than one year ago

74%
Have limited their online activity in the last year due to privacy concerns

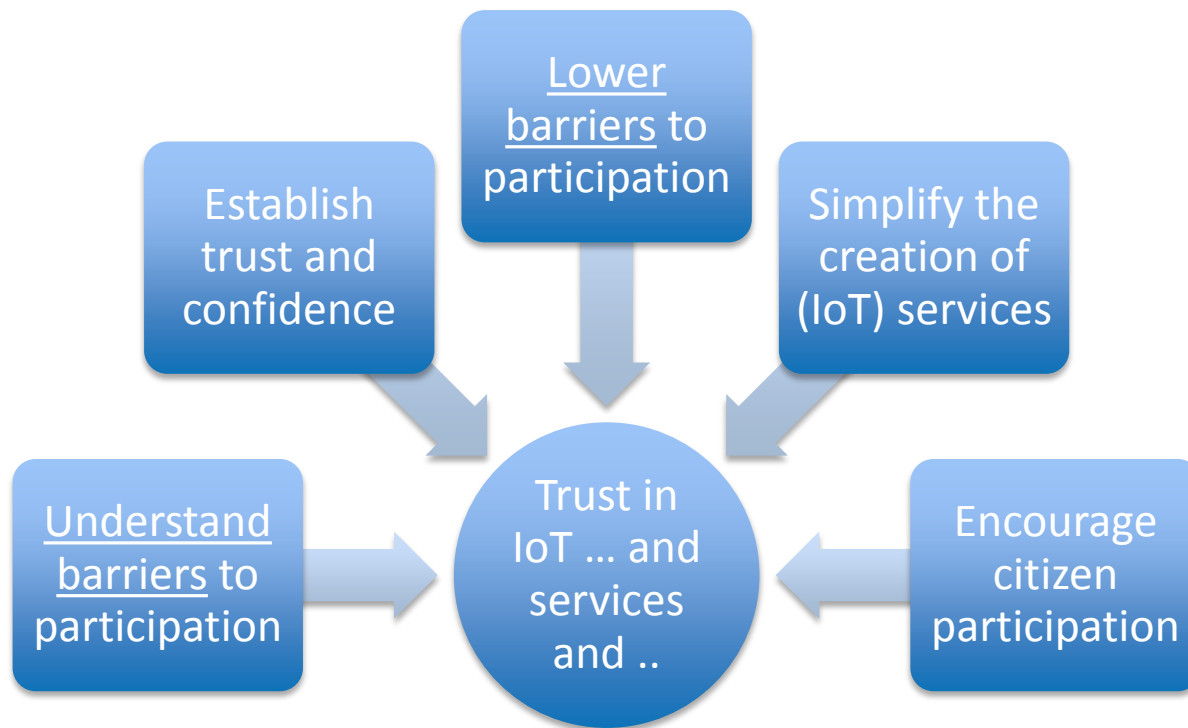
Recent high level cases:

- TalkTalk in UK (customer data and account information hacked)
- Yahoo (huge number of accounts hacked)

... and many more...

Complexities, ownership and threats

..and these issues do not even think about IoT... remember we do all this to make user's life easier, to keep their trust they need to have (at least) some engagement



This means

The old approaches don't work anymore and new ones emerge

Data Security & Management as a Platform = Ionic Security

THEN

Securing Infrastructure to Keep Data Safe



NOW

Ionic Security



Distributed data protection & management platform that has processed tens of billions of API requests to enable customers to secure & control their data

Advanced approaches for the advanced challenges of a hyper- connected society

Ionic security is but a start!

But this will not be enough, looking at the user:

Technology solutions for identification – authentication

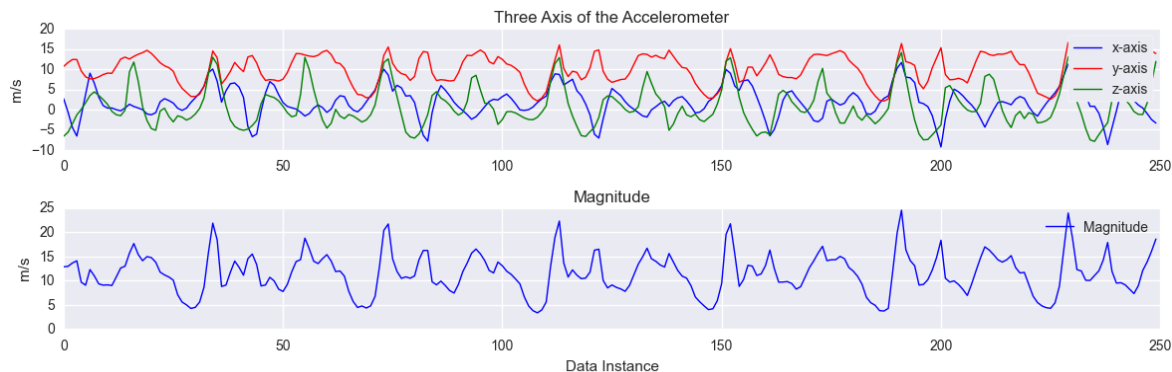
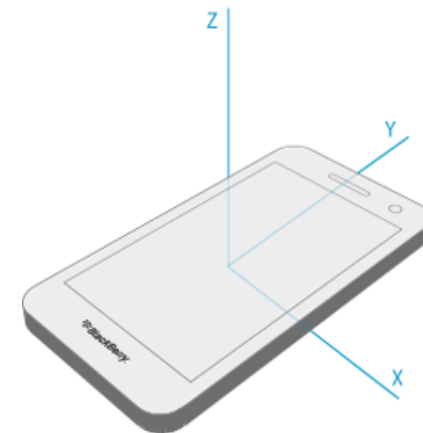
Autonomous authentication

- Biometrics (iris, voice, ... gait)

smart phones have a variety of sensors.

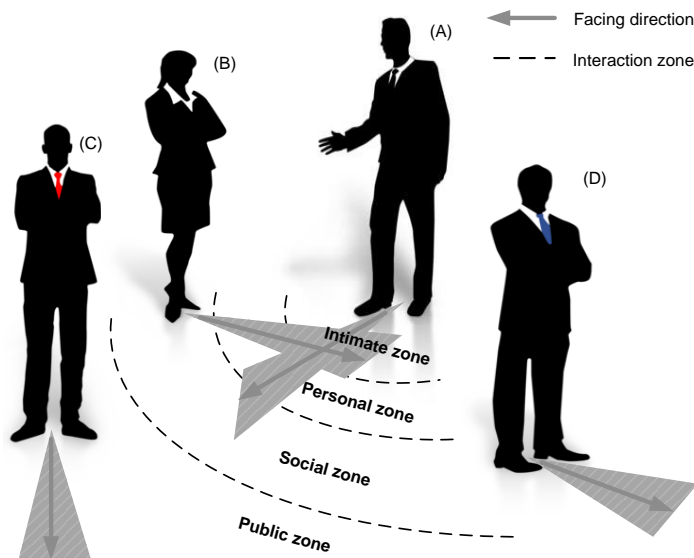
- Accelerometer
- Gyroscope

The accelerometer is often used to perform gait recognition.



Technology solutions: identification - authentication

Interpreting social interactions to drive privacy settings



Utilising facing direction and relative orientation for detecting social interaction.

- Detect face-to-face interactions:
 - Based on off-the-shelf smartphones
 - No external hardware
 - Opportunistic sensing
 - Privacy preserving

- Key Concepts:
 - Interpersonal distance estimation
 - Relative orientation computation
 - Collaborative sensing

Still not enough, look at the knowledge producer:

The billions of connected things need also to be considered!

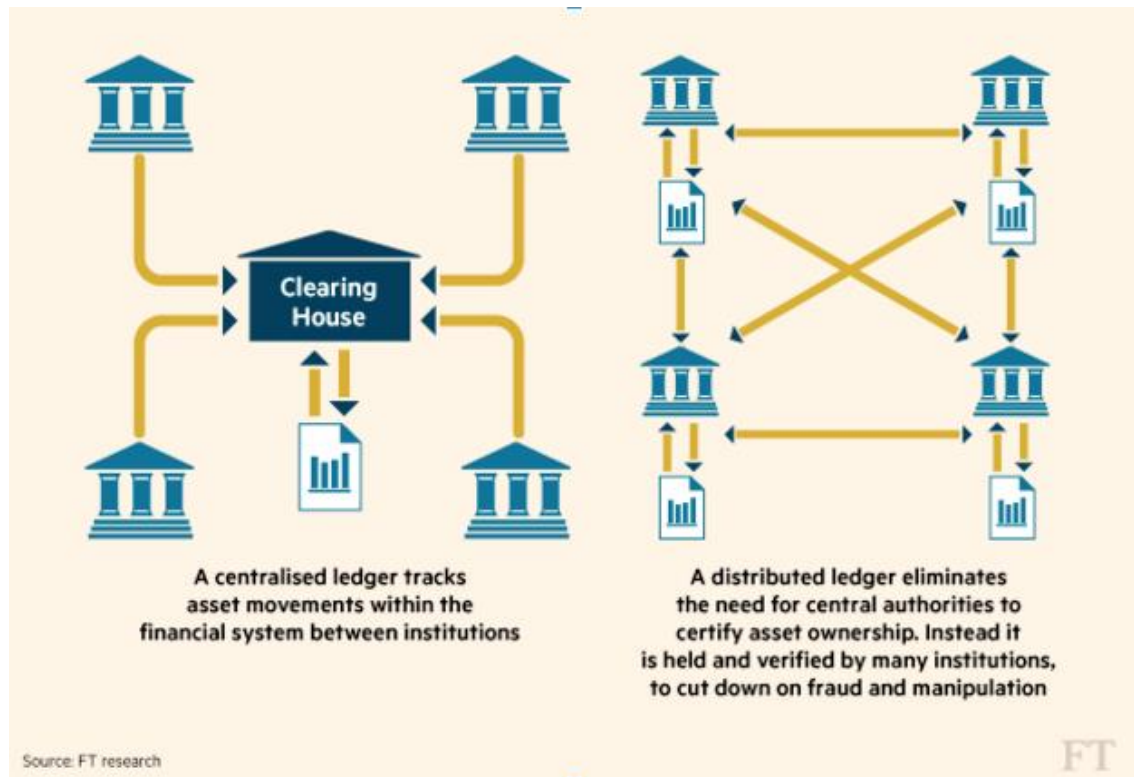
Observations:

- Centralised solutions will not work
- Cloud deployments will be rather challenged as well if the number of devices increases to the extent (“1000 sensors per person...”) foreseen
- Different tiers of information/knowledge need different treatment
- Meta knowledge handling will be extremely important

Promising approaches

Solutions that may help solving the dilemma

- Distributed Ledger Technology (“Blockchain”)
- Not a panacea, but a pretty good start



Promising approaches

Solutions that may help solving the dilemma

- Distributed Processing (“Cloud Edge Processing”)

For users:

- multi dimensional authentication at the edge

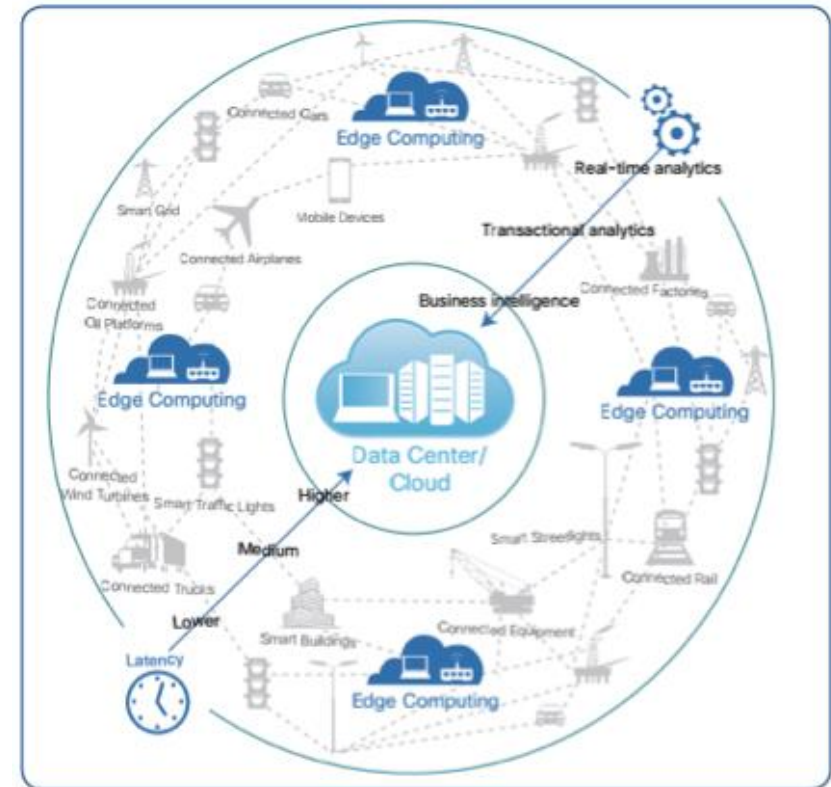
For devices:

- knowledge generation at the edge (otherwise we will never meet real time requirements)
- source identification (raw data, meta data and knowledge)

For data:

- Facilitate history tracking of data, meta data and knowledge

Edge computing helps ensure that the right processing takes place at the right time and place.



Source: Cisco, 2014

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[http://www.surrey.ac.uk/feps/people/klaus moessner/](http://www.surrey.ac.uk/feps/people/klaus_moessner/)



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Some of our IoT Projects

