

人口移動に関するデータ分析 参考資料

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1. 移住者の属性に関する全国・過疎・非過疎別集計値

①性別・年齢別

- 過疎地域への移住者について、男女比を全国の移住者と比べると、H12 国勢調査と H22 国勢調査は過疎地域への移住者の方が全国の移住者よりも女性の割合がやや高かったが、H27 国勢調査では、過疎地域への移住者の方が全国の移住者よりも男性の割合がやや高くなっている。
- 過疎地域への移住者の年齢別内訳をみると、H22 国勢調査では、30 代以上の各年齢が占める割合が、H12 国勢調査と比べて増えており、さらに H27 国勢調査では、40 代及び 60 代以上の各年齢が占める割合が H22 国勢調査よりさらに増えている。また、全国の移住者では H22 国勢調査から H27 国勢調査にかけて 10 代の移住者の割合が減っているが、過疎地域ではわずかながら増えている。
- 過疎地域への移住者のうち最も多い年齢は、H12 国勢調査及び H22 国勢調査では 20 代であるが、H27 国勢調査では 30 代が最も多くなっている。
- 過疎地域への移住者と全国の移住者について、H27 国勢調査における年齢別内訳をみると、10 代及び 50 代以上の各年齢の割合は、過疎地域への移住者の方が、全国の移住者よりも高くなっている。

■ 移住者の属性

※H12 < H22, H22 < H27 に網掛け

| | | 過疎地域 | | | 非過疎地域 | | | 全国 | | | 移住者全体に占める過疎地域への移住者の割合 | | |
|------|------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|
| | | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 |
| 移住者数 | | 1,108,134 (100.0%) | 872,364 (100.0%) | 773,196 (100.0%) | 15,115,951 (100.0%) | 12,209,015 (100.0%) | 11,016,543 (100.0%) | 16,224,085 (100.0%) | 13,081,379 (100.0%) | 11,789,739 (100.0%) | 6.8% | 6.7% | 6.6% |
| 性別 | 男性 | 569,618 (51.4%) | 448,331 (51.4%) | 403,128 (52.1%) | 7,941,811 (52.5%) | 6,334,846 (51.9%) | 5,710,272 (51.8%) | 8,511,429 (52.5%) | 6,783,177 (51.9%) | 6,113,400 (51.9%) | 6.7% | 6.6% | 6.6% |
| | 女性 | 538,516 (48.6%) | 424,033 (48.6%) | 370,068 (47.9%) | 7,174,140 (47.5%) | 5,874,169 (48.1%) | 5,306,271 (48.2%) | 7,712,656 (47.5%) | 6,298,202 (48.1%) | 5,676,339 (48.1%) | 7.0% | 6.7% | 6.5% |
| 年齢別 | 5~9歳 | 79,335 (7.2%) | 55,501 (6.4%) | 47,243 (6.1%) | 956,806 (6.3%) | 740,256 (6.1%) | 632,448 (5.7%) | 1,036,141 (6.4%) | 795,757 (6.1%) | 679,691 (5.8%) | 7.7% | 7.0% | 7.0% |
| | 10代 | 105,804 (9.5%) | 72,521 (8.3%) | 65,148 (8.4%) | 1,571,179 (10.4%) | 1,042,001 (8.5%) | 906,967 (8.2%) | 1,676,983 (10.3%) | 1,114,522 (8.5%) | 972,115 (8.2%) | 6.3% | 6.5% | 6.7% |
| | 20代 | 334,769 (30.2%) | 218,740 (25.1%) | 174,093 (22.5%) | 5,048,571 (33.4%) | 3,363,536 (27.5%) | 2,870,971 (26.1%) | 5,383,340 (33.2%) | 3,582,276 (27.4%) | 3,045,064 (25.8%) | 6.2% | 6.1% | 5.7% |
| | 30代 | 247,019 (22.3%) | 210,875 (24.2%) | 178,594 (23.1%) | 3,840,277 (25.4%) | 3,528,655 (28.9%) | 2,939,537 (26.7%) | 4,087,296 (25.2%) | 3,739,530 (28.6%) | 3,118,131 (26.4%) | 6.0% | 5.6% | 5.7% |
| | 40代 | 125,917 (11.4%) | 100,113 (11.5%) | 101,807 (13.2%) | 1,564,961 (10.4%) | 1,541,805 (12.6%) | 1,622,354 (14.7%) | 1,690,878 (10.4%) | 1,641,918 (12.6%) | 1,724,161 (14.6%) | 7.4% | 6.1% | 5.9% |
| | 50代 | 100,238 (9.0%) | 85,513 (9.8%) | 73,346 (9.5%) | 1,088,095 (7.2%) | 812,583 (6.7%) | 803,060 (7.3%) | 1,188,333 (7.3%) | 898,096 (6.9%) | 876,406 (7.4%) | 8.4% | 9.5% | 8.4% |
| | 60代 | 56,712 (5.1%) | 64,589 (7.4%) | 65,215 (8.4%) | 530,544 (3.5%) | 577,954 (4.7%) | 552,266 (5.0%) | 587,256 (3.6%) | 642,543 (4.9%) | 617,481 (5.2%) | 9.7% | 10.1% | 10.6% |
| | 70代 | 28,604 (2.6%) | 26,389 (3.0%) | 25,753 (3.3%) | 286,322 (1.9%) | 286,423 (2.3%) | 301,882 (2.7%) | 314,926 (1.9%) | 312,812 (2.4%) | 327,635 (2.8%) | 9.1% | 8.4% | 7.9% |
| | 80代～ | 29,736 (2.7%) | 38,086 (4.4%) | 41,960 (5.4%) | 229,196 (1.5%) | 315,102 (2.6%) | 386,108 (3.5%) | 258,932 (1.6%) | 353,188 (2.7%) | 428,068 (3.6%) | 11.5% | 10.8% | 9.8% |

○過疎地域への移住者のうち、男性の年齢別内訳について各年国勢調査を比較すると、H22 国勢調査では 30 代と 50 代以上の各年齢の割合が拡大しているが、H27 国勢調査では 10 代、40 代と 60 代以上の各年齢の割合が拡大している。特に、50 代以上の各年齢の割合を合計すると、H12 国勢調査では 19.5%、H22 国勢調査では 25.4%（5.9 ポイント増）、H27 国勢調査では 27.1%（1.7 ポイント増）となっている。

○過疎地域への移住者のうち、女性の年齢別内訳について各年国勢調査を比較すると、H22 国勢調査では 30 代以上の各年齢の割合が拡大しているが、H27 国勢調査では 30 代及び 50 代の割合はわずかに減っており、40 代及び 60 代以上の各年齢の割合が拡大している。

○過疎地域への移住者の数は、総数をみれば H12 国勢調査から H22 国勢調査、H27 国勢調査にかけて男女ともに減少しているが、年齢別でみると、男性では 60 代以上の移住者が、女性では 40 代と 80 代以上の移住者が増えている。特に H22 国勢調査から H27 国勢調査にかけて男性の 60 代移住者が増加しているのは全国とは異なる傾向である。

■ 移住者の属性

※H12<H22、H22<H27に網掛け

| | 過疎地域 | | | 非過疎地域 | | | 全国 | | | 移住者全体に占める過疎地域への移住者の割合 | | | |
|--------|---------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | |
| 男性・年齢別 | 移住者数：男性 | 569,618 (100.0%) | 448,331 (100.0%) | 403,128 (100.0%) | 7,941,811 (100.0%) | 6,334,846 (100.0%) | 5,710,272 (100.0%) | 8,511,429 (100.0%) | 6,783,177 (100.0%) | 6,113,400 (100.0%) | 6.7% | 6.6% | 6.6% |
| | 5~9歳 | 40,450 (7.1%) | 28,383 (6.3%) | 24,273 (6.0%) | 489,001 (6.2%) | 378,340 (6.0%) | 323,177 (5.7%) | 529,451 (6.2%) | 406,723 (6.0%) | 347,450 (5.7%) | 7.6% | 7.0% | 7.0% |
| | 10代 | 56,864 (10.0%) | 40,281 (9.0%) | 37,256 (9.2%) | 821,489 (10.3%) | 548,980 (8.7%) | 482,263 (8.4%) | 878,353 (10.3%) | 589,261 (8.7%) | 519,519 (8.5%) | 6.5% | 6.8% | 7.2% |
| | 20代 | 158,492 (27.8%) | 103,095 (23.0%) | 87,276 (21.6%) | 2,616,563 (32.9%) | 1,727,598 (27.3%) | 1,490,561 (26.1%) | 2,775,055 (32.6%) | 1,830,693 (27.0%) | 1,577,837 (25.8%) | 5.7% | 5.6% | 5.5% |
| | 30代 | 123,439 (21.7%) | 102,005 (22.8%) | 85,594 (21.2%) | 2,007,378 (25.3%) | 1,766,777 (27.9%) | 1,468,671 (25.7%) | 2,130,817 (25.0%) | 1,868,782 (27.6%) | 1,554,265 (25.4%) | 5.8% | 5.5% | 5.5% |
| | 40代 | 79,295 (13.9%) | 60,838 (13.6%) | 59,413 (14.7%) | 935,736 (11.8%) | 899,153 (14.2%) | 917,090 (16.1%) | 1,015,031 (11.9%) | 959,991 (14.2%) | 976,503 (16.0%) | 7.8% | 6.3% | 6.1% |
| | 50代 | 60,802 (10.7%) | 54,173 (12.1%) | 47,159 (11.7%) | 634,662 (8.0%) | 494,625 (7.8%) | 488,896 (8.6%) | 695,464 (8.2%) | 548,798 (8.1%) | 536,055 (8.8%) | 8.7% | 9.9% | 8.8% |
| | 60代 | 32,139 (5.6%) | 38,274 (8.5%) | 39,174 (9.7%) | 273,825 (3.4%) | 317,768 (5.0%) | 303,988 (5.3%) | 305,964 (3.6%) | 356,042 (5.2%) | 343,162 (5.6%) | 10.5% | 10.7% | 11.4% |
| | 70代 | 11,300 (2.0%) | 12,244 (2.7%) | 12,555 (3.1%) | 108,876 (1.4%) | 121,797 (1.9%) | 132,661 (2.3%) | 120,176 (1.4%) | 134,041 (2.0%) | 145,216 (2.4%) | 9.4% | 9.1% | 8.6% |
| | 80代～ | 6,837 (1.2%) | 9,012 (2.0%) | 10,404 (2.6%) | 54,281 (0.7%) | 79,336 (1.3%) | 102,397 (1.8%) | 61,118 (0.7%) | 88,348 (1.3%) | 112,801 (1.8%) | 11.2% | 10.2% | 9.2% |
| 女性・年齢別 | 移住者数：女性 | 538,516 (100.0%) | 424,033 (100.0%) | 370,068 (100.0%) | 7,174,140 (100.0%) | 5,874,169 (100.0%) | 5,306,271 (100.0%) | 7,712,656 (100.0%) | 6,298,202 (100.0%) | 5,676,339 (100.0%) | 7.0% | 6.7% | 6.5% |
| | 5~9歳 | 38,885 (7.2%) | 27,118 (6.4%) | 22,970 (6.2%) | 467,805 (6.5%) | 361,916 (6.2%) | 309,271 (5.8%) | 506,690 (6.6%) | 389,034 (6.2%) | 332,241 (5.9%) | 7.7% | 7.0% | 6.9% |
| | 10代 | 48,940 (9.1%) | 32,240 (7.6%) | 27,892 (7.5%) | 749,690 (10.4%) | 493,021 (8.4%) | 424,704 (8.0%) | 798,630 (10.4%) | 525,261 (8.3%) | 452,596 (8.0%) | 6.1% | 6.1% | 6.2% |
| | 20代 | 176,277 (32.7%) | 115,645 (27.3%) | 86,817 (23.5%) | 2,432,008 (33.9%) | 1,635,938 (27.8%) | 1,380,410 (26.0%) | 2,608,285 (33.8%) | 1,751,583 (27.8%) | 1,467,227 (25.8%) | 6.8% | 6.6% | 5.9% |
| | 30代 | 123,580 (22.9%) | 108,870 (25.7%) | 93,000 (25.1%) | 1,832,899 (25.5%) | 1,761,878 (30.0%) | 1,470,866 (27.7%) | 1,956,479 (25.4%) | 1,870,748 (29.7%) | 1,563,866 (27.6%) | 6.3% | 5.8% | 5.9% |
| | 40代 | 46,622 (8.7%) | 39,275 (9.3%) | 42,394 (11.5%) | 629,225 (8.8%) | 642,652 (10.9%) | 705,264 (13.3%) | 675,847 (8.8%) | 681,927 (10.8%) | 747,658 (13.2%) | 6.9% | 5.8% | 5.7% |
| | 50代 | 39,436 (7.3%) | 31,340 (7.4%) | 26,187 (7.1%) | 453,433 (6.3%) | 317,958 (5.4%) | 314,164 (5.9%) | 492,869 (6.4%) | 349,298 (5.5%) | 340,351 (6.0%) | 8.0% | 9.0% | 7.7% |
| | 60代 | 24,573 (4.6%) | 26,315 (6.2%) | 26,041 (7.0%) | 256,719 (3.6%) | 260,186 (4.4%) | 248,278 (4.7%) | 281,292 (3.6%) | 286,501 (4.5%) | 274,319 (4.8%) | 8.7% | 9.2% | 9.5% |
| | 70代 | 17,304 (3.2%) | 14,145 (3.3%) | 13,198 (3.6%) | 177,446 (2.5%) | 164,626 (2.8%) | 169,221 (3.2%) | 194,750 (2.5%) | 178,771 (2.8%) | 182,419 (3.2%) | 8.9% | 7.9% | 7.2% |
| | 80代～ | 22,899 (4.3%) | 29,074 (6.9%) | 31,556 (8.5%) | 174,915 (2.4%) | 235,766 (4.0%) | 283,711 (5.3%) | 197,814 (2.6%) | 264,840 (4.2%) | 315,267 (5.6%) | 11.6% | 11.0% | 10.0% |

○過疎地域への移住者について、コーホート(生まれ年による集団)別と年齢5歳階級別による集計を行ったところ、H22年国勢調査における30代後半と60代前半、H27国勢調査における40代前半と60代後半の階級の割合が、前の時点の国勢調査と比べ増加しているが、これらの年齢階級には、人口数が多い、いわゆる団塊ジュニア世代と団塊世代が含まれている。

■ 移住者のコーホート分析(当該地域への移住者数に対する各年齢区分の移住者の割合)

| | 過疎地域 | | | 非過疎地域 | | | 全国 | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | |
| 移住者数 | 1,108,134 (100.0%) | 872,364 (100.0%) | 773,196 (100.0%) | 15,115,951 (100.0%) | 12,209,015 (100.0%) | 11,016,543 (100.0%) | 16,224,085 (100.0%) | 13,081,379 (100.0%) | 11,789,739 (100.0%) | |
| コ ー ホ ー ト | 1991～1995年生まれ | 79,335 (7.2%) | 43,509 (5.0%) | 72,084 (9.3%) | 956,806 (6.3%) | 646,186 (5.3%) | 1,311,509 (11.9%) | 1,036,141 (6.4%) | 689,695 (5.3%) | 1,383,593 (11.7%) |
| | 1986～1990年生まれ | 45,646 (4.1%) | 90,603 (10.4%) | 102,009 (13.2%) | 579,551 (3.8%) | 1,519,643 (12.4%) | 1,559,462 (14.2%) | 625,197 (3.9%) | 1,610,246 (12.3%) | 1,661,471 (14.1%) |
| | 1981～1985年生まれ | 60,158 (5.4%) | 128,137 (14.7%) | 98,920 (12.8%) | 991,628 (6.6%) | 1,843,893 (15.1%) | 1,628,491 (14.8%) | 1,051,786 (6.5%) | 1,972,030 (15.1%) | 1,727,411 (14.7%) |
| | 1976～1980年生まれ | 131,872 (11.9%) | 118,086 (13.5%) | 79,674 (10.3%) | 2,275,305 (15.1%) | 1,931,308 (15.8%) | 1,311,046 (11.9%) | 2,407,177 (14.8%) | 2,049,394 (15.7%) | 1,390,720 (11.8%) |
| | 1971～1975年生まれ | 202,897 (18.3%) | 92,789 (10.6%) | 60,494 (7.8%) | 2,773,266 (18.3%) | 1,597,347 (13.1%) | 989,191 (9.0%) | 2,976,163 (18.3%) | 1,690,136 (12.9%) | 1,049,685 (8.9%) |
| | 1966～1970年生まれ | 146,061 (13.2%) | 57,001 (6.5%) | 41,313 (5.3%) | 2,333,752 (15.4%) | 950,969 (7.8%) | 633,163 (5.7%) | 2,479,813 (15.3%) | 1,007,970 (7.7%) | 674,476 (5.7%) |
| | 1961～1965年生まれ | 100,958 (9.1%) | 43,112 (4.9%) | 37,438 (4.8%) | 1,506,525 (10.0%) | 590,836 (4.8%) | 458,268 (4.2%) | 1,607,483 (9.9%) | 633,948 (4.8%) | 495,706 (4.2%) |
| | 1956～1960年生まれ | 68,354 (6.2%) | 42,208 (4.8%) | 35,908 (4.6%) | 895,071 (5.9%) | 431,027 (3.5%) | 344,792 (3.1%) | 963,425 (5.9%) | 473,235 (3.6%) | 380,700 (3.2%) |
| | 1951～1955年生まれ | 57,563 (5.2%) | 43,305 (5.0%) | 36,453 (4.7%) | 669,890 (4.4%) | 381,556 (3.1%) | 297,448 (2.7%) | 727,453 (4.5%) | 424,861 (3.2%) | 333,901 (2.8%) |
| | 1946～1950年生まれ | 57,516 (5.2%) | 42,148 (4.8%) | 28,762 (3.7%) | 644,141 (4.3%) | 361,528 (3.0%) | 254,818 (2.3%) | 701,657 (4.3%) | 403,676 (3.1%) | 283,580 (2.4%) |
| | 1941～1945年生まれ | 42,722 (3.9%) | 22,441 (2.6%) | 14,454 (1.9%) | 443,954 (2.9%) | 216,426 (1.8%) | 165,360 (1.5%) | 486,676 (3.0%) | 238,867 (1.8%) | 179,814 (1.5%) |
| | 1936～1940年生まれ | 34,306 (3.1%) | 13,869 (1.6%) | 11,299 (1.5%) | 311,498 (2.1%) | 151,696 (1.2%) | 136,522 (1.2%) | 345,804 (2.1%) | 165,565 (1.3%) | 147,821 (1.3%) |
| | 1931～1935年生まれ | 22,406 (2.0%) | 12,520 (1.4%) | 13,269 (1.7%) | 219,046 (1.4%) | 134,727 (1.1%) | 144,788 (1.3%) | 241,452 (1.5%) | 147,247 (1.1%) | 158,057 (1.3%) |

■ 移住者の属性

※H12<H22、H22<H27に網掛け

| | 過疎地域 | | | 非過疎地域 | | | 全国 | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | |
| 移住者数 | 1,108,134 (100.0%) | 872,364 (100.0%) | 773,196 (100.0%) | 15,115,951 (100.0%) | 12,209,015 (100.0%) | 11,016,543 (100.0%) | 16,224,085 (100.0%) | 13,081,379 (100.0%) | 11,789,739 (100.0%) | |
| 年齢 5歳階級別 | 5~9歳 | 79,335 (7.2%) | 55,501 (6.4%) | 47,243 (6.1%) | 956,806 (6.3%) | 740,256 (6.1%) | 632,448 (5.7%) | 1,036,141 (6.4%) | 795,757 (6.1%) | 679,691 (5.8%) |
| | 10~14歳 | 45,646 (4.1%) | 29,012 (3.3%) | 24,120 (3.1%) | 579,551 (3.8%) | 395,815 (3.2%) | 322,922 (2.9%) | 625,197 (3.9%) | 424,827 (3.2%) | 347,042 (2.9%) |
| | 15~19歳 | 60,158 (5.4%) | 43,509 (5.0%) | 41,028 (5.3%) | 991,628 (6.6%) | 646,186 (5.3%) | 584,045 (5.3%) | 1,051,786 (6.5%) | 689,695 (5.3%) | 625,073 (5.3%) |
| | 20~24歳 | 131,872 (11.9%) | 90,603 (10.4%) | 72,084 (9.3%) | 2,275,305 (15.1%) | 1,519,643 (12.4%) | 1,311,509 (11.9%) | 2,407,177 (14.8%) | 1,610,246 (12.3%) | 1,383,593 (11.7%) |
| | 25~29歳 | 202,897 (18.3%) | 128,137 (14.7%) | 102,009 (13.2%) | 2,773,266 (18.3%) | 1,843,893 (15.1%) | 1,559,462 (14.2%) | 2,976,163 (18.3%) | 1,972,030 (15.1%) | 1,661,471 (14.1%) |
| | 30~34歳 | 146,061 (13.2%) | 118,086 (13.5%) | 98,920 (12.8%) | 2,333,752 (15.4%) | 1,931,308 (15.8%) | 1,628,491 (14.8%) | 2,479,813 (15.3%) | 2,049,394 (15.7%) | 1,727,411 (14.7%) |
| | 35~39歳 | 100,958 (9.1%) | 92,789 (10.6%) | 79,674 (10.3%) | 1,506,525 (10.0%) | 1,597,347 (13.1%) | 1,311,046 (11.9%) | 1,607,483 (9.9%) | 1,690,136 (12.9%) | 1,390,720 (11.8%) |
| | 40~44歳 | 68,354 (6.2%) | 57,001 (6.5%) | 60,494 (7.8%) | 895,071 (5.9%) | 950,969 (7.8%) | 989,191 (9.0%) | 963,425 (5.9%) | 1,007,970 (7.7%) | 1,049,685 (8.9%) |
| | 45~49歳 | 57,563 (5.2%) | 43,112 (4.9%) | 41,313 (5.3%) | 669,890 (4.4%) | 590,836 (4.8%) | 633,163 (5.7%) | 727,453 (4.5%) | 633,948 (4.8%) | 674,476 (5.7%) |
| | 50~54歳 | 57,516 (5.2%) | 42,208 (4.8%) | 37,438 (4.8%) | 644,141 (4.3%) | 431,027 (3.5%) | 458,268 (4.2%) | 701,657 (4.3%) | 473,235 (3.6%) | 495,706 (4.2%) |
| | 55~59歳 | 42,722 (3.9%) | 43,305 (5.0%) | 35,908 (4.6%) | 443,954 (2.9%) | 381,556 (3.1%) | 344,792 (3.1%) | 486,676 (3.0%) | 424,861 (3.2%) | 380,700 (3.2%) |
| | 60~64歳 | 34,306 (3.1%) | 42,148 (4.8%) | 36,453 (4.7%) | 311,498 (2.1%) | 361,528 (3.0%) | 297,448 (2.7%) | 345,804 (2.1%) | 403,676 (3.1%) | 333,901 (2.8%) |
| | 65~69歳 | 22,406 (2.0%) | 22,441 (2.6%) | 28,762 (3.7%) | 219,046 (1.4%) | 216,426 (1.8%) | 254,818 (2.3%) | 241,452 (1.5%) | 238,867 (1.8%) | 283,580 (2.4%) |
| | 70~74歳 | 15,518 (1.4%) | 13,869 (1.6%) | 14,454 (1.9%) | 161,231 (1.1%) | 151,696 (1.2%) | 165,360 (1.5%) | 176,749 (1.1%) | 165,565 (1.3%) | 179,814 (1.5%) |
| | 75~79歳 | 13,086 (1.2%) | 12,520 (1.4%) | 11,299 (1.5%) | 125,091 (0.8%) | 134,727 (1.1%) | 136,522 (1.2%) | 138,177 (0.9%) | 147,247 (1.1%) | 147,821 (1.3%) |
| | 80~84歳 | 12,474 (1.1%) | 13,695 (1.6%) | 13,269 (1.7%) | 103,902 (0.7%) | 132,083 (1.1%) | 144,788 (1.3%) | 116,376 (0.7%) | 145,778 (1.1%) | 158,057 (1.3%) |
| | 85歳以上 | 17,262 (1.6%) | 24,391 (2.8%) | 28,691 (3.7%) | 125,294 (0.8%) | 183,019 (1.5%) | 241,320 (2.2%) | 142,556 (0.9%) | 207,410 (1.6%) | 270,011 (2.3%) |

※太枠は1946~1950年生まれ(団塊世代)、太枠点線は1971~1975年生まれ(団塊ジュニア世代)。

②性別【地域ブロック別】

- 過疎地域への移住者について、男女別内訳を地域ブロック別でみると H12 国勢調査では近畿及び九州を除き、男性の方がやや多くなっており、H22 国勢調査では、北陸及び近畿を除き、男性の方がやや多くなっている。H27 国勢調査では、近畿を除く全ての地域ブロックにおいて男性の方がやや多くなっている。
- また、H22 国勢調査では、東北、中国、四国及び九州を除く地域ブロックで、女性の割合がやや増えているが、H27 国勢調査では東海を除く全ての地域ブロックで、男性の割合が増えている。

■ 過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック | | H12 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者数 | | 224,044 (100.0%) | 211,100 (100.0%) | 62,389 (100.0%) | 36,741 (100.0%) | 20,915 (100.0%) | 70,111 (100.0%) | 123,851 (100.0%) | 73,492 (100.0%) | 272,446 (100.0%) | 13,045 (100.0%) | 1,108,134 (100.0%) |
| 性別 | 男性 | 122,051 (54.5%) | 106,913 (50.6%) | 32,146 (51.5%) | 19,227 (52.3%) | 10,500 (50.2%) | 34,830 (49.7%) | 63,765 (51.5%) | 37,127 (50.5%) | 135,871 (49.9%) | 7,188 (55.1%) | 569,618 (51.4%) |
| | 女性 | 101,993 (45.5%) | 104,187 (49.4%) | 30,243 (48.5%) | 17,514 (47.7%) | 10,415 (49.8%) | 35,281 (50.3%) | 60,086 (48.5%) | 36,365 (49.5%) | 136,575 (50.1%) | 5,857 (44.9%) | 538,516 (48.6%) |

| 地域ブロック | | H22 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者数 | | 172,491 (100.0%) | 164,342 (100.0%) | 47,384 (100.0%) | 27,805 (100.0%) | 17,140 (100.0%) | 51,396 (100.0%) | 98,535 (100.0%) | 57,882 (100.0%) | 223,116 (100.0%) | 12,273 (100.0%) | 872,364 (100.0%) |
| 性別 | 男性 | 93,498 (54.2%) | 83,252 (50.7%) | 24,115 (50.9%) | 14,478 (52.1%) | 8,502 (49.6%) | 25,413 (49.4%) | 51,293 (52.1%) | 29,433 (50.9%) | 111,742 (50.1%) | 6,605 (53.8%) | 448,331 (51.4%) |
| | 女性 | 78,993 (45.8%) | 81,090 (49.3%) | 23,269 (49.1%) | 13,327 (47.9%) | 8,638 (50.4%) | 25,983 (50.6%) | 47,242 (47.9%) | 28,449 (49.1%) | 111,374 (49.9%) | 5,668 (46.2%) | 424,033 (48.6%) |

| 地域ブロック | | H27 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者数 | | 151,509 (100.0%) | 149,818 (100.0%) | 40,482 (100.0%) | 22,614 (100.0%) | 14,837 (100.0%) | 44,877 (100.0%) | 89,804 (100.0%) | 51,592 (100.0%) | 195,871 (100.0%) | 11,792 (100.0%) | 773,196 (100.0%) |
| 性別 | 男性 | 82,347 (54.4%) | 79,239 (52.9%) | 20,891 (51.6%) | 11,617 (51.4%) | 7,479 (50.4%) | 22,344 (49.8%) | 47,480 (52.9%) | 26,543 (51.4%) | 98,648 (50.4%) | 6,540 (55.5%) | 403,128 (52.1%) |
| | 女性 | 69,162 (45.6%) | 70,579 (47.1%) | 19,591 (48.4%) | 10,997 (48.6%) | 7,358 (49.6%) | 22,533 (49.2%) | 42,324 (50.2%) | 25,049 (47.1%) | 97,223 (48.6%) | 5,252 (44.5%) | 370,068 (47.9%) |

③年齢別【地域ブロック別】

- 過疎地域への移住者について年齢別内訳を地域ブロック別でみると、関東では、60代の割合がH12国勢調査では5.9%、H22国勢調査では9.9%、H27国勢調査では10.0%と大きく拡大している。
- 過疎地域への移住者のうち20代の割合が最も高いのは北陸であり、H12国勢調査では36.8%、H22国勢調査では28.9%、H27国勢調査では25.5%である。二番目はH22国勢調査までは東北だったが、H27国勢調査では中国が24.3%と東北に代わって二番目に高い割合となっている。

■ 過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック | | H12 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者数 | | 224,044 (100.0%) | 211,100 (100.0%) | 62,389 (100.0%) | 36,741 (100.0%) | 20,915 (100.0%) | 70,111 (100.0%) | 123,851 (100.0%) | 73,492 (100.0%) | 272,446 (100.0%) | 13,045 (100.0%) | 1,108,134 (100.0%) |
| 年齢別 | 5~9歳 | 13,969 (6.2%) | 14,620 (6.9%) | 4,567 (7.3%) | 2,399 (6.5%) | 1,346 (6.4%) | 5,134 (7.3%) | 8,298 (6.7%) | 5,336 (7.3%) | 22,448 (8.2%) | 1,218 (9.3%) | 79,335 (7.2%) |
| | 10代 | 24,995 (11.2%) | 16,681 (7.9%) | 5,624 (9.0%) | 3,219 (8.8%) | 1,363 (6.5%) | 6,482 (9.2%) | 13,868 (11.2%) | 6,684 (9.1%) | 25,778 (9.5%) | 1,110 (8.5%) | 105,804 (9.5%) |
| | 20代 | 66,883 (29.9%) | 69,358 (32.9%) | 17,518 (28.1%) | 11,548 (31.4%) | 7,706 (36.8%) | 21,475 (30.6%) | 39,949 (32.3%) | 22,679 (30.9%) | 73,788 (27.1%) | 3,885 (29.6%) | 334,769 (30.2%) |
| | 30代 | 48,167 (21.5%) | 50,329 (23.8%) | 14,259 (22.9%) | 8,347 (22.7%) | 4,798 (22.9%) | 16,022 (22.9%) | 25,395 (20.5%) | 16,165 (22.0%) | 60,295 (22.1%) | 3,242 (24.9%) | 247,019 (22.3%) |
| | 40代 | 28,113 (12.5%) | 23,623 (11.2%) | 6,905 (11.1%) | 3,795 (10.3%) | 1,945 (9.3%) | 6,819 (9.7%) | 12,626 (10.2%) | 7,758 (10.6%) | 32,562 (12.0%) | 1,771 (13.6%) | 125,917 (11.4%) |
| | 50代 | 22,561 (10.1%) | 16,933 (8.0%) | 5,706 (9.1%) | 3,411 (9.3%) | 1,656 (7.9%) | 5,625 (8.0%) | 10,823 (8.7%) | 6,392 (8.7%) | 26,048 (9.6%) | 1,083 (8.3%) | 100,238 (9.0%) |
| | 60代 | 9,403 (4.2%) | 9,522 (4.5%) | 3,683 (5.9%) | 2,057 (5.6%) | 906 (4.3%) | 3,933 (5.6%) | 6,507 (5.3%) | 4,093 (5.6%) | 16,140 (5.9%) | 468 (3.6%) | 56,712 (5.1%) |
| | 70代 | 4,939 (2.2%) | 4,962 (2.4%) | 1,894 (3.0%) | 1,015 (2.8%) | 531 (2.5%) | 2,226 (3.2%) | 2,980 (2.4%) | 2,148 (2.9%) | 7,734 (2.8%) | 175 (1.3%) | 28,604 (2.6%) |
| | 80代~ | 5,014 (2.2%) | 5,072 (2.4%) | 2,233 (3.6%) | 950 (2.6%) | 664 (3.2%) | 2,395 (3.4%) | 3,405 (2.7%) | 2,237 (3.0%) | 7,653 (2.8%) | 113 (0.9%) | 29,736 (2.7%) |

| 地域ブロック | | H22 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者数 | | 172,491 (100.0%) | 164,342 (100.0%) | 47,384 (100.0%) | 27,805 (100.0%) | 17,140 (100.0%) | 51,396 (100.0%) | 98,535 (100.0%) | 57,882 (100.0%) | 223,116 (100.0%) | 12,273 (100.0%) | 872,364 (100.0%) |
| 年齢別 | 5~9歳 | 9,774 (5.7%) | 10,346 (6.3%) | 2,964 (6.3%) | 1,470 (5.3%) | 1,021 (6.0%) | 3,205 (6.2%) | 5,702 (5.8%) | 3,630 (6.3%) | 16,545 (7.4%) | 844 (6.9%) | 55,501 (6.4%) |
| | 10代 | 16,415 (9.5%) | 11,274 (6.9%) | 3,494 (7.4%) | 2,090 (7.5%) | 1,392 (8.1%) | 4,358 (8.5%) | 9,104 (9.2%) | 5,131 (8.9%) | 18,516 (8.3%) | 747 (6.1%) | 72,521 (8.3%) |
| | 20代 | 43,049 (25.0%) | 45,166 (27.5%) | 10,743 (22.7%) | 6,849 (24.6%) | 4,950 (28.9%) | 12,978 (25.3%) | 26,547 (26.9%) | 14,399 (24.9%) | 50,993 (22.9%) | 3,066 (25.0%) | 218,740 (25.1%) |
| | 30代 | 41,092 (23.8%) | 42,319 (25.8%) | 10,986 (23.2%) | 6,590 (23.7%) | 4,413 (25.7%) | 12,575 (25.4%) | 23,013 (24.5%) | 13,917 (23.4%) | 52,640 (24.0%) | 3,330 (23.6%) | 210,875 (24.2%) |
| | 40代 | 23,014 (13.3%) | 18,982 (11.6%) | 5,076 (10.7%) | 3,101 (11.2%) | 1,659 (9.7%) | 5,255 (10.2%) | 10,014 (10.2%) | 5,745 (9.9%) | 25,714 (11.5%) | 1,553 (12.7%) | 100,113 (11.5%) |
| | 50代 | 18,906 (11.0%) | 15,144 (9.2%) | 4,404 (9.3%) | 2,696 (9.7%) | 1,273 (7.4%) | 3,997 (7.8%) | 9,023 (9.2%) | 5,368 (9.3%) | 23,288 (10.4%) | 1,414 (11.5%) | 85,513 (9.8%) |
| | 60代 | 9,662 (5.6%) | 10,255 (6.2%) | 4,709 (9.9%) | 2,520 (9.1%) | 1,152 (6.7%) | 4,017 (7.8%) | 8,162 (8.3%) | 4,959 (8.6%) | 18,283 (8.2%) | 870 (7.1%) | 64,589 (7.4%) |
| | 70代 | 4,345 (2.5%) | 4,364 (2.7%) | 1,962 (4.1%) | 1,048 (3.8%) | 460 (2.7%) | 1,893 (3.7%) | 2,770 (2.8%) | 1,942 (3.4%) | 7,344 (3.3%) | 261 (2.1%) | 26,389 (3.0%) |
| | 80代~ | 6,232 (3.6%) | 6,489 (3.9%) | 3,044 (6.4%) | 1,439 (5.2%) | 819 (4.8%) | 3,117 (6.1%) | 4,190 (4.3%) | 2,787 (4.8%) | 9,785 (4.4%) | 184 (1.5%) | 38,086 (4.4%) |

| 地域ブロック | | H27 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者数 | | 151,509 (100.0%) | 149,818 (100.0%) | 40,482 (100.0%) | 22,614 (100.0%) | 14,837 (100.0%) | 44,877 (100.0%) | 89,804 (100.0%) | 51,592 (100.0%) | 195,871 (100.0%) | 11,792 (100.0%) | 773,196 (100.0%) |
| 年齢別 | 5~9歳 | 7,849 (5.2%) | 8,637 (5.8%) | 2,402 (5.9%) | 1,234 (5.5%) | 767 (5.2%) | 2,803 (6.2%) | 5,131 (5.7%) | 3,030 (5.9%) | 14,510 (7.4%) | 880 (7.5%) | 47,243 (6.1%) |
| | 10代 | 14,525 (9.6%) | 10,224 (6.8%) | 3,200 (7.9%) | 1,452 (6.4%) | 1,496 (10.1%) | 3,703 (8.3%) | 9,142 (10.2%) | 4,674 (9.1%) | 16,052 (8.2%) | 680 (5.8%) | 65,148 (8.4%) |
| | 20代 | 35,992 (23.8%) | 34,316 (22.9%) | 8,617 (21.3%) | 5,043 (22.3%) | 3,783 (25.5%) | 9,646 (21.5%) | 21,865 (24.3%) | 11,689 (22.7%) | 40,640 (20.7%) | 2,502 (21.2%) | 174,093 (22.5%) |
| | 30代 | 33,071 (21.8%) | 36,518 (24.4%) | 8,880 (21.9%) | 5,011 (22.2%) | 3,693 (24.9%) | 10,779 (24.0%) | 20,262 (22.6%) | 12,175 (23.6%) | 44,970 (23.0%) | 3,235 (27.4%) | 178,594 (23.1%) |
| | 40代 | 23,325 (15.4%) | 20,182 (13.5%) | 4,913 (12.1%) | 2,857 (12.6%) | 1,727 (11.6%) | 5,427 (12.1%) | 10,501 (11.7%) | 6,073 (11.8%) | 25,070 (12.8%) | 1,732 (14.7%) | 101,807 (13.2%) |
| | 50代 | 16,664 (11.0%) | 14,941 (10.0%) | 3,375 (8.3%) | 2,092 (9.3%) | 1,052 (7.1%) | 3,458 (7.7%) | 7,335 (8.2%) | 4,249 (8.2%) | 18,891 (9.6%) | 1,289 (10.9%) | 73,346 (9.5%) |
| | 60代 | 9,646 (6.4%) | 12,336 (8.2%) | 4,065 (10.0%) | 2,208 (9.8%) | 996 (6.7%) | 3,737 (8.3%) | 8,233 (9.2%) | 4,552 (8.8%) | 18,451 (9.4%) | 991 (8.4%) | 65,215 (8.4%) |
| | 70代 | 3,986 (2.6%) | 4,754 (3.2%) | 1,800 (4.4%) | 1,017 (4.5%) | 457 (3.1%) | 1,844 (4.1%) | 2,812 (3.1%) | 1,861 (3.6%) | 6,946 (3.5%) | 276 (2.3%) | 25,753 (3.3%) |
| | 80代~ | 6,446 (4.3%) | 7,899 (5.3%) | 3,228 (8.0%) | 1,698 (7.5%) | 863 (5.8%) | 3,478 (7.8%) | 4,519 (5.0%) | 3,284 (6.4%) | 10,338 (5.3%) | 207 (1.8%) | 41,960 (5.4%) |

④性別・年齢別【地域ブロック別】

- 過疎地域への移住者のうち男性の年齢別内訳を地域ブロック別でみると、全ての地域ブロックで、60代以上の各年齢の割合が、H12国勢調査からH22国勢調査、H27国勢調査にかけて拡大している。
- 北陸では、10代の男性がH12国勢調査からH22国勢調査、H27国勢調査にかけて、移住者の数、割合ともに増加している。

■ 過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック | | H12 | | | | | | | | | | 合計 |
|-----------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 男性 年齢別 | 過疎地域への移住者数 ： 男性 | 122,051 (100.0%) | 106,913 (100.0%) | 32,146 (100.0%) | 19,227 (100.0%) | 10,500 (100.0%) | 34,830 (100.0%) | 63,765 (100.0%) | 37,127 (100.0%) | 135,871 (100.0%) | 7,188 (100.0%) | 569,618 (100.0%) |
| | 5~9歳 | 7,043 (5.8%) | 7,419 (6.9%) | 2,356 (7.3%) | 1,195 (6.2%) | 659 (6.3%) | 2,620 (7.5%) | 4,179 (6.6%) | 2,832 (7.6%) | 11,514 (8.5%) | 633 (8.8%) | 40,450 (7.1%) |
| | 10代 | 13,832 (11.3%) | 8,974 (8.4%) | 3,253 (10.1%) | 1,838 (9.6%) | 738 (7.0%) | 3,704 (10.6%) | 7,304 (11.5%) | 3,667 (9.9%) | 12,940 (9.5%) | 614 (8.5%) | 56,864 (10.0%) |
| | 20代 | 34,998 (28.7%) | 31,120 (29.1%) | 8,479 (26.4%) | 5,542 (28.8%) | 3,421 (32.6%) | 9,953 (28.8%) | 18,920 (29.7%) | 10,492 (28.3%) | 33,772 (24.9%) | 1,795 (25.0%) | 158,492 (27.8%) |
| | 30代 | 25,484 (20.9%) | 24,746 (23.1%) | 6,922 (21.5%) | 4,231 (22.0%) | 2,427 (23.1%) | 7,687 (22.1%) | 13,004 (20.4%) | 7,865 (21.2%) | 29,354 (21.6%) | 1,719 (23.9%) | 123,439 (21.7%) |
| | 40代 | 18,048 (14.8%) | 15,047 (14.1%) | 4,286 (13.3%) | 2,465 (12.8%) | 1,299 (12.4%) | 4,175 (12.0%) | 8,168 (12.8%) | 4,855 (13.1%) | 19,730 (14.5%) | 1,222 (17.0%) | 79,295 (13.9%) |
| | 50代 | 14,056 (11.5%) | 11,029 (10.3%) | 3,454 (10.7%) | 2,159 (11.2%) | 1,072 (10.2%) | 3,164 (9.1%) | 6,498 (10.2%) | 3,791 (10.2%) | 14,819 (10.9%) | 760 (10.6%) | 60,802 (10.7%) |
| | 60代 | 5,380 (4.4%) | 5,555 (5.2%) | 2,132 (6.6%) | 1,164 (6.1%) | 515 (4.9%) | 2,138 (6.1%) | 3,704 (5.8%) | 2,295 (6.2%) | 8,927 (6.6%) | 329 (4.6%) | 32,139 (5.6%) |
| | 70代 | 1,914 (1.6%) | 1,908 (1.8%) | 766 (2.4%) | 398 (2.1%) | 224 (2.5%) | 876 (1.8%) | 1,176 (2.3%) | 857 (2.3%) | 3,099 (2.3%) | 82 (1.1%) | 11,300 (2.0%) |
| | 80代～ | 1,296 (1.1%) | 1,115 (1.0%) | 498 (1.5%) | 235 (1.2%) | 145 (1.4%) | 513 (1.5%) | 812 (1.3%) | 473 (1.3%) | 1,716 (1.3%) | 34 (0.5%) | 6,837 (1.2%) |

| 地域ブロック | | H22 | | | | | | | | | | 合計 |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 男性 年齢別 | 過疎地域への移住者数 ： 男性 | 93,498 (100.0%) | 83,252 (100.0%) | 24,115 (100.0%) | 14,478 (100.0%) | 8,502 (100.0%) | 25,413 (100.0%) | 51,293 (100.0%) | 29,433 (100.0%) | 111,742 (100.0%) | 6,605 (100.0%) | 448,331 (100.0%) |
| | 5~9歳 | 4,951 (5.3%) | 5,269 (6.3%) | 1,517 (6.3%) | 730 (5.0%) | 546 (6.4%) | 1,687 (6.6%) | 2,941 (5.7%) | 1,843 (6.3%) | 8,469 (7.6%) | 430 (6.5%) | 28,383 (6.3%) |
| | 10代 | 9,157 (9.8%) | 6,394 (7.7%) | 2,031 (8.4%) | 1,217 (8.4%) | 895 (10.5%) | 2,576 (10.1%) | 5,028 (9.8%) | 2,982 (10.1%) | 9,582 (8.6%) | 419 (6.3%) | 40,281 (9.0%) |
| | 20代 | 21,599 (23.1%) | 20,386 (24.5%) | 5,333 (22.1%) | 3,111 (21.5%) | 2,181 (25.7%) | 6,083 (23.9%) | 12,697 (24.8%) | 6,753 (22.9%) | 23,512 (21.0%) | 1,440 (21.8%) | 103,095 (23.0%) |
| | 30代 | 21,103 (22.6%) | 19,759 (23.7%) | 5,268 (21.8%) | 3,300 (22.8%) | 1,944 (22.9%) | 5,854 (23.0%) | 11,445 (22.3%) | 6,639 (22.6%) | 25,087 (22.5%) | 1,606 (24.3%) | 102,005 (22.8%) |
| | 40代 | 14,663 (15.7%) | 11,675 (14.0%) | 2,970 (12.3%) | 1,958 (13.5%) | 987 (11.6%) | 2,991 (11.8%) | 6,301 (12.3%) | 3,416 (11.6%) | 14,892 (13.3%) | 985 (14.9%) | 60,838 (13.6%) |
| | 50代 | 12,900 (13.8%) | 9,975 (12.0%) | 2,712 (11.2%) | 1,756 (12.1%) | 844 (9.9%) | 2,323 (9.1%) | 5,676 (11.1%) | 3,291 (11.2%) | 13,753 (12.3%) | 943 (14.3%) | 54,173 (12.1%) |
| | 60代 | 5,618 (6.0%) | 6,311 (7.6%) | 2,694 (11.2%) | 1,510 (10.4%) | 705 (8.3%) | 2,361 (9.3%) | 4,942 (9.6%) | 2,938 (10.0%) | 10,641 (9.5%) | 554 (8.4%) | 38,274 (8.5%) |
| | 70代 | 1,938 (2.1%) | 1,972 (2.4%) | 945 (3.9%) | 505 (3.5%) | 221 (2.6%) | 870 (3.4%) | 1,289 (2.5%) | 899 (3.1%) | 3,441 (3.1%) | 164 (2.5%) | 12,244 (2.7%) |
| | 80代～ | 1,569 (1.7%) | 1,508 (1.8%) | 643 (2.7%) | 390 (2.7%) | 179 (2.1%) | 667 (2.6%) | 967 (1.9%) | 669 (2.3%) | 2,360 (2.1%) | 60 (0.9%) | 9,012 (2.0%) |

| 地域ブロック | | H27 | | | | | | | | | | 合計 |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 男性 年齢別 | 過疎地域への移住者数 ： 男性 | 82,347 (100.0%) | 79,239 (100.0%) | 20,891 (100.0%) | 11,617 (100.0%) | 7,479 (100.0%) | 22,344 (100.0%) | 47,480 (100.0%) | 26,543 (100.0%) | 98,648 (100.0%) | 6,540 (100.0%) | 403,128 (100.0%) |
| | 5~9歳 | 3,959 (4.8%) | 4,453 (5.6%) | 1,242 (5.9%) | 641 (5.5%) | 414 (5.5%) | 1,419 (6.4%) | 2,643 (5.6%) | 1,585 (6.0%) | 7,465 (7.6%) | 452 (6.9%) | 24,273 (6.0%) |
| | 10代 | 8,228 (10.0%) | 5,999 (7.6%) | 1,985 (9.5%) | 825 (7.1%) | 935 (12.5%) | 2,277 (10.2%) | 5,336 (11.2%) | 2,853 (10.7%) | 8,435 (8.6%) | 383 (5.9%) | 37,256 (9.2%) |
| | 20代 | 18,811 (22.8%) | 16,790 (21.2%) | 4,621 (22.1%) | 2,414 (20.8%) | 1,849 (24.7%) | 4,747 (21.2%) | 11,308 (23.8%) | 5,967 (22.5%) | 19,541 (19.8%) | 1,228 (18.8%) | 87,276 (21.6%) |
| | 30代 | 16,380 (19.9%) | 17,396 (22.0%) | 4,195 (20.1%) | 2,421 (20.8%) | 1,608 (21.5%) | 5,017 (22.5%) | 10,024 (21.1%) | 5,817 (21.9%) | 21,119 (21.4%) | 1,617 (24.7%) | 85,594 (21.2%) |
| | 40代 | 14,219 (17.3%) | 12,238 (15.4%) | 2,693 (12.9%) | 1,713 (14.7%) | 957 (12.8%) | 2,982 (13.3%) | 6,135 (12.9%) | 3,289 (12.4%) | 14,121 (14.3%) | 1,066 (16.3%) | 59,413 (14.7%) |
| | 50代 | 11,486 (13.9%) | 10,279 (13.0%) | 2,044 (9.8%) | 1,368 (11.8%) | 662 (8.9%) | 2,023 (9.1%) | 4,612 (9.7%) | 2,638 (9.9%) | 11,144 (11.3%) | 903 (13.8%) | 47,159 (11.7%) |
| | 60代 | 5,733 (7.0%) | 7,873 (9.9%) | 2,444 (11.7%) | 1,306 (11.2%) | 634 (8.5%) | 2,206 (9.9%) | 4,869 (10.3%) | 2,665 (10.0%) | 10,794 (10.9%) | 650 (9.9%) | 39,174 (9.7%) |
| | 70代 | 1,814 (2.2%) | 2,291 (2.9%) | 896 (4.3%) | 519 (4.5%) | 217 (2.9%) | 890 (4.0%) | 1,426 (3.0%) | 928 (3.5%) | 3,408 (3.5%) | 166 (2.5%) | 12,555 (3.1%) |
| | 80代～ | 1,713 (2.1%) | 1,913 (2.4%) | 769 (3.7%) | 408 (3.5%) | 203 (2.7%) | 781 (3.5%) | 1,125 (2.4%) | 799 (3.0%) | 2,618 (2.7%) | 75 (1.1%) | 10,404 (2.6%) |

○過疎地域への移住者のうち女性の年齢別内訳を地域ブロック別でみると、全ての地域ブロックで、30代、40代、60代及び80代以上の割合が、H12国勢調査からH22国勢調査にかけて拡大しており、さらにH22国勢調査からH27国勢調査にかけて、全ての地域ブロックで40代、70代及び80代以上の割合が拡大している。なかでも40代と80代以上はH22国勢調査からH27国勢調査にかけて全てのブロックで移住者の数、割合ともに増加している。

■ 過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 性 別 年 齢 別 | 地域ブロック | H12 | | | | | | | | | | 合計 |
|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 女性 | 過疎地域への移住者数 : 女性 | 101,993 (100.0%) | 104,187 (100.0%) | 30,243 (100.0%) | 17,514 (100.0%) | 10,415 (100.0%) | 35,281 (100.0%) | 60,086 (100.0%) | 36,365 (100.0%) | 136,575 (100.0%) | 5,857 (100.0%) | 538,516 (100.0%) |
| | 5~9歳 | 6,926 (6.8%) | 7,201 (6.9%) | 2,211 (7.3%) | 1,204 (6.9%) | 687 (6.6%) | 2,514 (7.1%) | 4,119 (6.9%) | 2,504 (6.9%) | 10,934 (8.0%) | 585 (10.0%) | 38,885 (7.2%) |
| | 10代 | 11,163 (10.9%) | 7,707 (7.4%) | 2,371 (7.8%) | 1,381 (7.9%) | 625 (6.0%) | 2,778 (7.9%) | 6,564 (10.9%) | 3,017 (8.3%) | 12,838 (9.4%) | 496 (8.5%) | 48,940 (9.1%) |
| | 20代 | 31,885 (31.3%) | 38,238 (36.7%) | 9,039 (29.9%) | 6,006 (34.3%) | 4,285 (41.1%) | 11,522 (32.7%) | 21,029 (35.0%) | 12,187 (33.5%) | 40,016 (29.3%) | 2,070 (35.3%) | 176,277 (32.7%) |
| | 30代 | 22,683 (22.2%) | 25,583 (24.6%) | 7,337 (24.3%) | 4,116 (23.5%) | 2,371 (22.8%) | 8,335 (23.6%) | 12,391 (20.6%) | 8,300 (22.8%) | 30,941 (22.7%) | 1,523 (26.0%) | 123,580 (22.9%) |
| | 40代 | 10,065 (9.9%) | 8,576 (8.2%) | 2,619 (8.7%) | 1,330 (7.6%) | 646 (6.2%) | 2,644 (7.5%) | 4,458 (7.4%) | 2,903 (8.0%) | 12,832 (9.4%) | 549 (9.4%) | 46,622 (8.7%) |
| | 50代 | 8,505 (8.3%) | 5,904 (5.7%) | 2,252 (7.4%) | 1,252 (7.1%) | 584 (5.6%) | 2,461 (7.0%) | 4,325 (7.2%) | 2,601 (7.2%) | 11,229 (8.2%) | 323 (5.5%) | 39,436 (7.3%) |
| | 60代 | 4,023 (3.9%) | 3,967 (3.8%) | 1,551 (5.1%) | 893 (5.1%) | 391 (3.8%) | 1,795 (5.1%) | 2,803 (4.7%) | 1,798 (4.9%) | 7,213 (5.3%) | 139 (2.4%) | 24,573 (4.6%) |
| | 70代 | 3,025 (3.0%) | 3,054 (2.9%) | 1,128 (3.7%) | 617 (3.5%) | 307 (2.9%) | 1,350 (3.8%) | 1,804 (3.0%) | 1,291 (3.6%) | 4,635 (3.4%) | 93 (1.6%) | 17,304 (3.2%) |
| | 80代～ | 3,718 (3.6%) | 3,957 (3.8%) | 1,735 (5.7%) | 715 (4.1%) | 519 (5.0%) | 1,882 (5.3%) | 2,593 (4.3%) | 1,764 (4.9%) | 5,937 (4.3%) | 79 (1.3%) | 22,899 (4.3%) |

| 性 別 年 齢 別 | 地域ブロック | H22 | | | | | | | | | | 合計 |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 女性 | 過疎地域への移住者数 : 女性 | 78,993 (100.0%) | 81,090 (100.0%) | 23,269 (100.0%) | 13,327 (100.0%) | 8,638 (100.0%) | 25,983 (100.0%) | 47,242 (100.0%) | 28,449 (100.0%) | 111,374 (100.0%) | 5,668 (100.0%) | 424,033 (100.0%) |
| | 5~9歳 | 4,823 (6.1%) | 5,077 (6.3%) | 1,447 (6.2%) | 740 (5.6%) | 475 (5.5%) | 1,518 (5.8%) | 2,761 (5.8%) | 1,787 (6.3%) | 8,076 (7.3%) | 414 (7.3%) | 27,118 (6.4%) |
| | 10代 | 7,258 (9.2%) | 4,880 (6.0%) | 1,463 (6.3%) | 873 (6.6%) | 497 (5.8%) | 1,782 (6.9%) | 4,076 (8.6%) | 2,149 (7.6%) | 8,934 (8.0%) | 328 (5.8%) | 32,240 (7.6%) |
| | 20代 | 21,450 (27.2%) | 24,780 (30.6%) | 5,410 (23.2%) | 3,738 (28.0%) | 2,769 (32.1%) | 6,895 (26.5%) | 13,850 (29.3%) | 7,646 (26.9%) | 27,481 (24.7%) | 1,626 (28.7%) | 115,645 (27.3%) |
| | 30代 | 19,989 (25.3%) | 22,560 (27.8%) | 5,718 (24.6%) | 3,290 (24.7%) | 2,469 (28.6%) | 6,721 (25.9%) | 11,568 (24.5%) | 7,278 (25.6%) | 27,553 (24.7%) | 1,724 (30.4%) | 108,870 (25.7%) |
| | 40代 | 8,351 (10.6%) | 7,307 (9.0%) | 2,106 (9.1%) | 1,143 (8.6%) | 672 (7.8%) | 2,264 (8.7%) | 3,713 (7.9%) | 2,329 (8.2%) | 10,822 (9.7%) | 568 (10.0%) | 39,275 (9.3%) |
| | 50代 | 6,006 (7.6%) | 5,169 (6.4%) | 1,692 (7.3%) | 940 (7.1%) | 429 (5.0%) | 1,674 (6.4%) | 3,347 (7.1%) | 2,077 (7.3%) | 9,535 (8.6%) | 471 (8.3%) | 31,340 (7.4%) |
| | 60代 | 4,044 (5.1%) | 3,944 (4.9%) | 2,015 (8.7%) | 1,010 (7.6%) | 447 (5.2%) | 1,656 (6.4%) | 3,220 (6.8%) | 2,021 (7.1%) | 7,642 (6.9%) | 316 (5.6%) | 26,315 (6.2%) |
| | 70代 | 2,407 (3.0%) | 2,392 (2.9%) | 1,017 (4.4%) | 543 (4.1%) | 239 (2.8%) | 1,023 (3.9%) | 1,481 (3.1%) | 1,043 (3.7%) | 3,903 (3.5%) | 97 (1.7%) | 14,145 (3.3%) |
| | 80代～ | 4,663 (5.9%) | 4,981 (6.1%) | 2,401 (10.3%) | 1,049 (7.9%) | 640 (7.4%) | 2,450 (9.4%) | 3,223 (6.8%) | 2,118 (7.4%) | 7,425 (6.7%) | 124 (2.2%) | 29,074 (6.9%) |

| 性 別 年 齢 別 | 地域ブロック | H27 | | | | | | | | | | 合計 |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 女性 | 過疎地域への移住者数 : 女性 | 69,162 (100.0%) | 70,579 (100.0%) | 19,591 (100.0%) | 10,997 (100.0%) | 7,358 (100.0%) | 22,533 (100.0%) | 42,324 (100.0%) | 25,049 (100.0%) | 97,223 (100.0%) | 5,252 (100.0%) | 370,068 (100.0%) |
| | 5~9歳 | 3,890 (5.6%) | 4,184 (5.9%) | 1,160 (5.9%) | 593 (5.4%) | 353 (4.8%) | 1,384 (6.1%) | 2,488 (5.9%) | 1,445 (5.8%) | 7,045 (7.2%) | 428 (8.1%) | 22,970 (6.2%) |
| | 10代 | 6,297 (9.1%) | 4,225 (6.0%) | 1,215 (6.2%) | 627 (5.7%) | 561 (7.6%) | 1,426 (6.3%) | 3,806 (9.0%) | 1,821 (7.3%) | 7,617 (7.8%) | 297 (5.7%) | 27,892 (7.5%) |
| | 20代 | 17,181 (24.8%) | 17,526 (24.8%) | 3,996 (20.4%) | 2,629 (23.9%) | 1,934 (26.3%) | 4,899 (21.7%) | 10,557 (24.9%) | 5,722 (22.8%) | 21,099 (21.7%) | 1,274 (24.3%) | 86,817 (23.5%) |
| | 30代 | 16,691 (24.1%) | 19,122 (27.1%) | 4,685 (23.9%) | 2,590 (23.6%) | 2,085 (28.3%) | 5,762 (25.6%) | 10,238 (24.2%) | 6,358 (24.2%) | 23,851 (25.4%) | 1,618 (24.5%) | 93,000 (25.1%) |
| | 40代 | 9,106 (13.2%) | 7,944 (11.3%) | 2,220 (11.3%) | 1,144 (10.4%) | 770 (10.5%) | 2,445 (10.9%) | 4,366 (10.3%) | 2,784 (11.1%) | 10,949 (11.3%) | 666 (12.7%) | 42,394 (11.5%) |
| | 50代 | 5,178 (7.5%) | 4,662 (6.6%) | 1,331 (6.8%) | 724 (6.6%) | 390 (5.3%) | 1,435 (6.4%) | 2,723 (6.4%) | 1,611 (6.4%) | 7,747 (8.0%) | 386 (7.3%) | 26,187 (7.1%) |
| | 60代 | 3,913 (5.7%) | 4,463 (6.3%) | 1,621 (8.3%) | 902 (8.2%) | 362 (4.9%) | 1,531 (6.8%) | 3,364 (7.9%) | 1,887 (7.5%) | 7,657 (7.9%) | 341 (6.5%) | 26,041 (7.0%) |
| | 70代 | 2,172 (3.1%) | 2,463 (3.5%) | 904 (4.6%) | 498 (4.5%) | 240 (3.3%) | 954 (4.2%) | 1,386 (3.3%) | 933 (3.7%) | 3,538 (3.6%) | 110 (2.1%) | 13,198 (3.6%) |
| | 80代～ | 4,733 (6.8%) | 5,986 (8.5%) | 2,459 (12.6%) | 1,290 (11.7%) | 660 (9.0%) | 2,697 (12.0%) | 3,394 (8.0%) | 2,485 (9.9%) | 7,720 (7.9%) | 132 (2.5%) | 31,556 (8.5%) |

⑤移住者の世帯構成及び配偶関係

- 過疎地域への移住者について、世帯構成の内訳を全国の移住者と比較すると、H12国勢調査、H22国勢調査、H27国勢調査のいずれも、過疎地域への移住者の方が、「核家族以外の世帯」と「男親又は女親と子供から成る世帯」の割合が高くなっている。
- 過疎地域への移住者のうち、最も多い世帯構成は、H12国勢調査及びH22国勢調査では「夫婦と子供から成る世帯」であったが、H27国勢調査では「単独世帯」が26.7%と最も多くなっている。
- 過疎地域への移住者と全国の移住者のいずれも、「夫婦と子供から成る世帯」や「核家族以外の世帯」の割合は、H12国勢調査からH27国勢調査にかけて減少し続けている一方、「単独世帯」の割合は拡大している。
- また、H22国勢調査からH27国勢調査にかけての推移をみると、過疎地域への移住者と全国の移住者のいずれも「夫婦のみの世帯」の割合が拡大している。

■ 移住者の世帯構成

| | | | 過疎地域 | | | 非過疎地域 | | | 全国 | | |
|---------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 |
| 移住者数 | | | 1,108,134 (100.0%) | 872,364 (100.0%) | 773,196 (100.0%) | 15,115,951 (100.0%) | 12,209,015 (100.0%) | 11,016,543 (100.0%) | 16,224,085 (100.0%) | 13,081,379 (100.0%) | 11,789,739 (100.0%) |
| 世帯の家族類型 | 親族のみの世帯 | 夫婦のみの世帯 | 136,446 (12.3%) | 104,926 (12.0%) | 95,563 (12.4%) | 2,224,439 (14.7%) | 1,914,865 (15.7%) | 1,758,183 (16.0%) | 2,360,885 (14.6%) | 2,019,791 (15.4%) | 1,853,746 (15.7%) |
| | | 夫婦と子供から成る世帯 | 359,304 (32.4%) | 244,725 (28.1%) | 205,695 (26.6%) | 5,797,241 (38.4%) | 4,315,409 (35.3%) | 3,716,644 (33.7%) | 6,156,545 (37.9%) | 4,560,134 (34.9%) | 3,922,339 (33.3%) |
| | | 男親又は女親と子供から成る世帯 | 68,381 (6.2%) | 61,577 (7.1%) | 54,470 (7.0%) | 790,817 (5.2%) | 715,685 (5.9%) | 650,967 (5.9%) | 859,198 (5.3%) | 777,262 (5.9%) | 705,437 (6.0%) |
| | | 核家族以外の世帯 | 214,836 (19.4%) | 152,171 (17.4%) | 111,106 (14.4%) | 1,487,875 (9.8%) | 1,030,788 (8.4%) | 800,967 (7.3%) | 1,702,711 (10.5%) | 1,182,959 (9.0%) | 912,073 (7.7%) |
| | 非親族を含む世帯 | 5,486 (0.5%) | 13,122 (1.5%) | 11,650 (1.5%) | 143,293 (0.9%) | 268,926 (2.2%) | 226,824 (2.1%) | 148,779 (0.9%) | 282,048 (2.2%) | 238,474 (2.0%) | |
| | | 単独世帯 | 235,823 (21.3%) | 209,785 (24.0%) | 206,690 (26.7%) | 4,051,182 (26.8%) | 3,352,538 (27.5%) | 3,201,943 (29.1%) | 4,287,005 (26.4%) | 3,562,323 (27.2%) | 3,408,633 (28.9%) |

- 過疎地域への移住者のうち15歳以上の移住者について、配偶者の有無別内訳を全国の15歳以上の移住者と比較すると、H12国勢調査、H22国勢調査、H27国勢調査のいずれも、過疎地域への移住者の方が、「死別」と「離別」の割合が高くなっている。
- 過疎地域への移住者と全国の移住者のいずれも、H12国勢調査、H22国勢調査、H27国勢調査のどの時点でも最も多くを占めているのは「配偶者あり」であるが、その割合はH12国勢調査からH27国勢調査にかけて減少し続けている。

■ 移住者の属性

| | | | 過疎地域 | | | 非過疎地域 | | | 全国 | | |
|------------|----|------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 |
| 移住者(15歳以上) | | | 983,153 (100.0%) | 787,814 (100.0%) | 701,796 (100.0%) | 13,579,594 (100.0%) | 11,072,244 (100.0%) | 10,060,223 (100.0%) | 14,562,747 (100.0%) | 11,860,058 (100.0%) | 10,762,019 (100.0%) |
| 配偶者の有無 | 未婚 | 未婚 | 346,450 (35.2%) | 282,479 (35.9%) | 251,969 (35.9%) | 5,211,147 (38.4%) | 4,102,084 (37.0%) | 3,746,158 (37.2%) | 5,557,597 (38.2%) | 4,384,563 (37.0%) | 3,998,127 (37.2%) |
| | | 配偶者あり | 538,136 (54.7%) | 404,445 (51.3%) | 355,314 (50.6%) | 7,396,892 (54.5%) | 5,975,837 (54.0%) | 5,344,633 (53.1%) | 7,935,028 (54.5%) | 6,380,282 (53.8%) | 5,699,947 (53.0%) |
| | 死別 | 45,807 (4.7%) | 42,946 (5.5%) | 42,378 (6.0%) | 415,619 (3.1%) | 386,660 (3.5%) | 407,878 (4.1%) | 461,426 (3.2%) | 429,606 (3.6%) | 450,256 (4.2%) | |
| | | 離別 | 51,173 (5.2%) | 55,542 (7.1%) | 50,014 (7.1%) | 508,974 (3.7%) | 540,813 (4.9%) | 511,548 (5.1%) | 560,147 (3.8%) | 596,355 (5.0%) | 561,562 (5.2%) |

⑥移住者の世帯構成【地域ブロック別】

- 過疎地域への移住者について世帯構成の内訳を地域ブロック別にみると、東北及び北陸では、H12 国勢調査、H22 国勢調査、H27 国勢調査のいずれも、「核家族以外の世帯」が最も多い。そのほかの地域ブロックでは、H12 国勢調査では「夫婦と子供から成る世帯」が最も多かつたが、H22 国勢調査では、北海道及び東海において「単独世帯」が最も多くなっており、H27 国勢調査では近畿、四国及び九州を除く地域ブロックで「単独世帯」が最も多くなっている。
- いざれの地域ブロックでも、H12 国勢調査と H22 国勢調査を比べると、H22 国勢調査では「男親又は女親と子供から成る世帯」、「非親族を含む世帯」及び「単独世帯」の割合が増えており、H27 国勢調査では、「単独世帯」の割合がいざれの地域ブロックでもさらに増えている。
- 四国、九州及び沖縄では、H12 国勢調査、H22 国勢調査、H27 国勢調査のいずれも、「男親又は女親と子供から成る世帯」の割合が他の地域ブロックと比べて高い。

■ 過疎地域への移住者の世帯構成

| 地域ブロック | | | H12 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | 合計 |
| 過疎地域への移住者数 | | | 224,044 (100.0%) | 211,100 (100.0%) | 62,389 (100.0%) | 36,741 (100.0%) | 20,915 (100.0%) | 70,111 (100.0%) | 123,851 (100.0%) | 73,492 (100.0%) | 272,446 (100.0%) | 13,045 (100.0%) | 1,108,134 (100.0%) |
| 世帯の家族類型 | 親族のみの世帯 | 夫婦のみの世帯 | 34,201 (15.3%) | 21,118 (10.0%) | 7,024 (11.3%) | 4,297 (11.7%) | 1,838 (8.8%) | 8,846 (12.6%) | 13,998 (11.3%) | 8,794 (12.0%) | 35,101 (12.9%) | 1,229 (9.4%) | 136,446 (12.3%) |
| | | 夫婦と子供から成る世帯 | 73,253 (32.7%) | 59,350 (28.1%) | 18,484 (29.6%) | 10,222 (27.8%) | 5,323 (25.5%) | 24,030 (34.3%) | 37,241 (30.1%) | 26,027 (35.4%) | 100,704 (37.0%) | 4,670 (35.8%) | 359,304 (32.4%) |
| | | 男親又は女親と子供から成る世帯 | 12,085 (5.4%) | 12,514 (5.9%) | 3,138 (5.0%) | 1,826 (5.0%) | 1,043 (5.0%) | 4,156 (5.9%) | 6,807 (5.5%) | 5,406 (7.4%) | 20,297 (7.4%) | 1,109 (8.5%) | 68,381 (6.2%) |
| | 核家族以外の世帯 | 18,676 (8.3%) | 60,222 (28.5%) | 15,043 (24.1%) | 8,737 (23.8%) | 7,084 (33.9%) | 15,040 (21.5%) | 27,397 (22.1%) | 12,827 (17.5%) | 48,058 (17.6%) | 1,752 (13.4%) | 214,836 (19.4%) | |
| | | 非親族を含む世帯 | 1,315 (0.6%) | 945 (0.4%) | 345 (0.6%) | 199 (0.5%) | 74 (0.4%) | 324 (0.5%) | 449 (0.4%) | 327 (0.4%) | 1,288 (0.5%) | 220 (1.7%) | 5,486 (0.5%) |
| | 単独世帯 | 65,420 (29.2%) | 42,722 (20.2%) | 12,885 (20.7%) | 8,066 (22.0%) | 3,705 (17.7%) | 12,062 (17.2%) | 25,748 (20.8%) | 14,559 (19.8%) | 46,984 (17.2%) | 3,672 (28.1%) | 235,823 (21.3%) | |

| 地域ブロック | | | H22 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | 合計 |
| 過疎地域への移住者数 | | | 172,491 (100.0%) | 164,342 (100.0%) | 47,384 (100.0%) | 27,805 (100.0%) | 17,140 (100.0%) | 51,396 (100.0%) | 98,535 (100.0%) | 57,882 (100.0%) | 223,116 (100.0%) | 12,273 (100.0%) | 872,364 (100.0%) |
| 世帯の家族類型 | 親族のみの世帯 | 夫婦のみの世帯 | 24,521 (14.2%) | 15,663 (9.5%) | 5,976 (12.6%) | 3,296 (11.9%) | 1,523 (8.9%) | 6,386 (12.4%) | 11,244 (11.4%) | 7,128 (12.3%) | 27,753 (12.4%) | 1,436 (11.7%) | 104,926 (12.0%) |
| | | 夫婦と子供から成る世帯 | 49,174 (28.5%) | 40,125 (24.4%) | 11,718 (24.7%) | 6,363 (22.9%) | 4,008 (23.4%) | 14,992 (29.2%) | 24,650 (25.0%) | 17,032 (29.4%) | 72,727 (32.6%) | 3,936 (32.1%) | 244,725 (28.1%) |
| | | 男親又は女親と子供から成る世帯 | 10,566 (6.1%) | 11,219 (6.8%) | 2,893 (6.1%) | 1,578 (5.7%) | 943 (5.5%) | 3,774 (7.3%) | 6,049 (6.1%) | 4,780 (8.3%) | 18,719 (8.4%) | 1,056 (8.6%) | 61,577 (7.1%) |
| | 核家族以外の世帯 | 13,006 (7.5%) | 44,983 (27.4%) | 10,038 (21.2%) | 5,691 (20.5%) | 4,827 (28.2%) | 9,509 (18.5%) | 18,965 (19.2%) | 8,934 (15.4%) | 34,992 (15.7%) | 1,226 (10.0%) | 152,171 (17.4%) | |
| | | 非親族を含む世帯 | 2,460 (1.4%) | 2,257 (1.4%) | 1,056 (2.2%) | 494 (1.8%) | 175 (1.0%) | 815 (1.6%) | 1,138 (1.2%) | 826 (1.4%) | 3,466 (1.6%) | 435 (3.5%) | 13,122 (1.5%) |
| | 単独世帯 | 56,148 (32.6%) | 36,617 (22.3%) | 10,851 (22.9%) | 7,289 (26.2%) | 3,614 (21.1%) | 10,033 (19.5%) | 23,227 (23.6%) | 13,460 (23.3%) | 44,724 (23.3%) | 3,822 (20.0%) | 209,785 (31.1%) | (24.0%) |

| 地域ブロック | | | H27 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | 合計 |
| 過疎地域への移住者数 | | | 151,509 (100.0%) | 149,818 (100.0%) | 40,482 (100.0%) | 22,614 (100.0%) | 14,837 (100.0%) | 44,877 (100.0%) | 89,804 (100.0%) | 51,592 (100.0%) | 195,871 (100.0%) | 11,792 (100.0%) | 773,196 (100.0%) |
| 世帯の家族類型 | 親族のみの世帯 | 夫婦のみの世帯 | 21,532 (14.2%) | 15,810 (10.6%) | 5,033 (12.4%) | 2,795 (12.4%) | 1,409 (9.5%) | 5,944 (13.2%) | 10,664 (11.9%) | 6,305 (12.2%) | 24,671 (12.6%) | 1,400 (11.9%) | 95,563 (12.4%) |
| | | 夫婦と子供から成る世帯 | 39,431 (26.0%) | 34,509 (23.0%) | 9,444 (23.3%) | 4,991 (22.1%) | 3,263 (22.0%) | 12,695 (28.3%) | 21,677 (24.1%) | 14,617 (28.3%) | 61,553 (31.4%) | 3,515 (29.8%) | 205,695 (26.6%) |
| | | 男親又は女親と子供から成る世帯 | 8,956 (5.9%) | 10,194 (6.8%) | 2,530 (6.2%) | 1,363 (6.0%) | 858 (5.8%) | 3,277 (7.3%) | 5,688 (6.3%) | 4,174 (8.1%) | 16,496 (8.4%) | 934 (7.9%) | 54,470 (7.0%) |
| | 核家族以外の世帯 | 9,876 (6.5%) | 33,263 (22.2%) | 7,039 (17.4%) | 3,887 (17.2%) | 3,480 (23.5%) | 6,725 (15.0%) | 13,735 (15.3%) | 6,278 (15.3%) | 25,836 (12.2%) | 987 (13.2%) | 111,106 (8.4%) | (14.4%) |
| | | 非親族を含む世帯 | 2,163 (1.4%) | 2,288 (1.5%) | 970 (2.4%) | 400 (1.8%) | 169 (1.1%) | 730 (1.6%) | 1,003 (1.1%) | 660 (1.3%) | 2,888 (1.5%) | 379 (3.2%) | 11,650 (1.5%) |
| | 単独世帯 | 53,009 (35.0%) | 38,062 (25.4%) | 10,611 (26.2%) | 6,643 (29.4%) | 3,581 (24.1%) | 10,058 (22.4%) | 23,340 (26.0%) | 13,389 (26.0%) | 43,816 (22.4%) | 4,181 (35.5%) | 206,690 (26.7%) | |

⑦移住者の配偶関係【地域ブロック別】

- 過疎地域への移住者のうち 15 歳以上の移住者について、配偶者の有無別内訳を地域ブロック別にみると、全ての地域ブロックにおいて、H12 国勢調査から H27 国勢調査にかけて、「死別」の割合が拡大している。
- また、「離別」の割合も、H12 国勢調査から H22 国勢調査にかけては、全ての地域ブロックで拡大しており、H22 国勢調査から H27 国勢調査にかけては、北陸及び中国を除く地域ブロックで拡大している。

■ 過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック | | H12 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者(15歳以上) | | 200,983 (100.0%) | 188,547 (100.0%) | 55,242 (100.0%) | 33,099 (100.0%) | 18,892 (100.0%) | 62,296 (100.0%) | 110,810 (100.0%) | 65,099 (100.0%) | 237,043 (100.0%) | 11,142 (100.0%) | 983,153 (100.0%) |
| 配偶者の有無 (15歳以上) | 未婚 | 76,634 (38.1%) | 65,685 (34.8%) | 19,043 (34.5%) | 12,047 (36.4%) | 6,467 (34.2%) | 20,466 (32.9%) | 42,173 (38.1%) | 22,772 (35.0%) | 76,664 (32.3%) | 4,499 (40.4%) | 346,450 (35.2%) |
| | 配偶者あり | 106,729 (53.1%) | 105,257 (55.8%) | 30,265 (54.8%) | 17,787 (53.7%) | 10,507 (55.6%) | 34,926 (56.1%) | 58,436 (52.7%) | 35,035 (53.8%) | 133,483 (56.3%) | 5,711 (51.3%) | 538,136 (54.7%) |
| | 死別 | 8,123 (4.0%) | 8,198 (4.3%) | 3,077 (5.6%) | 1,420 (4.3%) | 973 (5.2%) | 3,510 (5.6%) | 5,025 (4.5%) | 3,386 (5.2%) | 11,900 (5.0%) | 195 (1.8%) | 45,807 (4.7%) |
| | 離別 | 9,265 (4.6%) | 9,192 (4.9%) | 2,762 (5.0%) | 1,761 (5.3%) | 908 (4.8%) | 3,224 (5.2%) | 4,985 (4.5%) | 3,729 (5.7%) | 14,644 (6.2%) | 703 (6.3%) | 51,173 (5.2%) |

| 地域ブロック | | H22 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者(15歳以上) | | 157,073 (100.0%) | 149,018 (100.0%) | 42,993 (100.0%) | 25,649 (100.0%) | 15,663 (100.0%) | 46,507 (100.0%) | 89,853 (100.0%) | 52,289 (100.0%) | 197,795 (100.0%) | 10,974 (100.0%) | 787,814 (100.0%) |
| 配偶者の有無 (15歳以上) | 未婚 | 61,301 (39.0%) | 53,005 (35.6%) | 14,929 (34.7%) | 9,524 (37.1%) | 5,787 (36.9%) | 15,732 (33.8%) | 33,700 (37.5%) | 18,768 (35.9%) | 65,338 (33.0%) | 4,395 (40.0%) | 282,479 (35.9%) |
| | 配偶者あり | 78,584 (50.0%) | 77,941 (52.3%) | 21,760 (50.6%) | 12,725 (49.6%) | 7,971 (50.9%) | 23,907 (51.4%) | 44,868 (49.9%) | 26,374 (50.4%) | 104,872 (53.0%) | 5,443 (49.6%) | 404,445 (51.3%) |
| | 死別 | 7,409 (4.7%) | 7,550 (5.1%) | 3,128 (7.3%) | 1,484 (5.8%) | 892 (5.7%) | 3,325 (7.1%) | 4,743 (5.3%) | 3,098 (5.9%) | 11,067 (5.6%) | 250 (2.3%) | 42,946 (5.5%) |
| | 離別 | 9,440 (6.0%) | 10,083 (6.8%) | 2,981 (6.9%) | 1,802 (7.0%) | 966 (6.2%) | 3,301 (7.1%) | 6,200 (6.9%) | 3,830 (7.3%) | 16,105 (8.1%) | 834 (7.6%) | 55,542 (7.1%) |

| 地域ブロック | | H27 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者(15歳以上) | | 138,977 (100.0%) | 136,923 (100.0%) | 36,803 (100.0%) | 20,855 (100.0%) | 13,716 (100.0%) | 40,797 (100.0%) | 82,187 (100.0%) | 46,945 (100.0%) | 174,088 (100.0%) | 10,505 (100.0%) | 701,796 (100.0%) |
| 配偶者の有無 (15歳以上) | 未婚 | 55,021 (39.6%) | 47,689 (34.8%) | 13,360 (36.3%) | 7,416 (35.6%) | 5,169 (37.7%) | 13,293 (32.6%) | 31,874 (38.8%) | 16,822 (35.8%) | 57,181 (32.8%) | 4,144 (39.4%) | 251,969 (35.9%) |
| | 配偶者あり | 68,022 (48.9%) | 71,331 (52.1%) | 17,785 (48.3%) | 10,196 (48.9%) | 6,871 (50.1%) | 20,990 (51.4%) | 39,981 (48.6%) | 23,378 (49.8%) | 91,509 (52.6%) | 5,251 (50.0%) | 355,314 (50.6%) |
| | 死別 | 6,879 (4.9%) | 8,130 (5.9%) | 2,976 (8.1%) | 1,650 (7.9%) | 851 (6.2%) | 3,298 (8.1%) | 4,490 (5.5%) | 3,153 (6.7%) | 10,692 (6.1%) | 259 (2.5%) | 42,378 (6.0%) |
| | 離別 | 8,667 (6.2%) | 9,322 (6.8%) | 2,567 (7.0%) | 1,560 (7.5%) | 782 (5.7%) | 2,954 (7.2%) | 5,604 (6.8%) | 3,456 (7.4%) | 14,297 (8.2%) | 805 (7.7%) | 50,014 (7.1%) |

⑧移住者の労働力状態及び就業者の産業分類

- 過疎地域への移住者のうち 15 歳以上の移住者の労働力状態を全国の 15 歳以上の移住者と比較すると、H12 国勢調査、H22 国勢調査、H27 国勢調査のいずれも、過疎地域への移住者の方が、「主に仕事」と「仕事を探していた(完全失業者)」、及び「その他」の割合が高くなっている。
- 過疎地域への 15 歳以上の移住者のうち、最も多い労働力状態は、H12 国勢調査、H22 国勢調査、H27 国勢調査どの時点でも「仕事をしていた」であり、60%近くを占めている。
- 過疎地域への移住者と全国の移住者のいずれも、「仕事を休んでいた(休業者)」や「その他」の割合は、H12 国勢調査から H27 国勢調査にかけて拡大している。

■ 移住者の属性

※H12<H22、H22<H27に網掛け

| | | | 過疎地域 | | | 非過疎地域 | | | 全国 | | |
|-------------------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 |
| 移住者(15歳以上) | | | 983,153 (100.0%) | 787,814 (100.0%) | 701,796 (100.0%) | 13,579,594 (100.0%) | 11,072,244 (100.0%) | 10,060,223 (100.0%) | 14,562,747 (100.0%) | 11,860,058 (100.0%) | 10,762,019 (100.0%) |
| 労働力状態 (~15歳以上) | 就業者 | 主に仕事 | 561,845 (57.1%) | 438,235 (55.6%) | 404,729 (57.7%) | 7,423,504 (54.7%) | 6,154,802 (55.6%) | 5,764,306 (57.3%) | 7,985,349 (54.8%) | 6,593,037 (55.6%) | 6,169,035 (57.3%) |
| | | 家事などのほか仕事 | 41,146 (4.2%) | 32,121 (4.1%) | 30,735 (4.4%) | 597,461 (4.4%) | 503,807 (4.6%) | 485,081 (4.8%) | 638,607 (4.4%) | 535,928 (4.5%) | 515,816 (4.8%) |
| | | 通学のかたわら仕事 | 6,541 (0.7%) | 6,168 (0.8%) | 6,055 (0.9%) | 359,327 (2.6%) | 313,401 (2.8%) | 274,381 (2.7%) | 365,868 (2.5%) | 319,569 (2.7%) | 280,436 (2.6%) |
| | | 仕事を休んでいた (休業者) | 9,590 (1.0%) | 9,299 (1.2%) | 9,554 (1.4%) | 122,164 (0.9%) | 148,596 (1.3%) | 165,623 (1.6%) | 131,754 (0.9%) | 157,895 (1.3%) | 175,177 (1.6%) |
| | | 仕事を探していた (完全失業者) | 35,057 (3.6%) | 41,527 (5.3%) | 22,981 (3.3%) | 386,563 (2.8%) | 429,952 (3.9%) | 264,189 (2.6%) | 421,620 (2.9%) | 471,479 (4.0%) | 287,170 (2.7%) |
| | 非労働力人口 | 家事 | 169,775 (17.3%) | 117,009 (14.9%) | 85,133 (12.1%) | 2,392,262 (17.6%) | 1,703,156 (15.4%) | 1,318,208 (13.1%) | 2,562,037 (17.6%) | 1,820,165 (15.3%) | 1,403,341 (13.0%) |
| | | 通学 | 61,048 (6.2%) | 47,208 (6.0%) | 42,365 (6.0%) | 1,444,991 (10.6%) | 904,018 (8.2%) | 798,368 (7.9%) | 1,506,039 (10.3%) | 951,226 (8.0%) | 840,733 (7.8%) |
| | | その他 | 97,688 (9.9%) | 92,478 (11.7%) | 97,123 (13.8%) | 797,133 (5.9%) | 750,177 (6.8%) | 874,625 (8.7%) | 894,821 (6.1%) | 842,655 (7.1%) | 971,748 (9.0%) |

- 過疎地域への 15 歳以上の移住者のうち就業者(労働力人口)の産業3区分別の内訳を全国と比較すると、H12 国勢調査、H22 国勢調査、H27 国勢調査のいずれも、過疎地域の方が移住者のうち第1次産業就業者の占める割合が高くなっている。

- 過疎地域への移住者と全国の移住者のいずれも、第1次産業就業者の割合は、H12 国勢調査から H27 国勢調査にかけて拡大している。

■ 移住者のうち就業者の産業分類

※H12<H22、H22<H27に網掛け

| | | | 過疎地域 | | | 非過疎地域 | | | 全国 | | |
|-----------------------|---------|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 | H12 | H22 | H27 |
| 移住者のうち 就業者数(15歳以上) | | | 619,122 (100.0%) | 485,823 (100.0%) | 451,073 (100.0%) | 8,502,456 (100.0%) | 7,120,606 (100.0%) | 6,689,391 (100.0%) | 9,121,578 (100.0%) | 7,606,429 (100.0%) | 7,140,464 (100.0%) |
| 産業分類 (~15歳以上) | 第1次産業 | | 24,960 (4.0%) | 28,763 (5.9%) | 29,556 (6.6%) | 39,848 (0.5%) | 49,338 (0.7%) | 55,056 (0.8%) | 64,808 (0.7%) | 78,101 (1.0%) | 84,612 (1.2%) |
| | 第2次産業 | | 149,868 (24.2%) | 102,615 (21.1%) | 93,522 (20.7%) | 2,250,893 (26.5%) | 1,656,618 (23.3%) | 1,598,661 (23.9%) | 2,400,761 (26.3%) | 1,759,233 (23.1%) | 1,692,183 (23.7%) |
| | 第3次産業 | | 443,485 (71.6%) | 349,481 (71.9%) | 323,791 (71.8%) | 6,092,860 (71.7%) | 5,196,715 (73.0%) | 4,836,117 (72.3%) | 6,536,345 (71.7%) | 5,546,196 (72.9%) | 5,159,908 (72.3%) |
| | 分類不能の産業 | | 809 (0.1%) | 4,964 (1.0%) | 4,204 (0.9%) | 118,855 (1.4%) | 217,935 (3.1%) | 199,557 (3.0%) | 119,664 (1.3%) | 222,899 (2.9%) | 203,761 (2.9%) |

⑨移住者の労働力状態【地域ブロック別】

○過疎地域への15歳以上の移住者の労働力状態を地域ブロック別にみると、H12国勢調査からH22国勢調査にかけて、沖縄を除く全ての地域ブロックにおいて、「通学のかたわら仕事」、「仕事を休んでいた（休業者）」の割合が拡大しているほか、「仕事を探していた（完全失業者）」は移住者の数、割合ともに拡大している。

○一方、H22国勢調査からH27国勢調査にかけては、全ての地域ブロックで「家事などのほか仕事」と「仕事を休んでいた（休業者）」の割合が拡大しており、「主に仕事」の割合も北陸を除く全ての地域ブロックで拡大している。

■ 過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック | | | H12 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | 合計 |
| 過疎地域への移住者(15歳以上) | | | 200,983 (100.0%) | 188,547 (100.0%) | 55,242 (100.0%) | 33,099 (100.0%) | 18,892 (100.0%) | 62,296 (100.0%) | 110,810 (100.0%) | 65,099 (100.0%) | 237,043 (100.0%) | 11,142 (100.0%) | 983,153 (100.0%) |
| 労働力状態 (15歳以上) | 労働力人口 | 主に仕事 | 113,972 (56.7%) | 115,304 (61.2%) | 30,748 (55.7%) | 19,809 (59.8%) | 11,888 (62.9%) | 32,396 (52.0%) | 62,812 (56.7%) | 36,451 (56.0%) | 131,029 (55.3%) | 7,436 (66.7%) | 561,845 (57.1%) |
| | | 家事などのほか仕事 | 7,661 (3.8%) | 7,324 (3.9%) | 2,845 (5.2%) | 1,554 (4.7%) | 859 (4.5%) | 3,117 (5.0%) | 4,540 (4.1%) | 2,726 (4.2%) | 10,089 (4.3%) | 431 (3.9%) | 41,146 (4.2%) |
| | | 通学のかたわら仕事 | 2,263 (1.1%) | 765 (0.4%) | 351 (0.6%) | 59 (0.2%) | 77 (0.4%) | 376 (0.6%) | 1,304 (1.2%) | 377 (0.6%) | 947 (0.4%) | 22 (0.2%) | 6,541 (0.7%) |
| | | 仕事を休んでいた (休業者) | 1,366 (0.7%) | 1,973 (1.0%) | 598 (1.1%) | 323 (1.0%) | 269 (1.4%) | 622 (1.0%) | 1,187 (1.1%) | 677 (1.0%) | 2,425 (1.0%) | 150 (1.3%) | 9,590 (1.0%) |
| | | 仕事を探していた (完全失業者) | 5,182 (2.6%) | 7,804 (4.1%) | 1,561 (2.8%) | 958 (2.9%) | 621 (3.3%) | 2,041 (3.3%) | 3,492 (3.2%) | 2,548 (3.9%) | 10,308 (4.3%) | 542 (4.9%) | 35,057 (3.6%) |
| | | 非労働力人口 | 35,159 (17.5%) | 30,135 (16.0%) | 9,296 (16.8%) | 5,581 (16.9%) | 2,687 (14.2%) | 12,253 (19.7%) | 17,508 (15.8%) | 11,421 (17.5%) | 44,128 (18.6%) | 1,607 (14.4%) | 169,775 (17.3%) |
| 労働力状態 (15歳以上) | 労働力人口 | 家事 | 17,488 (8.7%) | 8,116 (4.3%) | 3,727 (6.7%) | 1,609 (4.9%) | 623 (3.3%) | 4,246 (6.8%) | 9,901 (8.9%) | 3,741 (5.7%) | 11,294 (4.8%) | 303 (2.7%) | 61,048 (6.2%) |
| | | 通学 | 17,820 (8.9%) | 17,061 (9.0%) | 6,091 (11.0%) | 3,192 (9.6%) | 1,861 (9.9%) | 7,185 (11.5%) | 9,996 (9.0%) | 7,119 (10.9%) | 26,717 (11.3%) | 646 (5.8%) | 97,688 (9.9%) |

| 地域ブロック | | | H22 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | 合計 |
| 過疎地域への移住者(15歳以上) | | | 157,073 (100.0%) | 149,018 (100.0%) | 42,993 (100.0%) | 25,649 (100.0%) | 15,663 (100.0%) | 46,507 (100.0%) | 89,853 (100.0%) | 52,289 (100.0%) | 197,795 (100.0%) | 10,974 (100.0%) | 787,814 (100.0%) |
| 労働力状態 (15歳以上) | 労働力人口 | 主に仕事 | 90,059 (57.3%) | 87,384 (58.6%) | 22,017 (51.2%) | 14,563 (56.8%) | 9,336 (59.6%) | 23,140 (49.8%) | 48,630 (54.1%) | 28,145 (53.8%) | 107,804 (54.5%) | 7,157 (65.2%) | 438,235 (55.6%) |
| | | 家事などのほか仕事 | 5,839 (3.7%) | 5,385 (3.6%) | 2,162 (5.0%) | 1,209 (4.7%) | 614 (3.9%) | 2,279 (4.9%) | 3,723 (4.1%) | 2,154 (4.1%) | 8,361 (4.2%) | 395 (3.6%) | 32,121 (4.1%) |
| | | 通学のかたわら仕事 | 2,039 (1.3%) | 716 (0.5%) | 372 (0.9%) | 65 (0.3%) | 81 (0.5%) | 419 (0.9%) | 1,200 (1.3%) | 384 (1.3%) | 877 (0.7%) | 15 (0.4%) | 6,168 (0.8%) |
| | | 仕事を休んでいた (休業者) | 1,264 (0.8%) | 2,108 (1.4%) | 515 (1.2%) | 299 (1.2%) | 259 (1.7%) | 594 (1.3%) | 1,129 (1.3%) | 670 (1.3%) | 2,330 (1.2%) | 131 (1.2%) | 9,299 (1.2%) |
| | | 仕事を探していた (完全失業者) | 6,510 (4.1%) | 9,408 (6.3%) | 2,054 (4.8%) | 1,118 (4.4%) | 773 (4.9%) | 2,223 (4.8%) | 3,789 (4.2%) | 2,879 (5.5%) | 12,028 (6.1%) | 745 (6.8%) | 41,527 (5.3%) |
| | | 非労働力人口 | 23,111 (14.7%) | 20,991 (14.1%) | 6,523 (15.2%) | 3,900 (15.2%) | 1,956 (12.5%) | 7,739 (16.6%) | 12,357 (13.8%) | 7,789 (14.9%) | 31,238 (15.8%) | 1,405 (12.8%) | 117,009 (14.9%) |
| 労働力状態 (15歳以上) | 労働力人口 | 家事 | 11,981 (7.6%) | 6,759 (4.5%) | 2,750 (6.4%) | 1,261 (4.9%) | 900 (5.7%) | 3,432 (7.4%) | 7,149 (8.0%) | 3,457 (6.6%) | 9,293 (4.7%) | 226 (2.1%) | 47,208 (6.0%) |
| | | 通学 | 15,622 (9.9%) | 15,465 (10.4%) | 6,393 (14.9%) | 3,100 (12.1%) | 1,702 (10.9%) | 6,457 (13.9%) | 11,398 (12.7%) | 6,557 (12.5%) | 25,036 (12.7%) | 748 (6.8%) | 92,478 (11.7%) |

| 地域ブロック | | | H27 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | 合計 |
| 過疎地域への移住者(15歳以上) | | | 138,977 (100.0%) | 136,923 (100.0%) | 36,803 (100.0%) | 20,855 (100.0%) | 13,716 (100.0%) | 40,797 (100.0%) | 82,187 (100.0%) | 46,945 (100.0%) | 174,088 (100.0%) | 10,505 (100.0%) | 701,796 (100.0%) |
| 労働力状態 (15歳以上) | 労働力人口 | 主に仕事 | 83,783 (60.3%) | 83,832 (61.2%) | 19,064 (51.8%) | 11,946 (57.3%) | 8,035 (58.6%) | 20,808 (51.0%) | 45,370 (55.2%) | 26,009 (55.4%) | 98,716 (56.7%) | 7,166 (68.2%) | 404,729 (57.7%) |
| | | 家事などのほか仕事 | 5,683 (4.1%) | 5,084 (3.7%) | 1,955 (5.3%) | 1,042 (5.0%) | 571 (4.2%) | 2,253 (5.5%) | 3,630 (4.4%) | 2,060 (4.4%) | 8,024 (4.6%) | 433 (4.1%) | 30,735 (4.4%) |
| | | 通学のかたわら仕事 | 1,805 (1.3%) | 708 (0.5%) | 685 (1.9%) | 40 (0.2%) | 71 (0.5%) | 412 (1.0%) | 1,069 (1.0%) | 455 (1.0%) | 797 (0.5%) | 13 (0.1%) | 6,055 (0.9%) |
| | | 仕事を休んでいた (休業者) | 1,255 (0.9%) | 2,192 (1.6%) | 545 (1.5%) | 251 (1.2%) | 267 (1.9%) | 642 (1.6%) | 1,140 (1.4%) | 710 (1.5%) | 2,371 (1.4%) | 181 (1.7%) | 9,554 (1.4%) |
| | | 仕事を探していた (完全失業者) | 3,423 (2.5%) | 4,966 (3.6%) | 1,127 (3.1%) | 638 (3.1%) | 451 (3.3%) | 1,339 (3.3%) | 2,205 (2.7%) | 1,601 (2.7%) | 6,782 (3.4%) | 449 (3.9%) | 22,981 (3.3%) |
| | | 非労働力人口 | 17,039 (12.3%) | 15,504 (11.3%) | 4,453 (12.1%) | 2,632 (12.6%) | 1,437 (10.5%) | 5,628 (13.8%) | 9,382 (11.4%) | 5,564 (11.9%) | 22,403 (12.9%) | 1,091 (10.4%) | 85,133 (12.1%) |
| 労働力状態 (15歳以上) | 労働力人口 | 家事 | 9,767 (7.0%) | 6,546 (4.8%) | 2,385 (6.5%) | 835 (4.0%) | 1,113 (8.1%) | 2,670 (6.5%) | 7,173 (8.7%) | 3,295 (7.0%) | 8,374 (4.8%) | 207 (2.0%) | 42,365 (6.0%) |
| | | 通学 | 15,778 (11.4%) | 17,230 (12.6%) | 6,494 (17.6%) | 3,430 (16.4%) | 1,708 (12.5%) | 6,903 (16.9%) | 11,964 (14.6%) | 7,113 (15.2%) | 25,755 (14.8%) | 748 (7.1%) | 97,123 (13.8%) |
| | | その他 | | | | | | | | | | | |

⑩移住者のうち就業者の産業分類【地域ブロック別】

- 過疎地域への 15 歳以上の移住者のうち就業者(労働力人口)の産業3区分別の内訳を地域ブロック別にみると、H12 国勢調査から H22 国勢調査にかけて、全ての地域ブロックにおいて、第1次産業就業者が移住者の数、割合ともに拡大している。
- 一方、H22 国勢調査から H27 国勢調査にかけては、東北と沖縄を除く地域ブロックで、第1次産業就業者の割合が拡大している。東北と沖縄では、第2次産業就業者が移住者の数、割合ともに拡大している。

■ 移住者のうち就業者の産業分類

| 地域ブロック | | H12 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者のうち 就業者数(15歳以上) | | 125,262 (100.0%) | 125,366 (100.0%) | 34,542 (100.0%) | 21,745 (100.0%) | 13,093 (100.0%) | 36,511 (100.0%) | 69,843 (100.0%) | 40,231 (100.0%) | 144,490 (100.0%) | 8,039 (100.0%) | 619,122 (100.0%) |
| 産業分類 (1 5 歳 以 上) | 第1次産業 | 7,681 (6.1%) | 3,520 (2.8%) | 1,245 (3.6%) | 647 (3.0%) | 240 (1.8%) | 1,016 (2.8%) | 2,321 (3.3%) | 1,828 (4.5%) | 5,963 (4.1%) | 499 (6.2%) | 24,960 (4.0%) |
| | 第2次産業 | 20,022 (16.0%) | 35,059 (28.0%) | 10,308 (29.8%) | 5,846 (26.9%) | 4,698 (35.9%) | 9,700 (26.6%) | 19,257 (27.6%) | 10,163 (25.3%) | 33,291 (23.0%) | 1,524 (19.0%) | 149,868 (24.2%) |
| | 第3次産業 | 97,273 (77.7%) | 86,717 (69.2%) | 22,952 (66.4%) | 15,239 (70.1%) | 8,145 (62.2%) | 25,658 (70.3%) | 48,193 (69.0%) | 28,193 (70.1%) | 105,112 (72.7%) | 6,003 (74.7%) | 443,485 (71.6%) |
| | 分類不能の産業 | 286 (0.2%) | 70 (0.1%) | 37 (0.1%) | 13 (0.1%) | 10 (0.1%) | 137 (0.4%) | 72 (0.1%) | 47 (0.1%) | 124 (0.1%) | 13 (0.2%) | 809 (0.1%) |

| 地域ブロック | | H22 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者のうち 就業者数(15歳以上) | | 99,201 (100.0%) | 95,593 (100.0%) | 25,066 (100.0%) | 16,136 (100.0%) | 10,290 (100.0%) | 26,432 (100.0%) | 54,682 (100.0%) | 31,353 (100.0%) | 119,372 (100.0%) | 7,698 (100.0%) | 485,823 (100.0%) |
| 産業分類 (1 5 歳 以 上) | 第1次産業 | 7,958 (8.0%) | 3,971 (4.2%) | 1,772 (7.1%) | 750 (4.6%) | 440 (4.3%) | 1,105 (4.2%) | 2,755 (5.0%) | 2,314 (7.4%) | 7,152 (6.0%) | 546 (7.1%) | 28,763 (5.9%) |
| | 第2次産業 | 13,837 (13.9%) | 23,131 (24.2%) | 5,554 (22.2%) | 4,117 (25.5%) | 3,452 (33.5%) | 5,954 (22.5%) | 14,067 (25.7%) | 7,221 (23.0%) | 24,420 (20.5%) | 862 (11.2%) | 102,615 (21.1%) |
| | 第3次産業 | 76,364 (77.0%) | 67,930 (71.1%) | 17,554 (70.0%) | 11,104 (68.8%) | 6,321 (61.4%) | 19,025 (72.0%) | 36,901 (67.5%) | 21,474 (68.5%) | 86,660 (72.6%) | 6,148 (79.9%) | 349,481 (71.9%) |
| | 分類不能の産業 | 1,042 (1.1%) | 561 (0.6%) | 186 (0.7%) | 165 (1.0%) | 77 (0.7%) | 348 (1.3%) | 959 (1.8%) | 344 (1.1%) | 1,140 (1.0%) | 142 (1.8%) | 4,964 (1.0%) |

| 地域ブロック | | H27 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | 北海道 | 東北 | 関東 | 東海 | 北陸 | 近畿 | 中国 | 四国 | 九州 | 沖縄 | |
| 過疎地域への移住者のうち 就業者数(15歳以上) | | 92,526 (100.0%) | 91,816 (100.0%) | 22,249 (100.0%) | 13,279 (100.0%) | 8,944 (100.0%) | 24,115 (100.0%) | 51,209 (100.0%) | 29,234 (100.0%) | 109,908 (100.0%) | 7,793 (100.0%) | 451,073 (100.0%) |
| 産業分類 (1 5 歳 以 上) | 第1次産業 | 7,811 (8.4%) | 3,670 (4.0%) | 1,794 (8.1%) | 862 (6.5%) | 444 (5.0%) | 1,235 (5.1%) | 3,252 (6.4%) | 2,528 (8.6%) | 7,461 (6.8%) | 499 (6.4%) | 29,556 (6.6%) |
| | 第2次産業 | 12,296 (13.3%) | 23,532 (25.6%) | 4,449 (20.0%) | 3,159 (23.8%) | 2,863 (32.0%) | 5,016 (20.8%) | 13,129 (25.6%) | 6,514 (22.3%) | 21,509 (19.6%) | 1,055 (13.5%) | 93,522 (20.7%) |
| | 第3次産業 | 71,390 (77.2%) | 63,913 (69.6%) | 15,843 (71.2%) | 9,170 (69.1%) | 5,524 (61.8%) | 17,483 (72.5%) | 34,353 (67.1%) | 19,875 (68.0%) | 80,168 (72.9%) | 6,072 (77.9%) | 323,791 (71.8%) |
| | 分類不能の産業 | 1,029 (1.1%) | 701 (0.8%) | 163 (0.7%) | 88 (0.7%) | 113 (1.3%) | 381 (1.6%) | 475 (0.9%) | 317 (1.1%) | 770 (0.7%) | 167 (2.1%) | 4,204 (0.9%) |

2. 過疎地域への移住者の属性に関する都道府県別集計値

①過疎地域への移住者の移住前の地域 [1-2 (2) ②参照]

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住状況

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H12 | 過疎地域への移住者数 | | 都市部から過疎 地域への移住者数 (C) (C/A) | 転入元別内訳 ※()内はAを基数とした構成割合 | | | | 三大都市圏以外の 大都市から | |
|---|---------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|--|
| | | うち同一都道府県 内から | | | 三大都市圏から | | | | | |
| | | (A) | (B) | (B/A) | 首都圏から | 中京圏から | 関西圏から | | | |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 224,044 | 176,597 (78.8%) | 70,021 (31.3%) | 26,965 (12.0%) | 20,106 (9.0%) | 2,551 (1.1%) | 4,308 (1.9%) | 43,056 (19.2%) | |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 26,564 | 15,410 (58.0%) | 7,151 (26.9%) | 6,085 (22.9%) | 5,560 (20.9%) | 288 (1.1%) | 237 (0.9%) | 1,066 (4.0%) | |
| | 3 岩手県 | 44,473 | 22,473 (50.5%) | 13,017 (29.3%) | 10,021 (22.5%) | 9,287 (20.9%) | 395 (0.9%) | 339 (0.8%) | 2,996 (6.7%) | |
| | 4 宮城県 | 17,206 | 9,989 (58.1%) | 7,254 (42.2%) | 2,877 (16.7%) | 2,594 (15.1%) | 124 (0.7%) | 159 (0.9%) | 4,377 (25.4%) | |
| | 5 秋田県 | 49,570 | 24,913 (50.3%) | 14,590 (29.4%) | 11,542 (23.3%) | 10,537 (21.3%) | 568 (1.1%) | 437 (0.9%) | 3,048 (6.1%) | |
| | 6 山形県 | 22,982 | 11,498 (50.0%) | 7,071 (30.8%) | 5,400 (23.5%) | 4,949 (21.5%) | 177 (0.8%) | 274 (1.2%) | 1,671 (7.3%) | |
| | 7 福島県 | 23,270 | 13,894 (59.7%) | 6,174 (26.5%) | 5,348 (23.0%) | 5,015 (21.6%) | 160 (0.7%) | 173 (0.7%) | 826 (3.5%) | |
| | 15 新潟県 | 27,035 | 13,033 (48.2%) | 13,616 (50.4%) | 8,635 (31.9%) | 7,637 (28.2%) | 438 (1.6%) | 560 (2.1%) | 4,981 (18.4%) | |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・ 東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及 び一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 5,970 | 3,393 (56.8%) | 1,924 (32.2%) | 1,869 (31.3%) | 1,795 (30.1%) | 24 (0.4%) | 50 (0.8%) | 55 (0.9%) | |
| | 9 栃木県 | 3,625 | 1,952 (53.8%) | 944 (26.0%) | 883 (24.4%) | 790 (21.8%) | 48 (1.3%) | 45 (1.2%) | 61 (1.7%) | |
| | 10 群馬県 | 9,686 | 4,715 (48.7%) | 3,120 (32.2%) | 2,954 (30.5%) | 2,715 (28.0%) | 90 (0.5%) | 149 (1.5%) | 166 (1.7%) | |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 1,642 | 1,013 (61.7%) | 1,295 (78.9%) | 1,281 (78.0%) | 1,263 (76.9%) | 9 (0.5%) | 9 (0.5%) | 14 (0.9%) | |
| | 12 千葉県 | 11,488 | 5,624 (49.0%) | 8,845 (77.0%) | 8,605 (74.9%) | 8,291 (72.2%) | 104 (0.9%) | 210 (1.8%) | 240 (2.1%) | |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,725 | 1,804 (66.2%) | 2,479 (91.0%) | 2,448 (89.8%) | 2,407 (88.3%) | 10 (0.4%) | 31 (1.1%) | 31 (1.1%) | |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 974 | 622 (63.9%) | 837 (85.9%) | 819 (84.1%) | 804 (82.5%) | 11 (1.1%) | 4 (0.4%) | 18 (1.8%) | |
| | 19 山梨県 | 7,212 | 3,559 (49.3%) | 2,394 (33.2%) | 2,221 (30.8%) | 1,974 (27.4%) | 124 (1.7%) | 123 (1.7%) | 173 (2.4%) | |
| | 20 長野県 | 19,067 | 9,623 (50.5%) | 6,785 (35.6%) | 6,438 (33.8%) | 3,816 (20.0%) | 1,656 (8.7%) | 966 (5.1%) | 347 (1.8%) | |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 13,595 | 6,840 (50.3%) | 10,868 (79.9%) | 10,624 (78.1%) | 901 (6.6%) | 9,106 (67.0%) | 617 (4.5%) | 244 (1.8%) | |
| 東海 (岐阜県・愛知 県・三重県の非過 疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村+静岡 市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 8,491 | 4,041 (47.6%) | 4,131 (48.7%) | 3,347 (39.4%) | 2,795 (32.9%) | 382 (4.5%) | 170 (2.0%) | 784 (9.2%) | |
| | 23 愛知県 | 3,377 | 2,319 (68.7%) | 2,726 (80.7%) | 2,565 (76.0%) | 209 (6.2%) | 2,247 (66.5%) | 109 (3.2%) | 161 (4.8%) | |
| | 24 三重県 | 11,278 | 5,668 (50.3%) | 8,187 (72.6%) | 8,040 (71.3%) | 605 (5.4%) | 5,917 (52.5%) | 1,518 (13.5%) | 147 (1.3%) | |
| | 16 富山県 | 7,263 | 3,253 (44.8%) | 1,898 (26.1%) | 1,725 (23.8%) | 861 (11.9%) | 409 (5.6%) | 455 (6.3%) | 173 (2.4%) | |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 9,991 | 5,886 (58.9%) | 2,466 (24.7%) | 2,269 (22.7%) | 943 (9.4%) | 481 (4.8%) | 845 (8.5%) | 197 (2.0%) | |
| | 18 福井県 | 3,661 | 1,692 (46.2%) | 1,105 (30.2%) | 1,049 (28.7%) | 258 (7.0%) | 295 (8.1%) | 496 (13.5%) | 56 (1.5%) | |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 373 | 119 (31.9%) | 192 (51.5%) | 181 (48.5%) | 13 (3.5%) | 29 (7.8%) | 139 (37.3%) | 11 (2.9%) | |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・ 兵庫県の非過疎市 町村及び一部過疎市 町村) | 26 京都府 | 14,970 | 7,831 (52.3%) | 11,452 (76.5%) | 11,202 (74.8%) | 633 (4.2%) | 424 (2.8%) | 10,145 (67.8%) | 250 (1.7%) | |
| | 27 大阪府 | 549 | 450 (82.0%) | 523 (95.3%) | 511 (93.1%) | 23 (4.2%) | 6 (1.1%) | 482 (87.8%) | 12 (2.2%) | |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 15,787 | 9,079 (57.5%) | 12,409 (78.6%) | 12,111 (76.7%) | 521 (3.3%) | 313 (2.0%) | 11,277 (71.4%) | 298 (1.9%) | |
| | 29 奈良県 | 12,426 | 6,626 (53.3%) | 9,536 (76.7%) | 9,385 (75.5%) | 409 (3.3%) | 410 (3.3%) | 8,566 (68.9%) | 151 (1.2%) | |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 26,006 | 12,515 (48.1%) | 10,793 (41.5%) | 10,483 (40.3%) | 1,334 (5.1%) | 1,464 (5.6%) | 7,685 (29.6%) | 310 (1.2%) | |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 6,145 | 3,165 (51.5%) | 1,838 (29.9%) | 1,538 (25.0%) | 352 (5.7%) | 116 (1.9%) | 1,070 (17.4%) | 300 (4.9%) | |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 35,451 | 15,399 (43.4%) | 11,328 (32.0%) | 7,566 (21.3%) | 2,234 (6.3%) | 659 (1.9%) | 4,673 (13.2%) | 3,762 (10.6%) | |
| | 33 岡山県 | 30,697 | 15,105 (49.2%) | 12,988 (42.3%) | 7,205 (23.5%) | 1,342 (4.4%) | 524 (1.7%) | 5,339 (17.4%) | 5,783 (18.8%) | |
| | 34 広島県 | 32,469 | 19,626 (60.4%) | 14,157 (43.6%) | 5,043 (15.5%) | 1,923 (5.9%) | 492 (1.5%) | 2,628 (8.1%) | 9,114 (28.1%) | |
| | 35 山口県 | 19,089 | 9,554 (50.0%) | 5,838 (30.6%) | 3,394 (17.8%) | 1,336 (7.0%) | 393 (2.1%) | 1,665 (8.7%) | 2,444 (12.8%) | |
| | 36 徳島県 | 11,368 | 6,012 (52.9%) | 2,748 (24.2%) | 2,577 (22.7%) | 472 (4.2%) | 208 (1.8%) | 1,897 (16.7%) | 171 (1.5%) | |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 8,176 | 4,113 (50.3%) | 2,333 (28.5%) | 2,031 (24.8%) | 509 (6.2%) | 160 (2.0%) | 1,362 (16.7%) | 302 (3.7%) | |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 32,818 | 19,132 (58.3%) | 7,917 (24.1%) | 6,581 (20.1%) | 1,965 (6.0%) | 628 (1.9%) | 3,988 (12.2%) | 1,336 (4.1%) | |
| | 39 高知県 | 21,130 | 11,660 (55.2%) | 5,430 (25.7%) | 4,916 (23.3%) | 1,317 (6.2%) | 492 (2.3%) | 3,107 (14.7%) | 514 (2.4%) | |
| | 40 福岡県 | 45,218 | 28,690 (63.4%) | 13,449 (29.7%) | 5,464 (12.1%) | 2,838 (6.3%) | 809 (1.8%) | 1,817 (4.0%) | 7,985 (17.7%) | |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・ 熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 8,537 | 4,925 (57.7%) | 1,994 (23.4%) | 1,109 (13.0%) | 469 (5.5%) | 184 (2.2%) | 456 (5.3%) | 885 (10.4%) | |
| | 42 長崎県 | 40,417 | 20,861 (51.6%) | 11,879 (29.4%) | 7,411 (18.3%) | 2,869 (7.1%) | 1,542 (3.8%) | 3,000 (7.4%) | 4,468 (11.1%) | |
| | 43 熊本県 | 34,373 | 19,075 (55.5%) | 15,217 (44.3%) | 5,810 (16.9%) | 2,319 (6.7%) | 1,105 (3.2%) | 2,386 (6.9%) | 9,407 (27.4%) | |
| | 44 大分県 | 43,699 | 21,278 (48.7%) | 12,303 (28.2%) | 7,366 (16.9%) | 3,358 (7.7%) | 1,107 (2.5%) | 2,901 (6.6%) | 4,937 (11.3%) | |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 18,738 | 9,800 (52.3%) | 4,946 (26.4%) | 3,923 (20.9%) | 1,616 (8.6%) | 798 (4.3%) | 1,509 (8.1%) | 1,023 (5.5%) | |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 81,464 | 47,158 (57.9%) | 23,025 (28.3%) | 19,877 (24.4%) | 8,314 (10.2%) | 2,699 (3.3%) | 8,864 (10.9%) | 3,148 (3.9%) | |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 13,045 | 7,674 (58.8%) | 3,974 (30.5%) | 3,631 (27.8%) | 2,329 (17.9%) | 500 (3.8%) | 802 (6.1%) | 343 (2.6%) | |
| 合計 | | 1,108,134 | 649,658 (58.6%) | 395,167 (35.7%) | 273,325 (24.7%) | 134,607 (12.1%) | 40,676 (3.7%) | 98,042 (8.8%) | 121,842 (11.0%) | |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住状況

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H22 | 過疎地域への移住者数 | 転入元別内訳 ※()内はAを基数とした構成割合 | | | | | | |
|---|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| | | | うち同一都道府県 内から | | 都市部から過疎 地域への移住者数 | | 三大都市圏から | | |
| | | | (A) | (B) | (B/A) | (C) | (C/A) | 首都圏から | 中京圏から |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 172,491 | 135,453 (78.5%) | 50,884 (29.5%) | 17,786 (10.3%) | 12,918 (7.5%) | 2,067 (1.2%) | 2,801 (1.6%) | 33,098 (19.2%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 19,659 | 12,131 (61.7%) | 4,143 (21.1%) | 3,331 (16.9%) | 2,940 (15.0%) | 205 (1.0%) | 186 (0.9%) | 812 (4.1%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 32,750 | 18,037 (55.1%) | 7,335 (22.4%) | 5,292 (16.2%) | 4,781 (14.6%) | 279 (0.9%) | 232 (0.7%) | 2,043 (6.2%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 13,198 | 7,718 (58.5%) | 4,759 (36.1%) | 1,863 (14.1%) | 1,631 (12.4%) | 121 (0.9%) | 111 (0.8%) | 2,896 (21.9%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 40,022 | 21,088 (52.7%) | 9,780 (24.4%) | 7,402 (18.5%) | 6,503 (16.2%) | 500 (1.2%) | 399 (1.0%) | 2,378 (5.9%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 19,628 | 10,500 (53.5%) | 5,178 (26.4%) | 3,670 (18.7%) | 3,310 (16.9%) | 158 (0.8%) | 202 (1.0%) | 1,508 (7.7%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 18,624 | 11,767 (63.2%) | 4,172 (22.4%) | 3,560 (19.1%) | 3,323 (17.8%) | 114 (0.6%) | 123 (0.7%) | 612 (3.3%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 20,461 | 10,796 (52.8%) | 9,433 (46.1%) | 5,567 (27.2%) | 4,856 (23.7%) | 273 (1.3%) | 438 (2.1%) | 3,866 (18.9%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・ 東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 4,410 | 2,315 (52.5%) | 1,552 (35.2%) | 1,497 (33.9%) | 1,422 (32.2%) | 37 (0.8%) | 38 (0.9%) | 55 (1.2%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 2,691 | 1,483 (55.1%) | 672 (25.0%) | 636 (23.6%) | 580 (21.6%) | 27 (1.0%) | 29 (1.1%) | 36 (1.3%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 6,785 | 3,452 (50.9%) | 2,062 (30.4%) | 1,961 (28.9%) | 1,786 (26.3%) | 69 (1.0%) | 106 (1.6%) | 101 (1.5%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 1,042 | 740 (71.0%) | 885 (84.9%) | 880 (84.5%) | 869 (83.4%) | 4 (0.4%) | 7 (0.7%) | 5 (0.5%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 9,938 | 4,580 (46.1%) | 7,467 (75.1%) | 7,311 (73.6%) | 7,076 (71.2%) | 102 (1.0%) | 133 (1.3%) | 156 (1.6%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 3,135 | 1,942 (61.9%) | 2,715 (86.6%) | 2,663 (84.9%) | 2,605 (83.1%) | 14 (0.4%) | 44 (1.4%) | 52 (1.7%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 792 | 454 (57.3%) | 675 (85.2%) | 664 (83.8%) | 636 (80.3%) | 14 (1.8%) | 14 (1.8%) | 11 (1.4%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 5,135 | 2,726 (53.1%) | 1,588 (30.9%) | 1,456 (28.4%) | 1,277 (24.9%) | 95 (1.9%) | 84 (1.6%) | 132 (2.6%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 13,456 | 7,377 (54.8%) | 4,224 (31.4%) | 4,015 (29.8%) | 2,516 (18.7%) | 1,035 (7.7%) | 464 (3.4%) | 209 (1.6%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 9,356 | 4,798 (51.3%) | 7,151 (76.4%) | 6,996 (74.8%) | 565 (6.0%) | 6,045 (64.6%) | 386 (4.1%) | 155 (1.7%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・ 三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村+ 静岡市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 6,901 | 3,387 (49.1%) | 3,097 (44.9%) | 2,516 (36.5%) | 2,048 (29.7%) | 328 (4.8%) | 140 (2.0%) | 581 (8.4%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 2,513 | 1,664 (66.2%) | 1,838 (73.1%) | 1,742 (69.3%) | 106 (4.2%) | 1,576 (62.7%) | 60 (2.4%) | 96 (3.8%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 9,035 | 4,431 (49.0%) | 6,117 (67.7%) | 5,956 (65.9%) | 483 (5.3%) | 4,456 (49.3%) | 1,017 (11.3%) | 161 (1.8%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 6,270 | 2,695 (43.0%) | 1,511 (24.1%) | 1,386 (22.1%) | 650 (10.4%) | 363 (5.8%) | 373 (5.9%) | 125 (2.0%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 8,025 | 4,426 (55.2%) | 1,804 (22.5%) | 1,682 (21.0%) | 751 (9.4%) | 336 (4.2%) | 595 (7.4%) | 122 (1.5%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 2,845 | 1,517 (53.3%) | 668 (23.5%) | 645 (22.7%) | 180 (6.3%) | 164 (5.8%) | 301 (10.6%) | 23 (0.8%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 201 | 68 (33.8%) | 78 (38.8%) | 74 (36.8%) | 7 (3.5%) | 13 (6.5%) | 54 (26.9%) | 4 (2.0%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・ 兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 26 京都府 | 11,218 | 5,460 (48.7%) | 8,125 (72.4%) | 7,918 (70.6%) | 501 (4.5%) | 348 (3.1%) | 7,069 (63.0%) | 207 (1.8%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 343 | 280 (81.6%) | 322 (93.9%) | 318 (92.7%) | 6 (1.7%) | 5 (1.5%) | 307 (89.5%) | 4 (1.2%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 11,699 | 6,722 (57.5%) | 8,777 (75.0%) | 8,571 (73.3%) | 404 (3.5%) | 205 (1.8%) | 7,962 (68.1%) | 206 (1.8%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 8,669 | 4,782 (55.2%) | 6,354 (73.3%) | 6,255 (72.2%) | 243 (2.8%) | 403 (4.6%) | 5,609 (64.7%) | 99 (1.1%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 19,266 | 10,275 (53.3%) | 6,998 (36.3%) | 6,755 (35.1%) | 917 (4.8%) | 1,160 (6.0%) | 4,678 (24.3%) | 243 (1.3%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 4,802 | 2,578 (53.7%) | 1,147 (23.9%) | 985 (20.5%) | 234 (4.9%) | 52 (1.1%) | 699 (14.6%) | 162 (3.4%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 29,373 | 12,272 (41.8%) | 9,098 (31.0%) | 6,444 (21.9%) | 2,257 (7.7%) | 581 (2.0%) | 3,606 (12.3%) | 2,654 (9.0%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 24,189 | 12,021 (49.7%) | 9,167 (37.9%) | 5,028 (20.8%) | 1,101 (4.6%) | 358 (1.5%) | 3,569 (14.8%) | 4,139 (17.1%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 26,129 | 15,121 (57.9%) | 10,738 (41.1%) | 3,804 (14.6%) | 1,555 (6.0%) | 333 (1.3%) | 1,916 (7.3%) | 6,934 (26.5%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 14,042 | 6,478 (46.1%) | 4,253 (30.3%) | 2,589 (18.4%) | 1,150 (8.2%) | 272 (1.9%) | 1,167 (8.3%) | 1,664 (11.9%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 8,038 | 4,358 (54.2%) | 1,731 (21.5%) | 1,601 (19.9%) | 340 (4.2%) | 133 (1.7%) | 1,128 (14.0%) | 130 (1.6%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 7,187 | 3,585 (49.9%) | 1,927 (26.8%) | 1,672 (23.3%) | 456 (6.3%) | 129 (1.8%) | 1,087 (15.1%) | 255 (3.5%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 25,753 | 14,814 (57.5%) | 5,249 (20.4%) | 4,423 (17.2%) | 1,467 (5.7%) | 445 (1.7%) | 2,511 (9.8%) | 826 (3.2%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 16,904 | 9,643 (57.0%) | 3,448 (20.4%) | 3,132 (18.5%) | 932 (5.5%) | 363 (2.1%) | 1,837 (10.9%) | 316 (1.9%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 39,992 | 26,262 (65.7%) | 10,492 (26.2%) | 3,850 (9.6%) | 2,030 (5.1%) | 686 (1.7%) | 1,134 (2.8%) | 6,642 (16.6%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 7,715 | 4,693 (60.8%) | 1,423 (18.4%) | 773 (10.0%) | 349 (4.5%) | 152 (2.0%) | 272 (3.5%) | 650 (8.4%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 29,645 | 15,955 (53.8%) | 7,533 (25.4%) | 4,451 (15.0%) | 1,851 (6.2%) | 975 (3.3%) | 1,625 (5.5%) | 3,082 (10.4%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 27,798 | 16,181 (58.2%) | 11,595 (41.7%) | 3,878 (14.0%) | 1,710 (6.2%) | 729 (2.6%) | 1,439 (5.2%) | 7,717 (27.8%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 36,830 | 18,060 (49.0%) | 9,174 (24.9%) | 5,173 (14.0%) | 2,411 (6.5%) | 821 (2.2%) | 1,941 (5.3%) | 4,001 (10.9%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 14,946 | 7,565 (50.6%) | 3,703 (24.8%) | 2,767 (18.5%) | 1,160 (7.8%) | 599 (4.0%) | 1,008 (6.7%) | 936 (6.3%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 66,190 | 38,994 (58.9%) | 16,155 (24.4%) | 13,189 (19.9%) | 6,044 (9.1%) | 1,869 (2.8%) | 5,276 (8.0%) | 2,966 (4.5%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 12,273 | 7,047 (57.4%) | 3,677 (30.0%) | 3,254 (26.5%) | 1,945 (15.8%) | 505 (4.1%) | 804 (6.6%) | 423 (3.4%) |
| | 合計 | 872,364 | 518,691 (59.5%) | 280,874 (32.2%) | 187,381 (21.5%) | 92,882 (10.6%) | 29,518 (3.4%) | 64,981 (7.4%) | 93,493 (10.7%) |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住状況

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H27 | 過疎地域への移住者数 うち同一都道府県 内から (A) (B) (B/A) | 都市部から過疎 地域への移住者数 (C) (C/A) | 転入元別内訳 ※()内はAを基数とした構成割合 | | | | | |
|---|---------|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| | | | | 三大都市圏から | | | 三大都市圏以外の 大都市から | | |
| | | | | 首都圏から | 中京圏から | 関西圏から | 首都圏から | 中京圏から | 関西圏から |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 151,509 | 116,853 (77.1%) | 46,225 (30.5%) | 16,879 (11.1%) | 12,718 (8.4%) | 1,623 (1.1%) | 2,538 (1.7%) | 29,346 (19.4%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 15,912 | 10,150 (63.8%) | 3,393 (21.3%) | 2,778 (17.5%) | 2,457 (15.4%) | 193 (1.2%) | 128 (0.8%) | 615 (3.9%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 36,994 | 18,130 (49.0%) | 9,085 (24.6%) | 6,831 (18.5%) | 5,722 (15.5%) | 533 (1.4%) | 576 (1.6%) | 2,254 (6.1%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 12,742 | 7,056 (55.4%) | 4,389 (34.4%) | 2,043 (16.0%) | 1,683 (13.2%) | 163 (1.3%) | 197 (1.5%) | 2,346 (18.4%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 32,976 | 17,696 (53.7%) | 8,202 (24.9%) | 6,347 (19.2%) | 5,647 (17.1%) | 378 (1.1%) | 322 (1.0%) | 1,855 (5.6%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 16,993 | 8,926 (52.5%) | 4,491 (26.4%) | 3,333 (19.6%) | 2,902 (17.1%) | 175 (1.0%) | 256 (1.5%) | 1,158 (6.8%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 17,778 | 11,204 (63.0%) | 3,740 (21.0%) | 3,121 (17.6%) | 2,705 (15.2%) | 183 (1.0%) | 233 (1.3%) | 619 (3.5%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 16,423 | 8,798 (53.6%) | 7,591 (46.2%) | 4,406 (26.8%) | 3,863 (23.5%) | 236 (1.4%) | 307 (1.9%) | 3,185 (19.4%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・ 東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及 び一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 2,977 | 1,632 (54.8%) | 925 (31.1%) | 899 (30.2%) | 862 (29.0%) | 22 (0.7%) | 15 (0.5%) | 26 (0.9%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 1,971 | 1,168 (59.3%) | 462 (23.4%) | 438 (22.2%) | 384 (19.5%) | 36 (1.8%) | 18 (0.9%) | 24 (1.2%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 5,912 | 2,892 (48.9%) | 1,733 (29.3%) | 1,643 (27.8%) | 1,478 (25.0%) | 66 (1.1%) | 99 (1.7%) | 90 (1.5%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 855 | 602 (70.4%) | 730 (85.4%) | 725 (84.8%) | 716 (83.7%) | 4 (0.5%) | 5 (0.6%) | 5 (0.6%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 9,036 | 4,235 (46.9%) | 6,653 (73.6%) | 6,492 (71.8%) | 6,275 (69.4%) | 85 (0.9%) | 132 (1.5%) | 161 (1.8%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,892 | 1,849 (63.9%) | 2,506 (86.7%) | 2,453 (84.8%) | 2,400 (83.0%) | 18 (0.6%) | 35 (1.2%) | 53 (1.8%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 581 | 347 (59.7%) | 492 (84.7%) | 486 (83.6%) | 478 (82.3%) | 2 (0.3%) | 6 (1.0%) | 6 (1.0%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 4,455 | 2,330 (52.3%) | 1,397 (31.4%) | 1,293 (29.0%) | 1,150 (25.8%) | 76 (1.7%) | 67 (1.5%) | 104 (2.3%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 11,803 | 6,268 (53.1%) | 3,925 (33.3%) | 3,732 (31.6%) | 2,370 (20.1%) | 961 (8.1%) | 401 (3.4%) | 193 (1.6%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 7,713 | 3,911 (50.7%) | 5,866 (76.1%) | 5,741 (74.4%) | 509 (6.6%) | 4,900 (63.5%) | 332 (4.3%) | 125 (1.6%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知 県・三重県の非過 疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村+静岡 市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 5,325 | 2,662 (50.0%) | 2,459 (46.2%) | 1,980 (37.2%) | 1,601 (30.1%) | 285 (5.4%) | 94 (1.8%) | 479 (9.0%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 2,237 | 1,472 (65.8%) | 1,691 (75.6%) | 1,587 (70.9%) | 110 (4.9%) | 1,414 (63.2%) | 63 (2.8%) | 104 (4.6%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 7,339 | 3,974 (54.1%) | 5,095 (69.4%) | 4,994 (68.0%) | 406 (5.5%) | 3,862 (52.6%) | 726 (9.9%) | 101 (1.4%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 4,987 | 2,338 (46.9%) | 1,083 (21.7%) | 998 (20.0%) | 550 (11.0%) | 206 (4.1%) | 242 (4.9%) | 85 (1.7%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 7,365 | 3,918 (53.2%) | 1,872 (25.4%) | 1,745 (23.7%) | 797 (10.8%) | 367 (5.0%) | 581 (7.9%) | 127 (1.7%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 2,485 | 1,330 (53.5%) | 527 (21.2%) | 498 (20.0%) | 155 (6.2%) | 133 (5.4%) | 210 (8.5%) | 29 (1.2%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 158 | 45 (28.5%) | 66 (41.8%) | 64 (40.5%) | 10 (6.3%) | 13 (8.2%) | 41 (25.9%) | 2 (1.3%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・ 兵庫県の非過疎市 町村及び一部過疎 市町村) | 26 京都府 | 9,682 | 4,783 (49.4%) | 7,096 (73.3%) | 6,933 (71.6%) | 574 (5.9%) | 297 (3.1%) | 6,062 (62.6%) | 163 (1.7%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 270 | 221 (81.9%) | 257 (95.2%) | 253 (93.7%) | 9 (3.3%) | 3 (1.1%) | 241 (89.3%) | 4 (1.5%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 10,245 | 5,971 (58.3%) | 7,671 (74.9%) | 7,513 (73.3%) | 437 (4.3%) | 160 (1.6%) | 6,916 (67.5%) | 158 (1.5%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 7,407 | 4,048 (54.7%) | 5,446 (73.5%) | 5,381 (72.6%) | 360 (4.9%) | 384 (5.2%) | 4,637 (62.6%) | 65 (0.9%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 17,115 | 9,556 (55.8%) | 5,874 (34.3%) | 5,674 (33.2%) | 957 (5.6%) | 916 (5.4%) | 3,801 (22.2%) | 200 (1.2%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 4,357 | 2,314 (53.1%) | 1,134 (26.0%) | 979 (22.5%) | 348 (8.0%) | 41 (0.9%) | 590 (13.5%) | 155 (3.6%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 26,445 | 10,983 (41.5%) | 8,457 (32.0%) | 6,024 (22.8%) | 2,511 (9.5%) | 521 (2.0%) | 2,992 (11.3%) | 2,433 (9.2%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 22,516 | 11,186 (49.7%) | 8,365 (37.2%) | 4,703 (20.9%) | 1,399 (6.2%) | 372 (1.7%) | 2,932 (13.0%) | 3,662 (16.3%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 23,957 | 13,691 (57.1%) | 9,509 (39.7%) | 3,539 (14.8%) | 1,627 (6.8%) | 296 (1.2%) | 1,616 (6.7%) | 5,970 (24.9%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 12,529 | 5,846 (46.7%) | 3,669 (29.3%) | 2,417 (19.3%) | 1,183 (9.4%) | 286 (2.3%) | 948 (7.6%) | 1,252 (10.0%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 7,377 | 3,904 (52.9%) | 1,652 (22.4%) | 1,545 (20.9%) | 445 (6.0%) | 107 (1.5%) | 993 (13.5%) | 107 (1.5%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 6,205 | 3,049 (49.1%) | 1,688 (27.2%) | 1,468 (23.7%) | 508 (8.2%) | 115 (1.9%) | 845 (13.6%) | 220 (3.5%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 22,213 | 12,935 (58.2%) | 4,296 (19.3%) | 3,628 (16.3%) | 1,443 (6.5%) | 344 (1.5%) | 1,841 (8.3%) | 668 (3.0%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 15,797 | 8,552 (54.1%) | 3,701 (23.4%) | 3,363 (21.3%) | 1,087 (6.9%) | 354 (2.2%) | 1,922 (12.2%) | 338 (2.1%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 36,379 | 23,554 (64.7%) | 9,568 (26.3%) | 3,698 (10.2%) | 2,053 (5.6%) | 631 (1.7%) | 1,014 (2.8%) | 5,870 (16.1%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡 市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 6,743 | 4,212 (62.5%) | 1,195 (17.7%) | 733 (10.9%) | 354 (5.2%) | 154 (2.3%) | 225 (3.3%) | 462 (6.9%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 25,970 | 13,388 (51.6%) | 6,811 (26.2%) | 4,040 (15.6%) | 1,845 (7.1%) | 864 (3.3%) | 1,331 (5.1%) | 2,771 (10.7%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 24,411 | 13,943 (57.1%) | 10,214 (41.8%) | 3,751 (15.4%) | 1,878 (7.7%) | 679 (2.8%) | 1,194 (4.9%) | 6,463 (26.5%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 30,785 | 15,389 (50.0%) | 7,514 (24.4%) | 4,607 (15.0%) | 2,377 (7.7%) | 612 (2.0%) | 1,618 (5.3%) | 2,907 (9.4%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 13,306 | 6,906 (51.9%) | 3,297 (24.8%) | 2,520 (18.9%) | 1,252 (9.4%) | 458 (3.4%) | 810 (6.1%) | 777 (5.8%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 58,277 | 34,345 (58.9%) | 13,972 (24.0%) | 11,482 (19.7%) | 5,803 (10.0%) | 1,467 (2.5%) | 4,212 (7.2%) | 2,490 (4.3%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 11,792 | 6,643 (56.3%) | 3,561 (30.2%) | 3,164 (26.8%) | 1,969 (16.7%) | 457 (3.9%) | 738 (6.3%) | 397 (3.4%) |
| | 合計 | 773,196 | 455,205 (58.9%) | 249,545 (32.3%) | 168,921 (21.8%) | 88,367 (11.4%) | 25,452 (3.3%) | 55,102 (7.1%) | 80,624 (10.4%) |

②性別 [1-2 (2) ④参照]

■都市部から過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | | H12 | | | H22 | | | H27 | | |
|--|---------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数 | 性別 | | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数 | 性別 | | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数 | 性別 | |
| | | | 男性 | 女性 | | 男性 | 女性 | | 男性 | 女性 |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 70,021 (100.0%) | 40,740 (58.2%) | 29,281 (41.8%) | 50,884 (100.0%) | 29,820 (58.6%) | 21,064 (41.4%) | 46,225 (100.0%) | 27,034 (58.5%) | 19,191 (41.5%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 7,151 (100.0%) | 4,089 (57.2%) | 3,062 (42.8%) | 4,143 (100.0%) | 2,508 (60.5%) | 1,635 (39.5%) | 3,393 (100.0%) | 1,960 (57.8%) | 1,433 (42.2%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 13,017 (100.0%) | 7,333 (56.3%) | 5,684 (43.7%) | 7,335 (100.0%) | 4,117 (56.1%) | 3,218 (43.9%) | 9,085 (100.0%) | 5,846 (64.3%) | 3,239 (35.7%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 7,254 (100.0%) | 3,904 (53.8%) | 3,350 (46.2%) | 4,759 (100.0%) | 2,609 (54.8%) | 2,150 (45.2%) | 4,389 (100.0%) | 2,605 (59.4%) | 1,784 (40.6%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 14,590 (100.0%) | 8,006 (54.9%) | 6,584 (45.1%) | 9,780 (100.0%) | 5,470 (55.9%) | 4,310 (44.1%) | 8,202 (100.0%) | 4,608 (56.2%) | 3,594 (43.8%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 7,071 (100.0%) | 3,852 (54.5%) | 3,219 (45.5%) | 5,178 (100.0%) | 2,891 (55.8%) | 2,287 (44.2%) | 4,491 (100.0%) | 2,468 (55.0%) | 2,023 (45.0%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 6,174 (100.0%) | 3,404 (55.1%) | 2,770 (44.9%) | 4,172 (100.0%) | 2,308 (55.3%) | 1,864 (44.7%) | 3,740 (100.0%) | 2,321 (62.1%) | 1,419 (37.9%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 13,616 (100.0%) | 7,619 (56.0%) | 5,997 (44.0%) | 9,433 (100.0%) | 5,403 (57.3%) | 4,030 (42.7%) | 7,591 (100.0%) | 4,283 (56.4%) | 3,308 (43.6%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 1,924 (100.0%) | 1,018 (52.9%) | 906 (47.1%) | 1,552 (100.0%) | 800 (51.5%) | 752 (48.5%) | 925 (100.0%) | 491 (53.1%) | 434 (46.9%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 944 (100.0%) | 525 (55.6%) | 419 (44.4%) | 672 (100.0%) | 407 (60.6%) | 265 (39.4%) | 462 (100.0%) | 255 (55.2%) | 207 (44.8%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 3,120 (100.0%) | 1,819 (58.3%) | 1,301 (41.7%) | 2,062 (100.0%) | 1,140 (55.3%) | 922 (44.7%) | 1,733 (100.0%) | 972 (56.1%) | 761 (43.9%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 1,295 (100.0%) | 595 (45.9%) | 700 (54.1%) | 885 (100.0%) | 395 (44.6%) | 490 (55.4%) | 730 (100.0%) | 357 (48.9%) | 373 (51.1%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 8,845 (100.0%) | 4,570 (51.7%) | 4,275 (48.3%) | 7,467 (100.0%) | 3,936 (52.7%) | 3,531 (47.3%) | 6,653 (100.0%) | 3,574 (53.7%) | 3,079 (46.3%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,479 (100.0%) | 1,318 (53.2%) | 1,161 (46.8%) | 2,715 (100.0%) | 1,505 (55.4%) | 1,210 (44.6%) | 2,506 (100.0%) | 1,427 (56.9%) | 1,079 (43.1%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 837 (100.0%) | 389 (46.5%) | 448 (53.5%) | 675 (100.0%) | 332 (49.2%) | 343 (50.8%) | 492 (100.0%) | 215 (43.7%) | 277 (56.3%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 2,394 (100.0%) | 1,353 (56.5%) | 1,041 (43.5%) | 1,588 (100.0%) | 892 (56.2%) | 696 (43.8%) | 1,397 (100.0%) | 748 (53.5%) | 649 (46.5%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 6,785 (100.0%) | 3,705 (54.6%) | 3,080 (45.4%) | 4,224 (100.0%) | 2,296 (54.4%) | 1,928 (45.6%) | 3,925 (100.0%) | 2,122 (54.1%) | 1,803 (45.9%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 10,868 (100.0%) | 5,700 (52.4%) | 5,168 (47.6%) | 7,151 (100.0%) | 3,570 (49.9%) | 3,581 (50.1%) | 5,866 (100.0%) | 2,947 (50.2%) | 2,919 (49.8%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村十静岡市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 4,131 (100.0%) | 2,254 (54.6%) | 1,877 (45.4%) | 3,097 (100.0%) | 1,766 (57.0%) | 1,331 (43.0%) | 2,459 (100.0%) | 1,432 (58.2%) | 1,027 (41.8%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 2,726 (100.0%) | 1,436 (52.7%) | 1,290 (47.3%) | 1,838 (100.0%) | 982 (53.4%) | 856 (46.6%) | 1,691 (100.0%) | 905 (53.5%) | 786 (46.5%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 8,187 (100.0%) | 4,275 (52.2%) | 3,912 (47.8%) | 6,117 (100.0%) | 3,492 (57.1%) | 2,625 (42.9%) | 5,095 (100.0%) | 2,757 (54.1%) | 2,338 (45.9%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,898 (100.0%) | 1,111 (58.5%) | 787 (41.5%) | 1,511 (100.0%) | 816 (54.0%) | 695 (46.0%) | 1,083 (100.0%) | 578 (53.4%) | 505 (46.6%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 2,466 (100.0%) | 1,385 (56.2%) | 1,081 (43.8%) | 1,804 (100.0%) | 1,078 (59.8%) | 726 (40.2%) | 1,872 (100.0%) | 1,165 (62.2%) | 707 (37.8%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 1,105 (100.0%) | 640 (57.9%) | 465 (42.1%) | 668 (100.0%) | 358 (53.6%) | 310 (46.4%) | 527 (100.0%) | 279 (52.9%) | 248 (47.1%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 192 (100.0%) | 95 (49.5%) | 97 (50.5%) | 78 (100.0%) | 36 (46.2%) | 42 (53.8%) | 66 (100.0%) | 35 (53.0%) | 31 (47.0%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 26 京都府 | 11,452 (100.0%) | 5,825 (50.9%) | 5,627 (49.1%) | 8,125 (100.0%) | 4,167 (51.3%) | 3,958 (48.7%) | 7,096 (100.0%) | 3,664 (51.6%) | 3,432 (48.4%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 523 (100.0%) | 229 (43.8%) | 294 (56.2%) | 322 (100.0%) | 141 (43.8%) | 181 (56.2%) | 257 (100.0%) | 127 (49.4%) | 130 (50.6%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 12,409 (100.0%) | 6,051 (48.8%) | 6,358 (51.2%) | 8,777 (100.0%) | 4,202 (47.9%) | 4,575 (52.1%) | 7,671 (100.0%) | 3,814 (49.7%) | 3,857 (50.3%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 9,536 (100.0%) | 4,705 (49.3%) | 4,831 (50.7%) | 6,354 (100.0%) | 3,140 (49.4%) | 3,214 (50.6%) | 5,446 (100.0%) | 2,744 (50.4%) | 2,702 (49.6%) |
| | 30 和歌山县 | 10,793 (100.0%) | 5,920 (54.9%) | 4,873 (45.1%) | 6,998 (100.0%) | 3,906 (55.8%) | 3,092 (44.2%) | 5,874 (100.0%) | 3,245 (55.2%) | 2,629 (44.8%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 1,838 (100.0%) | 971 (52.8%) | 867 (47.2%) | 1,147 (100.0%) | 587 (51.2%) | 560 (48.8%) | 1,134 (100.0%) | 608 (53.6%) | 526 (46.4%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 11,328 (100.0%) | 6,258 (55.2%) | 5,070 (44.8%) | 9,098 (100.0%) | 5,532 (60.8%) | 3,566 (39.2%) | 8,457 (100.0%) | 5,144 (60.8%) | 3,313 (39.2%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 12,988 (100.0%) | 6,897 (53.1%) | 6,091 (46.9%) | 9,167 (100.0%) | 4,844 (52.8%) | 4,323 (47.2%) | 8,365 (100.0%) | 4,492 (53.7%) | 3,873 (46.3%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 14,157 (100.0%) | 7,796 (55.1%) | 6,361 (44.9%) | 10,738 (100.0%) | 5,895 (54.9%) | 4,843 (45.1%) | 9,509 (100.0%) | 5,330 (56.1%) | 4,179 (43.9%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 5,838 (100.0%) | 3,140 (53.8%) | 2,698 (46.2%) | 4,253 (100.0%) | 2,349 (55.2%) | 1,904 (44.8%) | 3,669 (100.0%) | 2,013 (54.9%) | 1,656 (45.1%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 2,748 (100.0%) | 1,511 (55.0%) | 1,237 (45.0%) | 1,731 (100.0%) | 907 (52.4%) | 824 (47.6%) | 1,652 (100.0%) | 887 (53.7%) | 765 (46.3%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 2,333 (100.0%) | 1,274 (54.6%) | 1,059 (45.4%) | 1,927 (100.0%) | 1,018 (52.8%) | 909 (47.2%) | 1,688 (100.0%) | 885 (52.4%) | 803 (47.6%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 7,917 (100.0%) | 4,398 (55.6%) | 3,519 (44.4%) | 5,249 (100.0%) | 2,877 (54.8%) | 2,372 (45.2%) | 4,296 (100.0%) | 2,451 (57.1%) | 1,845 (42.9%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 5,430 (100.0%) | 3,163 (58.3%) | 2,267 (41.7%) | 3,448 (100.0%) | 2,024 (58.7%) | 1,424 (41.3%) | 3,701 (100.0%) | 2,237 (60.4%) | 1,464 (39.6%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 13,449 (100.0%) | 7,040 (52.3%) | 6,409 (47.7%) | 10,492 (100.0%) | 5,632 (53.7%) | 4,860 (46.3%) | 9,568 (100.0%) | 5,157 (53.9%) | 4,411 (46.1%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 1,994 (100.0%) | 1,064 (53.4%) | 930 (46.6%) | 1,423 (100.0%) | 765 (53.8%) | 658 (46.2%) | 1,195 (100.0%) | 633 (53.0%) | 562 (47.0%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 11,879 (100.0%) | 6,370 (53.6%) | 5,509 (46.4%) | 7,533 (100.0%) | 4,155 (55.2%) | 3,378 (44.8%) | 6,811 (100.0%) | 3,740 (54.9%) | 3,071 (45.1%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 15,217 (100.0%) | 7,903 (51.9%) | 7,314 (48.1%) | 11,595 (100.0%) | 6,052 (52.2%) | 5,543 (47.8%) | 10,214 (100.0%) | 5,337 (52.3%) | 4,877 (47.7%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 12,303 (100.0%) | 6,670 (54.2%) | 5,633 (45.8%) | 9,174 (100.0%) | 5,177 (56.4%) | 3,997 (43.6%) | 7,514 (100.0%) | 4,255 (56.6%) | 3,259 (43.4%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 4,946 (100.0%) | 2,724 (55.1%) | 2,222 (44.9%) | 3,703 (100.0%) | 2,056 (55.5%) | 1,647 (44.5%) | 3,297 (100.0%) | 1,835 (55.7%) | 1,462 (44.3%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 23,025 (100.0%) | 12,561 (54.6%) | 10,464 (45.4%) | 16,155 (100.0%) | 8,906 (55.1%) | 7,249 (44.9%) | 13,972 (100.0%) | 7,767 (55.6%) | 6,205 (44.4%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 3,974 (100.0%) | 2,102 (52.9%) | 1,872 (47.1%) | 3,677 (100.0%) | 1,869 (50.8%) | 1,808 (49.2%) | 3,561 (100.0%) | 1,838 (51.6%) | 1,723 (48.4%) |
| | 合計 | 395,167 (100.0%) | 215,707 (54.6%) | 179,460 (45.4%) | 280,874 (100.0%) | 155,128 (55.2%) | 125,746 (44.8%) | 249,545 (100.0%) | 139,587 (55.9%) | 109,958 (44.1%) |

③年齢別 [1-2(2)⑤参照]

■都市部から過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H12 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者数 | 年齢別 | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | | 5~9歳 | 10代 | 20代 | 30代 | 40代 | 50代 | 60代 | 70代 | 80代~ |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 70,021 (100.0%) | 4,241 (6.1%) | 6,099 (8.7%) | 23,182 (33.1%) | 16,684 (23.8%) | 8,516 (12.2%) | 6,610 (9.4%) | 2,971 (4.2%) | 1,082 (1.5%) | 636 (0.9%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 7,151 (100.0%) | 609 (8.5%) | 413 (5.8%) | 2,261 (31.6%) | 1,776 (24.8%) | 765 (10.7%) | 594 (8.3%) | 553 (7.7%) | 145 (2.0%) | 35 (0.5%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 13,017 (100.0%) | 1,006 (7.7%) | 866 (6.7%) | 3,995 (30.7%) | 3,098 (23.8%) | 1,612 (12.4%) | 1,171 (9.0%) | 919 (7.1%) | 267 (2.1%) | 83 (0.6%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 7,254 (100.0%) | 466 (6.4%) | 462 (6.4%) | 2,401 (33.1%) | 1,672 (23.0%) | 802 (11.1%) | 690 (9.5%) | 504 (6.9%) | 169 (2.3%) | 88 (1.2%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 14,590 (100.0%) | 1,035 (7.1%) | 869 (6.0%) | 4,954 (34.0%) | 3,460 (23.7%) | 1,515 (10.4%) | 1,167 (8.0%) | 1,149 (7.9%) | 341 (2.3%) | 100 (0.7%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 7,071 (100.0%) | 459 (6.5%) | 448 (6.3%) | 2,666 (37.7%) | 1,517 (21.5%) | 710 (10.0%) | 563 (8.0%) | 499 (7.1%) | 150 (2.1%) | 59 (0.8%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 6,174 (100.0%) | 343 (5.6%) | 334 (5.4%) | 2,116 (34.3%) | 1,295 (21.0%) | 676 (10.9%) | 604 (9.8%) | 569 (9.2%) | 178 (2.9%) | 59 (1.0%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 13,616 (100.0%) | 836 (6.1%) | 708 (5.2%) | 4,783 (35.1%) | 3,304 (24.3%) | 1,499 (11.0%) | 1,274 (9.4%) | 827 (6.1%) | 246 (1.8%) | 139 (1.0%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 1,924 (100.0%) | 152 (7.9%) | 139 (7.2%) | 419 (21.8%) | 416 (21.6%) | 235 (12.2%) | 259 (13.5%) | 201 (10.4%) | 65 (3.4%) | 38 (2.0%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 944 (100.0%) | 42 (4.4%) | 40 (4.2%) | 318 (33.7%) | 186 (19.7%) | 89 (9.4%) | 122 (12.9%) | 107 (11.3%) | 21 (2.2%) | 19 (2.0%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 3,120 (100.0%) | 128 (4.1%) | 232 (7.4%) | 999 (32.0%) | 659 (21.1%) | 347 (11.1%) | 354 (11.3%) | 261 (8.4%) | 87 (2.8%) | 53 (1.7%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 1,295 (100.0%) | 112 (8.6%) | 95 (7.3%) | 332 (25.6%) | 286 (22.1%) | 136 (10.5%) | 97 (7.5%) | 87 (6.7%) | 52 (4.0%) | 98 (7.6%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 8,845 (100.0%) | 667 (7.5%) | 1,067 (12.1%) | 2,591 (29.3%) | 1,642 (18.6%) | 774 (8.8%) | 712 (8.0%) | 663 (7.5%) | 335 (3.8%) | 394 (4.5%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,479 (100.0%) | 182 (7.3%) | 221 (8.9%) | 444 (17.9%) | 534 (21.5%) | 351 (14.2%) | 257 (10.4%) | 169 (6.8%) | 134 (5.4%) | 187 (7.5%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 837 (100.0%) | 57 (6.8%) | 80 (9.6%) | 130 (15.5%) | 209 (25.0%) | 121 (14.5%) | 113 (13.5%) | 88 (10.5%) | 26 (3.1%) | 13 (1.6%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 2,394 (100.0%) | 135 (5.6%) | 202 (8.4%) | 676 (28.2%) | 463 (19.3%) | 248 (10.4%) | 270 (11.3%) | 257 (10.7%) | 88 (3.7%) | 55 (2.3%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 6,785 (100.0%) | 366 (5.4%) | 495 (7.3%) | 2,243 (33.1%) | 1,515 (22.3%) | 718 (10.6%) | 706 (10.4%) | 519 (7.6%) | 142 (2.1%) | 81 (1.2%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 10,868 (100.0%) | 811 (7.5%) | 734 (6.8%) | 3,733 (34.3%) | 2,696 (24.8%) | 1,087 (10.0%) | 922 (8.5%) | 500 (4.6%) | 218 (2.0%) | 167 (1.5%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村+静岡市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 4,131 (100.0%) | 209 (5.1%) | 211 (5.1%) | 1,336 (32.3%) | 882 (21.4%) | 447 (10.8%) | 465 (11.3%) | 377 (9.1%) | 149 (3.6%) | 55 (1.3%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 2,726 (100.0%) | 192 (7.0%) | 421 (15.4%) | 729 (26.7%) | 535 (19.6%) | 262 (9.6%) | 255 (9.4%) | 170 (6.2%) | 77 (2.8%) | 85 (3.1%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 8,187 (100.0%) | 551 (6.7%) | 825 (10.1%) | 2,514 (30.7%) | 1,822 (22.3%) | 767 (9.4%) | 739 (9.0%) | 521 (6.4%) | 251 (3.1%) | 197 (2.4%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,898 (100.0%) | 88 (4.6%) | 104 (5.5%) | 834 (43.9%) | 396 (20.9%) | 185 (9.7%) | 172 (9.1%) | 87 (4.6%) | 25 (1.3%) | 7 (0.4%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 2,466 (100.0%) | 138 (5.6%) | 160 (6.5%) | 843 (34.2%) | 517 (21.0%) | 240 (9.7%) | 264 (10.7%) | 196 (7.9%) | 76 (3.1%) | 32 (1.3%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 1,105 (100.0%) | 66 (6.0%) | 51 (4.6%) | 453 (41.0%) | 227 (20.5%) | 114 (10.3%) | 99 (9.0%) | 64 (5.8%) | 21 (1.9%) | 10 (0.9%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 192 (100.0%) | 7 (3.6%) | 14 (7.3%) | 75 (39.1%) | 33 (17.2%) | 21 (10.9%) | 29 (15.1%) | 11 (5.7%) | 1 (0.5%) | 1 (0.5%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 26 京都府 | 11,452 (100.0%) | 894 (7.8%) | 1,270 (11.1%) | 3,506 (30.6%) | 2,636 (23.0%) | 1,029 (9.0%) | 902 (7.9%) | 617 (5.4%) | 315 (2.8%) | 283 (2.5%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 523 (100.0%) | 51 (9.8%) | 52 (9.9%) | 110 (21.0%) | 110 (21.0%) | 66 (12.6%) | 54 (10.3%) | 28 (5.4%) | 22 (4.2%) | 30 (5.7%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 12,409 (100.0%) | 962 (7.8%) | 847 (6.8%) | 3,928 (31.7%) | 2,947 (23.7%) | 1,155 (9.3%) | 1,008 (8.1%) | 755 (6.1%) | 388 (3.1%) | 419 (3.4%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 9,536 (100.0%) | 814 (8.5%) | 867 (9.1%) | 2,334 (24.5%) | 2,382 (25.0%) | 1,052 (11.0%) | 822 (8.6%) | 573 (6.0%) | 353 (3.7%) | 339 (3.6%) |
| | 30 和歌山县 | 10,793 (100.0%) | 698 (6.5%) | 767 (7.1%) | 3,546 (32.9%) | 2,343 (21.7%) | 1,043 (9.7%) | 981 (9.1%) | 949 (8.8%) | 334 (3.1%) | 132 (1.2%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 31 島根県 | 1,838 (100.0%) | 101 (5.5%) | 126 (6.9%) | 643 (35.0%) | 306 (16.6%) | 199 (10.8%) | 202 (11.0%) | 176 (9.6%) | 55 (3.0%) | 30 (1.6%) |
| | 32 岡山県 | 11,328 (100.0%) | 678 (6.0%) | 925 (8.2%) | 3,954 (34.9%) | 2,260 (20.0%) | 1,109 (9.8%) | 1,111 (9.8%) | 919 (8.1%) | 283 (2.5%) | 89 (0.8%) |
| | 33 広島県 | 12,988 (100.0%) | 828 (6.4%) | 1,502 (11.6%) | 4,110 (31.6%) | 2,469 (19.0%) | 1,255 (9.7%) | 1,324 (10.2%) | 980 (7.5%) | 308 (2.4%) | 212 (1.6%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 14,157 (100.0%) | 832 (5.9%) | 1,220 (8.6%) | 4,686 (33.1%) | 3,029 (21.4%) | 1,444 (10.2%) | 1,355 (9.6%) | 956 (6.8%) | 349 (2.5%) | 286 (2.0%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 5,838 (100.0%) | 361 (6.2%) | 405 (6.9%) | 1,862 (31.9%) | 1,059 (18.1%) | 601 (10.3%) | 698 (12.0%) | 633 (10.8%) | 152 (2.6%) | 67 (1.1%) |
| 四国 | 36 徳島県 | 2,748 (100.0%) | 175 (6.4%) | 173 (6.3%) | 866 (31.5%) | 528 (19.2%) | 307 (11.2%) | 275 (10.0%) | 276 (10.0%) | 99 (3.6%) | 49 (1.8%) |
| | 37 香川県 | 2,333 (100.0%) | 126 (5.4%) | 125 (5.4%) | 897 (38.4%) | 431 (18.5%) | 218 (9.3%) | 225 (9.6%) | 195 (8.4%) | 79 (3.4%) | 37 (1.6%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 7,917 (100.0%) | 503 (6.4%) | 558 (7.0%) | 2,610 (33.0%) | 1,540 (19.5%) | 737 (9.3%) | 806 (10.2%) | 827 (10.4%) | 268 (3.4%) | 68 (0.9%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 5,430 (100.0%) | 293 (5.4%) | 543 (10.0%) | 1,637 (30.1%) | 930 (17.1%) | 520 (9.6%) | 580 (10.7%) | 659 (12.1%) | 204 (3.8%) | 64 (1.2%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 40 福岡県 | 13,449 (100.0%) | 1,031 (7.7%) | 1,072 (8.0%) | 3,596 (26.7%) | 3,004 (22.3%) | 1,577 (11.7%) | 1,437 (10.7%) | 1,074 (8.0%) | 395 (2.9%) | 263 (2.0%) |
| | 41 佐賀県 | 1,994 (100.0%) | 140 (7.0%) | 139 (7.0%) | 664 (33.3%) | 376 (18.9%) | 231 (11.6%) | 191 (9.6%) | 156 (7.8%) | 72 (3.6%) | 25 (1.3%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 11,879 (100.0%) | 824 (6.9%) | 750 (6.3%) | 3,762 (31.7%) | 2,536 (21.3%) | 1,339 (11.3%) | 1,093 (9.2%) | 1,079 (9.1%) | 384 (3.2%) | 112 (0.9%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 15,217 (100.0%) | 1,097 (7.2%) | 1,103 (7.2%) | 4,558 (30.0%) | 3,434 (22.6%) | 1,715 (11.3%) | 1,433 (9.4%) | 1,275 (8.4%) | 427 (2.8%) | 175 (1.2%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 12,303 (100.0%) | 782 (6.4%) | 925 (7.5%) | 3,829 (31.1%) | 2,420 (19.7%) | 1,311 (10.7%) | 1,453 (11.8%) | 1,177 (9.6%) | 291 (2.4%) | 115 (0.9%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 4,946 (100.0%) | 332 (6.7%) | 419 (8.5%) | 1,416 (28.6%) | 949 (19.2%) | 549 (11.1%) | 495 (10.0%) | 598 (12.1%) | 150 (3.0%) | 38 (0.8%) |
| 沖縄 | 46 庚児島県 | 23,025 (100.0%) | 1,620 (7.0%) | 1,621 (7.0%) | 5,471 (23.8%) | 4,759 (20.7%) | 2,825 (12.3%) | 2,615 (11.4%) | 3,005 (13.1%) | 866 (3.8%) | 243 (1.1%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 3,974 (100.0%) | 382 (9.6%) | 353 (8.9%) | 1,285 (32.3%) | 1,104 (27.8%) | 472 (11.9%) | 236 (5.9%) | 102 (2.6%) | 29 (0.7%) | 11 (0.3%) |
| | 合計 | 395,167 (100.0%) | 26,422 (6.7%) | 31,052 (7.9%) | 124,297 (31.5%) | 87,376 (22.1%) | 42,991 (10.9%) | 37,804 (9.6%) | 29,278 (7.4%) | 10,169 (2.6%) | 5,778 (1.5%) |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H22 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者数 | 年齢別 | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | | 5~9歳 | 10代 | 20代 | 30代 | 40代 | 50代 | 60代 | 70代 | 80代~ |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 50,884 (100.0%) | 2,624 (5.2%) | 3,638 (7.1%) | 13,030 (25.6%) | 12,908 (25.4%) | 7,299 (14.3%) | 5,850 (11.5%) | 3,699 (7.3%) | 1,069 (2.1%) | 767 (1.5%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 4,143 (100.0%) | 204 (4.9%) | 188 (4.5%) | 1,033 (24.9%) | 913 (22.0%) | 583 (14.1%) | 528 (12.7%) | 520 (12.6%) | 136 (3.3%) | 38 (0.9%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 7,335 (100.0%) | 368 (5.0%) | 331 (4.5%) | 2,012 (27.4%) | 1,694 (23.1%) | 842 (11.5%) | 824 (11.2%) | 911 (12.4%) | 261 (3.6%) | 92 (1.3%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 4,759 (100.0%) | 271 (5.7%) | 264 (5.5%) | 1,239 (26.0%) | 1,170 (24.6%) | 600 (12.6%) | 503 (10.6%) | 491 (10.3%) | 130 (2.7%) | 91 (1.9%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 9,780 (100.0%) | 471 (4.8%) | 383 (3.9%) | 3,098 (31.7%) | 2,296 (23.5%) | 1,062 (10.9%) | 883 (9.0%) | 1,152 (11.8%) | 322 (3.3%) | 113 (1.2%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 5,178 (100.0%) | 252 (4.9%) | 263 (5.1%) | 1,777 (34.3%) | 1,265 (24.4%) | 516 (10.0%) | 382 (7.4%) | 496 (9.6%) | 164 (3.2%) | 63 (1.2%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 4,172 (100.0%) | 192 (4.6%) | 154 (3.7%) | 1,255 (30.1%) | 836 (20.0%) | 405 (9.7%) | 431 (10.3%) | 632 (15.1%) | 166 (4.0%) | 101 (2.4%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 9,433 (100.0%) | 465 (4.9%) | 360 (3.8%) | 2,880 (30.5%) | 2,427 (25.7%) | 1,065 (11.3%) | 962 (10.2%) | 935 (9.9%) | 229 (2.4%) | 109 (1.2%) |
| | 8 茨城県 | 1,552 (100.0%) | 127 (8.2%) | 72 (4.6%) | 226 (14.6%) | 433 (27.9%) | 154 (9.9%) | 152 (9.8%) | 248 (16.0%) | 86 (5.5%) | 54 (3.5%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 9 栃木県 | 672 (100.0%) | 25 (3.7%) | 17 (2.5%) | 179 (26.6%) | 150 (22.3%) | 83 (12.4%) | 78 (11.6%) | 106 (15.8%) | 32 (4.8%) | 2 (0.3%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 2,062 (100.0%) | 75 (3.6%) | 105 (5.1%) | 519 (25.2%) | 425 (20.6%) | 219 (10.6%) | 215 (10.4%) | 329 (16.0%) | 100 (4.8%) | 75 (3.6%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 885 (100.0%) | 74 (8.4%) | 73 (8.2%) | 160 (18.1%) | 218 (24.6%) | 71 (8.0%) | 66 (7.5%) | 64 (7.2%) | 44 (5.0%) | 115 (13.0%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 7,467 (100.0%) | 432 (5.8%) | 755 (10.1%) | 1,611 (21.6%) | 1,414 (18.9%) | 708 (9.5%) | 569 (7.6%) | 1,074 (14.4%) | 378 (5.1%) | 526 (7.0%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,715 (100.0%) | 136 (5.0%) | 272 (10.0%) | 425 (15.7%) | 623 (22.9%) | 342 (12.6%) | 321 (11.8%) | 227 (8.4%) | 136 (5.0%) | 232 (8.5%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 675 (100.0%) | 39 (5.8%) | 36 (5.3%) | 75 (11.1%) | 132 (19.6%) | 88 (13.0%) | 85 (12.6%) | 110 (16.3%) | 64 (9.5%) | 46 (6.8%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 1,588 (100.0%) | 61 (3.8%) | 74 (4.7%) | 339 (21.3%) | 326 (20.5%) | 145 (9.1%) | 170 (10.7%) | 315 (19.8%) | 103 (6.5%) | 55 (3.5%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 4,224 (100.0%) | 201 (4.8%) | 240 (5.7%) | 1,049 (24.8%) | 959 (22.7%) | 410 (9.7%) | 427 (10.1%) | 667 (15.8%) | 186 (4.4%) | 85 (2.0%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 7,151 (100.0%) | 514 (7.2%) | 374 (5.2%) | 1,787 (25.0%) | 1,996 (27.9%) | 803 (11.2%) | 604 (8.4%) | 541 (7.6%) | 251 (3.5%) | 280 (3.9%) |
| | 22 静岡県 | 3,097 (100.0%) | 122 (3.9%) | 133 (4.3%) | 750 (24.2%) | 701 (22.6%) | 356 (11.5%) | 365 (11.8%) | 473 (15.3%) | 131 (4.2%) | 66 (2.1%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村+静岡市・浜松市) | 23 愛知県 | 1,838 (100.0%) | 119 (6.5%) | 217 (11.8%) | 324 (17.6%) | 419 (22.8%) | 175 (9.5%) | 179 (9.7%) | 258 (14.0%) | 73 (4.0%) | 74 (4.0%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 6,117 (100.0%) | 305 (5.0%) | 603 (9.9%) | 1,313 (21.5%) | 1,365 (22.3%) | 712 (11.6%) | 640 (10.5%) | 588 (9.6%) | 253 (4.1%) | 338 (5.5%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,511 (100.0%) | 86 (5.7%) | 60 (4.0%) | 534 (35.3%) | 378 (25.0%) | 169 (11.2%) | 118 (7.8%) | 118 (7.8%) | 29 (1.9%) | 19 (1.3%) |
| | 17 石川県 | 1,804 (100.0%) | 68 (3.8%) | 296 (16.4%) | 465 (25.8%) | 350 (19.4%) | 140 (7.8%) | 154 (8.5%) | 226 (12.5%) | 75 (4.2%) | 30 (1.7%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 18 福井県 | 668 (100.0%) | 36 (5.4%) | 24 (3.6%) | 267 (40.0%) | 132 (19.8%) | 62 (9.3%) | 49 (7.3%) | 74 (11.1%) | 12 (1.8%) | 12 (1.8%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 78 (100.0%) | 2 (2.6%) | 2 (2.6%) | 22 (28.2%) | 16 (20.5%) | 9 (11.5%) | 8 (10.3%) | 12 (15.4%) | 3 (3.8%) | 4 (5.1%) |
| | 26 京都府 | 8,125 (100.0%) | 506 (6.2%) | 767 (9.4%) | 2,161 (26.6%) | 1,919 (23.6%) | 779 (9.6%) | 610 (7.5%) | 669 (8.2%) | 282 (3.5%) | 431 (5.3%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 322 (100.0%) | 24 (7.5%) | 31 (9.6%) | 37 (11.5%) | 109 (33.9%) | 40 (12.4%) | 19 (5.9%) | 24 (7.5%) | 20 (6.2%) | 18 (5.6%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 8,777 (100.0%) | 591 (6.7%) | 536 (6.1%) | 2,250 (25.6%) | 2,245 (25.6%) | 810 (9.2%) | 711 (8.1%) | 810 (9.2%) | 317 (3.6%) | 507 (5.8%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 6,354 (100.0%) | 462 (7.3%) | 632 (9.9%) | 1,086 (17.1%) | 1,592 (25.1%) | 753 (11.9%) | 579 (9.1%) | 578 (9.1%) | 260 (4.1%) | 412 (6.5%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 30 和歌山県 | 6,998 (100.0%) | 342 (4.9%) | 533 (7.6%) | 1,829 (26.1%) | 1,613 (23.0%) | 830 (11.9%) | 605 (8.6%) | 806 (11.5%) | 274 (3.9%) | 166 (2.4%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 1,147 (100.0%) | 51 (4.4%) | 46 (4.0%) | 357 (31.1%) | 223 (19.4%) | 88 (7.7%) | 129 (11.2%) | 185 (16.1%) | 39 (3.4%) | 29 (2.5%) |
| | 32 岡根県 | 9,098 (100.0%) | 386 (4.2%) | 533 (5.9%) | 2,286 (25.1%) | 2,204 (24.2%) | 1,117 (12.3%) | 942 (10.4%) | 1,227 (13.5%) | 288 (3.2%) | 115 (1.3%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 9,167 (100.0%) | 502 (5.5%) | 762 (8.3%) | 2,330 (25.4%) | 1,945 (21.2%) | 855 (9.3%) | 959 (10.5%) | 1,228 (13.4%) | 304 (3.3%) | 282 (3.1%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 10,738 (100.0%) | 603 (5.6%) | 816 (7.6%) | 2,700 (25.1%) | 2,580 (24.0%) | 1,029 (9.6%) | 984 (9.2%) | 1,197 (11.1%) | 371 (3.5%) | 458 (4.3%) |
| 四国 | 35 山口県 | 4,253 (100.0%) | 171 (4.0%) | 191 (4.5%) | 998 (23.5%) | 907 (21.3%) | 489 (11.5%) | 524 (12.3%) | 756 (17.8%) | 155 (3.6%) | 62 (1.5%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 1,731 (100.0%) | 77 (4.4%) | 103 (6.0%) | 411 (23.7%) | 326 (18.8%) | 155 (9.0%) | 195 (11.3%) | 303 (17.5%) | 97 (5.6%) | 64 (3.7%) |
| | 37 香川県 | 1,927 (100.0%) | 76 (3.9%) | 72 (3.7%) | 603 (31.3%) | 402 (20.9%) | 194 (10.1%) | 192 (10.0%) | 273 (14.2%) | 82 (4.3%) | 33 (1.7%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 5,249 (100.0%) | 263 (5.0%) | 354 (6.7%) | 1,250 (23.8%) | 1,036 (19.7%) | 496 (9.4%) | 581 (11.1%) | 940 (17.9%) | 248 (4.7%) | 81 (1.5%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 39 高知県 | 3,448 (100.0%) | 121 (3.5%) | 424 (12.3%) | 787 (22.8%) | 607 (17.6%) | 266 (7.7%) | 363 (10.5%) | 667 (19.3%) | 160 (4.6%) | 53 (1.5%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 10,492 (100.0%) | 681 (6.5%) | 712 (6.8%) | 2,422 (23.1%) | 2,532 (24.1%) | 1,119 (10.7%) | 1,003 (9.6%) | 1,186 (11.3%) | 388 (3.7%) | 449 (4.3%) |
| | 41 佐賀県 | 1,423 (100.0%) | 78 (5.5%) | 73 (5.1%) | 374 (26.3%) | 320 (22.5%) | 133 (9.3%) | 162 (11.4%) | 210 (14.8%) | 46 (3.2%) | 27 (1.9%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 7,533 (100.0%) | 434 (5.8%) | 381 (5.1%) | 1,770 (23.5%) | 1,678 (22.3%) | 882 (11.7%) | 853 (11.3%) | 1,080 (14.3%) | 332 (4.4%) | 123 (1.6%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 11,595 (100.0%) | 710 (6.1%) | 625 (5.4%) | 2,814 (24.3%) | 2,673 (23.1%) | 1,265 (10.9%) | 1,313 (11.3%) | 1,505 (13.0%) | 427 (3.7%) | 263 (2.3%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 9,174 (100.0%) | 452 (4.9%) | 511 (5.6%) | 2,188 (23.9%) | 2,071 (22.6%) | 940 (10.2%) | 1,081 (11.8%) | 1,430 (15.6%) | 355 (3.9%) | 146 (1.6%) |
| 沖縄 | 45 宮崎県 | 3,703 (100.0%) | 216 (5.8%) | 234 (6.3%) | 852 (23.0%) | 776 (21.0%) | 353 (9.5%) | 450 (12.2%) | 623 (16.8%) | 159 (4.3%) | 40 (1.1%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 16,155 (100.0%) | 846 (5.2%) | 816 (5.1%) | 3,235 (20.0%) | 3,202 (19.8%) | 1,918 (11.9%) | 2,136 (13.2%) | 2,853 (17.7%) | 889 (5.5%) | 260 (1.6%) |
| 47 沖縄県 | 3,677 (100.0%) | 189 (5.1%) | 152 (4.1%) | 1,000 (27.2%) | 990 (26.9%) | 496 (13.5%) | 390 (10.6%) | 347 (9.4%) | 77 (2.1%) | 36 (1.0%) | |
| | 合計 | 280,874 (100.0%) | 15,050 (5.4%) | 18,238 (6.5%) | 70,109 (25.0%) | 65,496 (23.3%) | 32,025 (11.4%) | 29,344 (10.4%) | 33,163 (11.8%) | 10,003 (3.6%) | 7,442 (2.6%) |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H27 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者数 | 年齢別 | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | | 5~9歳 | 10代 | 20代 | 30代 | 40代 | 50代 | 60代 | 70代 | 80代~ |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 46,225 (100.0%) | 2,258 (4.9%) | 3,465 (7.5%) | 11,507 (24.9%) | 10,858 (23.5%) | 7,278 (15.7%) | 5,237 (11.3%) | 3,752 (8.1%) | 1,144 (2.5%) | 724 (1.6%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 3,393 (100.0%) | 161 (4.7%) | 150 (4.4%) | 745 (22.0%) | 743 (21.9%) | 463 (13.6%) | 356 (10.5%) | 564 (16.6%) | 166 (4.9%) | 45 (1.3%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 9,085 (100.0%) | 373 (4.1%) | 274 (3.0%) | 1,978 (21.8%) | 2,091 (23.0%) | 1,473 (16.2%) | 1,208 (13.3%) | 1,301 (14.3%) | 275 (3.0%) | 112 (1.2%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 4,389 (100.0%) | 211 (4.8%) | 212 (4.8%) | 1,013 (23.1%) | 1,108 (25.2%) | 659 (15.0%) | 509 (11.6%) | 471 (10.7%) | 136 (3.1%) | 70 (1.6%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 8,202 (100.0%) | 460 (5.6%) | 318 (3.9%) | 2,134 (26.0%) | 2,036 (24.8%) | 931 (11.4%) | 764 (9.3%) | 1,082 (13.2%) | 345 (4.2%) | 132 (1.6%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 4,491 (100.0%) | 284 (6.3%) | 250 (5.6%) | 1,221 (27.2%) | 1,130 (25.2%) | 517 (11.5%) | 375 (8.4%) | 468 (10.4%) | 155 (3.5%) | 91 (2.0%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 3,740 (100.0%) | 143 (3.8%) | 140 (3.7%) | 871 (23.3%) | 775 (20.7%) | 491 (13.1%) | 493 (13.2%) | 607 (16.2%) | 161 (4.3%) | 59 (1.6%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 7,591 (100.0%) | 351 (4.6%) | 333 (4.4%) | 1,948 (25.7%) | 1,891 (24.9%) | 1,023 (13.5%) | 828 (10.9%) | 874 (11.5%) | 231 (3.0%) | 112 (1.5%) |
| | 8 茨城県 | 925 (100.0%) | 50 (5.4%) | 52 (5.6%) | 134 (14.5%) | 205 (22.2%) | 125 (13.5%) | 96 (10.4%) | 170 (18.4%) | 66 (7.1%) | 27 (2.9%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 9 栃木県 | 462 (100.0%) | 18 (3.9%) | 13 (2.8%) | 91 (19.7%) | 120 (26.0%) | 63 (13.6%) | 44 (9.5%) | 64 (13.9%) | 35 (7.6%) | 14 (3.0%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 1,733 (100.0%) | 78 (4.5%) | 85 (4.9%) | 425 (24.5%) | 358 (20.7%) | 237 (13.7%) | 160 (9.2%) | 239 (13.8%) | 90 (5.2%) | 61 (3.5%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 730 (100.0%) | 65 (8.9%) | 69 (9.5%) | 108 (14.8%) | 166 (22.7%) | 82 (11.2%) | 47 (6.4%) | 67 (9.2%) | 28 (3.8%) | 98 (13.4%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 6,653 (100.0%) | 379 (5.7%) | 716 (10.8%) | 1,347 (20.2%) | 1,053 (15.8%) | 689 (10.4%) | 464 (7.0%) | 910 (13.7%) | 452 (6.8%) | 643 (9.7%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,506 (100.0%) | 122 (4.9%) | 266 (10.6%) | 412 (16.4%) | 543 (21.7%) | 347 (13.8%) | 264 (10.5%) | 190 (7.6%) | 146 (5.8%) | 216 (8.6%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 492 (100.0%) | 24 (4.9%) | 20 (4.1%) | 51 (10.4%) | 93 (18.9%) | 83 (16.9%) | 62 (12.6%) | 72 (14.6%) | 36 (7.3%) | 51 (10.4%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 1,397 (100.0%) | 73 (5.2%) | 63 (4.5%) | 241 (17.3%) | 297 (21.3%) | 182 (13.0%) | 140 (10.0%) | 259 (18.5%) | 94 (6.7%) | 48 (3.4%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 3,925 (100.0%) | 189 (4.8%) | 239 (6.1%) | 867 (22.1%) | 887 (22.6%) | 509 (13.0%) | 358 (9.1%) | 597 (15.2%) | 173 (4.4%) | 106 (2.7%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 5,866 (100.0%) | 450 (7.7%) | 297 (5.1%) | 1,262 (21.5%) | 1,616 (27.5%) | 756 (12.9%) | 501 (8.5%) | 502 (8.6%) | 207 (3.5%) | 275 (4.7%) |
| | 22 静岡県 | 2,459 (100.0%) | 94 (3.8%) | 59 (2.4%) | 552 (22.4%) | 487 (19.8%) | 340 (13.8%) | 320 (13.0%) | 394 (16.0%) | 132 (5.4%) | 79 (3.2%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村+静岡市・浜松市) | 23 愛知県 | 1,691 (100.0%) | 134 (7.9%) | 186 (11.0%) | 262 (15.5%) | 406 (24.0%) | 205 (12.1%) | 157 (9.3%) | 196 (11.6%) | 63 (3.7%) | 82 (4.8%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 5,095 (100.0%) | 251 (4.9%) | 429 (8.4%) | 1,032 (20.3%) | 1,073 (21.1%) | 620 (12.2%) | 480 (9.4%) | 560 (11.0%) | 267 (5.2%) | 383 (7.5%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,083 (100.0%) | 57 (5.3%) | 46 (4.2%) | 282 (26.0%) | 265 (24.5%) | 162 (15.0%) | 90 (8.3%) | 120 (11.1%) | 42 (3.9%) | 19 (1.8%) |
| | 17 石川県 | 1,872 (100.0%) | 56 (3.0%) | 483 (25.8%) | 386 (20.6%) | 327 (17.5%) | 187 (10.0%) | 124 (6.6%) | 204 (10.9%) | 62 (3.3%) | 43 (2.3%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 18 福井県 | 527 (100.0%) | 32 (6.1%) | 15 (2.8%) | 171 (32.4%) | 133 (25.2%) | 63 (12.0%) | 29 (5.5%) | 55 (10.4%) | 19 (3.6%) | 10 (1.9%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 66 (100.0%) | 3 (4.5%) | 1 (1.5%) | 11 (16.7%) | 22 (33.3%) | 7 (10.6%) | 4 (6.1%) | 14 (21.2%) | 3 (4.5%) | 1 (1.5%) |
| | 26 京都府 | 7,096 (100.0%) | 421 (5.9%) | 729 (10.3%) | 1,594 (22.5%) | 1,739 (24.5%) | 807 (11.4%) | 503 (7.1%) | 624 (8.8%) | 275 (3.9%) | 403 (5.7%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 257 (100.0%) | 22 (8.6%) | 17 (6.6%) | 23 (8.9%) | 67 (26.1%) | 44 (17.1%) | 13 (5.1%) | 32 (12.5%) | 13 (5.1%) | 26 (10.1%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 7,671 (100.0%) | 581 (7.6%) | 498 (6.5%) | 1,568 (20.4%) | 1,967 (25.6%) | 864 (11.3%) | 609 (7.9%) | 797 (10.4%) | 354 (4.6%) | 433 (5.6%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 5,446 (100.0%) | 374 (6.9%) | 536 (9.8%) | 833 (15.3%) | 1,320 (24.2%) | 759 (13.9%) | 475 (8.7%) | 480 (8.8%) | 254 (4.7%) | 415 (7.6%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 30 和歌山県 | 5,874 (100.0%) | 319 (5.4%) | 366 (6.2%) | 1,330 (22.6%) | 1,342 (22.8%) | 806 (13.7%) | 568 (9.7%) | 708 (12.1%) | 267 (4.5%) | 168 (2.9%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 1,134 (100.0%) | 67 (5.9%) | 61 (5.4%) | 247 (21.8%) | 256 (22.6%) | 147 (13.0%) | 96 (8.5%) | 183 (16.1%) | 57 (5.0%) | 20 (1.8%) |
| | 32 島根県 | 8,457 (100.0%) | 392 (4.6%) | 851 (10.1%) | 1,860 (22.0%) | 1,883 (22.3%) | 1,112 (13.1%) | 781 (9.2%) | 1,179 (13.9%) | 290 (3.4%) | 109 (1.3%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 8,365 (100.0%) | 487 (5.8%) | 765 (9.1%) | 1,745 (20.9%) | 1,803 (21.6%) | 935 (11.2%) | 761 (9.1%) | 1,245 (14.9%) | 374 (4.5%) | 248 (3.0%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 9,509 (100.0%) | 539 (5.7%) | 808 (8.5%) | 2,053 (21.6%) | 2,186 (23.0%) | 1,144 (12.0%) | 818 (8.6%) | 1,245 (13.1%) | 359 (3.8%) | 357 (3.8%) |
| 四国 | 35 山口県 | 3,669 (100.0%) | 135 (3.7%) | 213 (5.8%) | 716 (19.5%) | 763 (20.8%) | 483 (13.2%) | 442 (12.0%) | 675 (18.4%) | 180 (4.9%) | 62 (1.7%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 1,652 (100.0%) | 89 (5.4%) | 57 (3.5%) | 309 (18.7%) | 400 (24.2%) | 206 (12.5%) | 156 (9.4%) | 283 (17.1%) | 113 (6.8%) | 39 (2.4%) |
| | 37 香川県 | 1,688 (100.0%) | 80 (4.7%) | 69 (4.1%) | 463 (27.4%) | 420 (24.9%) | 212 (12.6%) | 137 (8.1%) | 208 (12.3%) | 68 (4.0%) | 31 (1.8%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 4,296 (100.0%) | 216 (5.0%) | 309 (7.2%) | 839 (19.5%) | 937 (21.8%) | 524 (12.2%) | 389 (9.1%) | 764 (17.8%) | 215 (5.0%) | 103 (2.4%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 39 高知県 | 3,701 (100.0%) | 171 (4.6%) | 594 (16.0%) | 791 (21.4%) | 667 (18.0%) | 436 (11.8%) | 260 (7.0%) | 539 (14.6%) | 187 (5.1%) | 56 (1.5%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 9,568 (100.0%) | 660 (6.9%) | 676 (7.1%) | 1,899 (19.8%) | 2,186 (22.8%) | 1,279 (13.4%) | 834 (8.7%) | 1,182 (12.4%) | 417 (4.4%) | 435 (4.5%) |
| | 41 佐賀県 | 1,195 (100.0%) | 72 (6.0%) | 65 (5.4%) | 237 (19.8%) | 275 (23.0%) | 152 (12.7%) | 106 (8.9%) | 200 (16.7%) | 52 (4.4%) | 36 (3.0%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 6,811 (100.0%) | 366 (5.4%) | 331 (4.9%) | 1,456 (21.4%) | 1,531 (22.5%) | 870 (12.8%) | 681 (10.0%) | 1,121 (16.5%) | 308 (4.5%) | 147 (2.2%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 10,214 (100.0%) | 682 (6.7%) | 554 (5.4%) | 2,154 (21.1%) | 2,359 (23.1%) | 1,265 (12.4%) | 1,008 (9.9%) | 1,470 (14.4%) | 448 (4.4%) | 274 (2.7%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 7,514 (100.0%) | 423 (5.6%) | 464 (6.2%) | 1,468 (19.5%) | 1,558 (20.7%) | 941 (12.5%) | 809 (10.8%) | 1,304 (17.4%) | 375 (5.0%) | 172 (2.3%) |
| 沖縄 | 45 宮崎県 | 3,297 (100.0%) | 238 (7.2%) | 232 (7.0%) | 586 (17.8%) | 729 (22.1%) | 413 (12.5%) | 314 (9.5%) | 554 (16.8%) | 183 (5.6%) | 47 (1.4%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 13,972 (100.0%) | 777 (5.6%) | 652 (4.7%) | 2,431 (17.4%) | 2,810 (20.1%) | 1,749 (12.5%) | 1,538 (11.0%) | 2,841 (20.3%) | 864 (6.2%) | 310 (2.2%) |
| | 47 沖縄県 | 3,561 (100.0%) | 199 (5.6%) | 144 (4.0%) | 829 (23.3%) | 974 (27.4%) | 531 (14.9%) | 398 (11.2%) | 339 (9.5%) | 106 (3.0%) | 41 (1.2%) |
| | 合計 | 249,545 (100.0%) | 13,626 (5.5%) | 17,172 (6.9%) | 54,482 (21.8%) | 56,855 (22.8%) | 33,171 (13.3%) | 24,806 (9.9%) | 31,705 (12.7%) | 10,287 (4.1%) | 7,433 (3.0%) |

④性別・年齢別〔1-2(2)⑥参照〕

i) 男性

■都市部から過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H12 | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数: 男性 | 男性・年齢別 | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | 5~9歳 | 10代 | 20代 | 30代 | 40代 | 50代 | 60代 | 70代 | 80代~ |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 40,740 (100.0%) | 2,117 (5.2%) | 3,730 (9.2%) | 13,408 (32.9%) | 9,094 (22.3%) | 5,830 (14.3%) | 4,300 (10.6%) | 1,689 (4.1%) | 433 (1.1%) | 139 (0.3%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 4,089 (100.0%) | 311 (7.6%) | 198 (4.8%) | 1,243 (30.4%) | 1,000 (24.5%) | 525 (12.8%) | 384 (9.4%) | 341 (8.3%) | 76 (1.9%) | 11 (0.3%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 7,333 (100.0%) | 509 (6.9%) | 442 (6.0%) | 2,080 (28.4%) | 1,709 (23.3%) | 1,093 (14.9%) | 781 (10.7%) | 567 (7.7%) | 132 (1.8%) | 20 (0.3%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 3,904 (100.0%) | 234 (6.0%) | 231 (5.9%) | 1,198 (30.7%) | 882 (22.6%) | 531 (13.6%) | 432 (11.1%) | 303 (7.8%) | 76 (1.9%) | 17 (0.4%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 8,006 (100.0%) | 541 (6.8%) | 469 (5.9%) | 2,609 (32.6%) | 1,892 (23.6%) | 963 (12.0%) | 685 (8.6%) | 670 (8.4%) | 155 (1.9%) | 22 (0.3%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 3,852 (100.0%) | 214 (5.6%) | 239 (6.2%) | 1,466 (38.1%) | 803 (20.8%) | 443 (11.5%) | 322 (8.4%) | 278 (7.2%) | 74 (1.9%) | 13 (0.3%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 3,404 (100.0%) | 175 (5.1%) | 172 (5.1%) | 1,118 (32.8%) | 686 (20.2%) | 449 (13.2%) | 360 (10.6%) | 345 (10.1%) | 81 (2.4%) | 18 (0.5%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 7,619 (100.0%) | 435 (5.7%) | 367 (4.8%) | 2,438 (32.0%) | 1,792 (23.5%) | 1,064 (14.0%) | 875 (11.5%) | 498 (6.5%) | 109 (1.4%) | 41 (0.5%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 1,018 (100.0%) | 83 (8.2%) | 65 (6.4%) | 222 (21.8%) | 215 (21.1%) | 145 (14.2%) | 140 (13.8%) | 114 (11.2%) | 29 (2.8%) | 5 (0.5%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 525 (100.0%) | 25 (4.8%) | 18 (3.4%) | 180 (34.3%) | 104 (19.8%) | 53 (10.1%) | 74 (14.1%) | 59 (11.2%) | 5 (1.0%) | 7 (1.3%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 1,819 (100.0%) | 63 (3.5%) | 149 (8.2%) | 544 (29.9%) | 389 (21.4%) | 236 (13.0%) | 237 (13.0%) | 151 (8.3%) | 37 (2.0%) | 13 (0.7%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 595 (100.0%) | 45 (7.6%) | 55 (9.2%) | 144 (24.2%) | 141 (23.7%) | 76 (12.8%) | 56 (9.4%) | 44 (7.4%) | 16 (2.7%) | 18 (3.0%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 4,570 (100.0%) | 332 (7.3%) | 688 (15.1%) | 1,380 (30.2%) | 756 (16.5%) | 446 (9.8%) | 378 (8.3%) | 364 (8.0%) | 141 (3.1%) | 85 (1.9%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 1,318 (100.0%) | 102 (7.7%) | 140 (10.6%) | 211 (16.0%) | 255 (19.3%) | 240 (18.2%) | 159 (12.1%) | 112 (8.5%) | 57 (4.3%) | 42 (3.2%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 389 (100.0%) | 25 (6.4%) | 33 (8.5%) | 59 (15.2%) | 94 (24.2%) | 63 (16.2%) | 51 (13.1%) | 46 (11.8%) | 14 (3.6%) | 4 (1.0%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 1,353 (100.0%) | 71 (5.2%) | 131 (9.7%) | 411 (30.4%) | 234 (17.3%) | 147 (10.9%) | 153 (11.3%) | 143 (10.6%) | 49 (3.6%) | 14 (1.0%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 3,705 (100.0%) | 197 (5.3%) | 264 (7.1%) | 1,153 (31.1%) | 805 (21.7%) | 459 (12.4%) | 415 (11.2%) | 322 (8.7%) | 65 (1.8%) | 25 (0.7%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 5,700 (100.0%) | 403 (7.1%) | 379 (6.6%) | 1,784 (31.3%) | 1,382 (24.2%) | 716 (12.6%) | 608 (10.7%) | 296 (5.2%) | 89 (1.6%) | 43 (0.8%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村+静岡市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 2,254 (100.0%) | 103 (4.6%) | 121 (5.4%) | 698 (31.0%) | 478 (21.2%) | 286 (12.7%) | 264 (11.7%) | 217 (9.6%) | 71 (3.1%) | 16 (0.7%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 1,436 (100.0%) | 94 (6.5%) | 261 (18.2%) | 357 (24.9%) | 269 (18.7%) | 157 (10.9%) | 146 (10.2%) | 103 (7.2%) | 26 (1.8%) | 23 (1.6%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 4,275 (100.0%) | 278 (6.5%) | 475 (11.1%) | 1,164 (27.2%) | 952 (22.3%) | 520 (12.2%) | 470 (11.0%) | 276 (6.5%) | 97 (2.3%) | 43 (1.0%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,111 (100.0%) | 51 (4.6%) | 56 (5.0%) | 460 (41.4%) | 230 (20.7%) | 130 (11.7%) | 124 (11.2%) | 51 (4.6%) | 8 (0.7%) | 1 (0.1%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 1,385 (100.0%) | 72 (5.2%) | 87 (6.3%) | 453 (32.7%) | 303 (21.9%) | 156 (11.3%) | 151 (10.9%) | 123 (8.9%) | 31 (2.2%) | 9 (0.6%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 640 (100.0%) | 33 (5.2%) | 31 (4.8%) | 258 (40.3%) | 120 (18.8%) | 75 (11.7%) | 70 (10.9%) | 38 (5.9%) | 11 (1.7%) | 4 (0.6%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 95 (100.0%) | 2 (2.1%) | 12 (12.6%) | 33 (34.7%) | 15 (15.8%) | 12 (12.6%) | 15 (15.8%) | 6 (6.3%) | 0 (0.0%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 26 京都府 | 5,825 (100.0%) | 460 (7.9%) | 771 (13.2%) | 1,660 (28.5%) | 1,266 (21.7%) | 633 (10.9%) | 495 (8.5%) | 342 (5.9%) | 133 (2.3%) | 65 (1.1%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 229 (100.0%) | 26 (11.4%) | 24 (10.5%) | 46 (20.1%) | 43 (18.8%) | 36 (15.7%) | 27 (11.8%) | 13 (5.7%) | 7 (3.1%) | 7 (3.1%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 6,051 (100.0%) | 478 (7.9%) | 450 (7.4%) | 1,741 (28.8%) | 1,420 (23.5%) | 710 (11.7%) | 567 (9.4%) | 424 (7.0%) | 174 (2.9%) | 87 (1.4%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 4,705 (100.0%) | 432 (9.2%) | 539 (11.5%) | 1,026 (21.8%) | 1,147 (24.4%) | 637 (13.5%) | 442 (9.4%) | 281 (6.0%) | 135 (2.9%) | 66 (1.4%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 5,920 (100.0%) | 357 (6.0%) | 496 (8.4%) | 1,872 (31.6%) | 1,232 (20.8%) | 696 (11.8%) | 537 (9.1%) | 542 (9.2%) | 151 (2.6%) | 37 (0.6%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 971 (100.0%) | 45 (4.6%) | 65 (6.7%) | 316 (32.5%) | 163 (16.8%) | 129 (13.3%) | 117 (12.0%) | 104 (10.7%) | 26 (2.7%) | 6 (0.6%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 6,258 (100.0%) | 357 (5.7%) | 560 (8.9%) | 2,053 (32.8%) | 1,243 (19.9%) | 713 (11.4%) | 637 (10.2%) | 538 (8.6%) | 129 (2.1%) | 28 (0.4%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 6,897 (100.0%) | 411 (6.0%) | 827 (12.0%) | 2,086 (30.2%) | 1,289 (18.7%) | 803 (11.6%) | 735 (10.7%) | 559 (8.1%) | 140 (2.0%) | 47 (0.7%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 7,796 (100.0%) | 433 (5.6%) | 687 (8.8%) | 2,538 (32.6%) | 1,658 (21.3%) | 941 (12.1%) | 773 (9.9%) | 543 (7.0%) | 143 (1.8%) | 80 (1.0%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 3,140 (100.0%) | 181 (5.8%) | 214 (6.8%) | 986 (31.4%) | 565 (18.0%) | 371 (11.8%) | 357 (11.4%) | 376 (12.0%) | 76 (2.4%) | 14 (0.4%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 1,511 (100.0%) | 101 (6.7%) | 100 (6.6%) | 447 (29.6%) | 280 (18.5%) | 211 (14.0%) | 141 (9.3%) | 176 (11.6%) | 43 (2.8%) | 12 (0.8%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 1,274 (100.0%) | 59 (4.6%) | 64 (5.0%) | 491 (38.5%) | 246 (19.3%) | 136 (10.7%) | 128 (10.0%) | 110 (8.6%) | 33 (2.6%) | 7 (0.5%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 4,398 (100.0%) | 286 (6.5%) | 303 (6.9%) | 1,450 (33.0%) | 828 (18.8%) | 466 (10.6%) | 445 (10.1%) | 471 (10.7%) | 125 (2.8%) | 24 (0.5%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 3,163 (100.0%) | 159 (5.0%) | 360 (11.4%) | 971 (30.7%) | 527 (16.7%) | 346 (10.9%) | 302 (9.5%) | 384 (12.1%) | 100 (3.2%) | 14 (0.4%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 7,040 (100.0%) | 540 (7.7%) | 549 (7.8%) | 1,897 (26.9%) | 1,536 (21.8%) | 959 (13.6%) | 787 (11.2%) | 562 (8.0%) | 156 (2.2%) | 54 (0.8%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 1,064 (100.0%) | 77 (7.2%) | 73 (6.9%) | 349 (32.8%) | 192 (18.0%) | 146 (13.7%) | 107 (10.1%) | 82 (7.7%) | 34 (3.2%) | 4 (0.4%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 6,370 (100.0%) | 456 (7.2%) | 383 (6.0%) | 1,929 (30.3%) | 1,301 (20.4%) | 874 (13.7%) | 627 (9.8%) | 600 (9.4%) | 165 (2.6%) | 35 (0.5%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 7,903 (100.0%) | 584 (7.4%) | 559 (7.1%) | 2,159 (27.3%) | 1,770 (22.4%) | 1,106 (14.0%) | 798 (10.1%) | 706 (8.9%) | 180 (2.3%) | 41 (0.5%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 6,670 (100.0%) | 385 (5.8%) | 514 (7.7%) | 2,080 (31.2%) | 1,284 (19.3%) | 806 (12.1%) | 746 (11.2%) | 700 (10.5%) | 127 (1.9%) | 28 (0.4%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 2,724 (100.0%) | 173 (6.4%) | 220 (8.1%) | 774 (28.4%) | 523 (19.2%) | 352 (12.9%) | 261 (9.6%) | 338 (12.4%) | 76 (2.8%) | 7 (0.3%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 12,561 (100.0%) | 862 (6.9%) | 755 (6.0%) | 2,888 (23.0%) | 2,643 (21.0%) | 1,796 (14.3%) | 1,394 (11.1%) | 1,723 (13.7%) | 437 (3.5%) | 63 (0.5%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 2,102 (100.0%) | 175 (8.3%) | 188 (8.9%) | 584 (27.8%) | 576 (27.4%) | 329 (15.7%) | 163 (7.8%) | 72 (3.4%) | 12 (0.6%) | 3 (0.1%) |
| | 合計 | 215,707 (100.0%) | 13,552 (6.3%) | 17,514 (8.1%) | 65,414 (30.3%) | 46,332 (21.5%) | 28,011 (13.0%) | 22,236 (10.3%) | 16,802 (7.8%) | 4,484 (2.1%) | 1,362 (0.6%) |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H22 | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数: 男性 | 男性・年齢別 | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | 5~9歳 | 10代 | 20代 | 30代 | 40代 | 50代 | 60代 | 70代 | 80代~ |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 29,820 (100.0%) | 1,281 (4.3%) | 2,308 (7.7%) | 7,456 (25.0%) | 6,814 (22.9%) | 4,900 (16.4%) | 4,112 (13.8%) | 2,237 (7.5%) | 523 (1.8%) | 189 (0.6%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 2,508 (100.0%) | 107 (4.3%) | 96 (3.8%) | 589 (23.5%) | 508 (20.3%) | 410 (16.3%) | 379 (15.1%) | 335 (13.4%) | 74 (3.0%) | 10 (0.4%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 4,117 (100.0%) | 183 (4.4%) | 182 (4.4%) | 1,034 (25.1%) | 890 (21.6%) | 538 (13.1%) | 529 (12.8%) | 584 (14.2%) | 152 (3.7%) | 25 (0.6%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 2,609 (100.0%) | 127 (4.9%) | 166 (6.4%) | 636 (24.4%) | 579 (22.2%) | 392 (15.0%) | 317 (12.2%) | 308 (11.8%) | 69 (2.6%) | 15 (0.6%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 5,470 (100.0%) | 241 (4.4%) | 216 (3.9%) | 1,718 (31.4%) | 1,169 (21.4%) | 679 (12.4%) | 544 (9.9%) | 709 (13.0%) | 168 (3.1%) | 26 (0.5%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 2,891 (100.0%) | 124 (4.3%) | 159 (5.5%) | 946 (32.7%) | 657 (22.7%) | 347 (12.0%) | 247 (8.5%) | 295 (10.2%) | 97 (3.4%) | 19 (0.7%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 2,308 (100.0%) | 90 (3.9%) | 83 (3.6%) | 662 (28.7%) | 440 (19.1%) | 252 (10.9%) | 280 (12.1%) | 390 (16.9%) | 82 (3.6%) | 29 (1.3%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 5,403 (100.0%) | 255 (4.7%) | 208 (3.8%) | 1,514 (28.0%) | 1,261 (23.3%) | 752 (13.9%) | 678 (12.5%) | 588 (10.9%) | 120 (2.2%) | 26 (0.5%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 800 (100.0%) | 59 (7.4%) | 38 (4.8%) | 122 (15.3%) | 223 (27.9%) | 96 (12.0%) | 74 (9.3%) | 131 (16.4%) | 45 (5.6%) | 12 (1.5%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 407 (100.0%) | 14 (3.4%) | 10 (2.5%) | 102 (25.1%) | 85 (20.9%) | 60 (14.7%) | 51 (12.5%) | 66 (16.2%) | 19 (4.7%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 1,140 (100.0%) | 34 (3.0%) | 73 (6.4%) | 261 (22.9%) | 236 (20.7%) | 146 (12.8%) | 132 (11.6%) | 190 (16.7%) | 48 (4.2%) | 20 (1.8%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 395 (100.0%) | 40 (10.1%) | 42 (10.6%) | 67 (17.0%) | 97 (24.6%) | 39 (9.9%) | 30 (7.6%) | 34 (8.6%) | 20 (5.1%) | 26 (6.6%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 3,936 (100.0%) | 227 (5.8%) | 488 (12.4%) | 953 (24.2%) | 638 (16.2%) | 383 (9.7%) | 323 (8.2%) | 611 (15.5%) | 190 (4.8%) | 123 (3.1%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 1,505 (100.0%) | 72 (4.8%) | 167 (11.1%) | 220 (14.6%) | 341 (22.7%) | 233 (15.5%) | 237 (15.7%) | 131 (8.7%) | 70 (4.7%) | 33 (2.2%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 332 (100.0%) | 23 (6.9%) | 18 (5.4%) | 38 (11.4%) | 62 (18.7%) | 44 (13.3%) | 40 (12.0%) | 58 (17.5%) | 35 (10.5%) | 14 (4.2%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 892 (100.0%) | 32 (3.6%) | 42 (4.7%) | 208 (23.3%) | 165 (18.5%) | 94 (10.5%) | 103 (11.5%) | 179 (20.1%) | 50 (5.6%) | 19 (2.1%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 2,296 (100.0%) | 93 (4.1%) | 140 (6.1%) | 555 (24.2%) | 488 (21.3%) | 248 (10.8%) | 245 (10.7%) | 401 (17.5%) | 105 (4.6%) | 21 (0.9%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 3,570 (100.0%) | 252 (7.1%) | 174 (4.9%) | 781 (21.9%) | 949 (26.6%) | 505 (14.1%) | 394 (11.0%) | 326 (9.1%) | 114 (3.2%) | 74 (2.1%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村+静岡市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 1,766 (100.0%) | 74 (4.2%) | 66 (3.7%) | 426 (24.1%) | 365 (20.7%) | 236 (13.4%) | 223 (12.6%) | 290 (16.4%) | 70 (4.0%) | 16 (0.9%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 982 (100.0%) | 51 (5.2%) | 139 (14.2%) | 150 (15.3%) | 214 (21.8%) | 100 (10.2%) | 106 (10.8%) | 159 (16.2%) | 40 (4.1%) | 23 (2.3%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 3,492 (100.0%) | 147 (4.2%) | 424 (12.1%) | 690 (19.8%) | 733 (21.0%) | 497 (14.2%) | 424 (12.1%) | 355 (10.2%) | 126 (3.6%) | 96 (2.7%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 816 (100.0%) | 38 (4.7%) | 30 (3.7%) | 272 (33.3%) | 191 (23.4%) | 110 (13.5%) | 84 (10.3%) | 72 (8.8%) | 13 (1.6%) | 6 (0.7%) |
| | 17 石川県 | 1,078 (100.0%) | 34 (3.2%) | 250 (23.2%) | 258 (23.9%) | 184 (17.1%) | 83 (7.7%) | 83 (7.7%) | 139 (12.9%) | 39 (3.6%) | 8 (0.7%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 358 (100.0%) | 18 (5.0%) | 15 (4.2%) | 139 (38.8%) | 64 (17.9%) | 38 (10.6%) | 24 (6.7%) | 53 (14.8%) | 6 (1.7%) | 1 (0.3%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 36 (100.0%) | 1 (2.8%) | 2 (5.6%) | 5 (13.9%) | 8 (22.2%) | 4 (11.1%) | 6 (16.7%) | 7 (19.4%) | 1 (2.8%) | 2 (5.6%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 26 京都府 | 4,167 (100.0%) | 260 (6.2%) | 463 (11.1%) | 1,099 (26.4%) | 933 (22.4%) | 450 (10.8%) | 359 (8.6%) | 382 (9.2%) | 133 (3.2%) | 87 (2.1%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 141 (100.0%) | 12 (8.5%) | 15 (10.6%) | 12 (8.5%) | 51 (36.2%) | 23 (16.3%) | 5 (3.5%) | 13 (9.2%) | 8 (5.7%) | 2 (1.4%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 4,202 (100.0%) | 299 (7.1%) | 283 (6.7%) | 1,001 (23.8%) | 1,025 (24.4%) | 444 (10.6%) | 383 (9.1%) | 485 (11.5%) | 167 (4.0%) | 115 (2.7%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 3,140 (100.0%) | 252 (8.0%) | 417 (13.3%) | 466 (14.8%) | 728 (23.2%) | 421 (13.4%) | 319 (10.2%) | 336 (10.7%) | 115 (3.7%) | 86 (2.7%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 3,906 (100.0%) | 167 (4.3%) | 348 (8.9%) | 998 (25.6%) | 820 (21.0%) | 518 (13.3%) | 358 (9.2%) | 508 (13.0%) | 142 (3.6%) | 47 (1.2%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 587 (100.0%) | 22 (3.7%) | 21 (3.6%) | 171 (29.1%) | 121 (20.6%) | 43 (7.3%) | 75 (12.8%) | 106 (18.1%) | 19 (3.2%) | 9 (1.5%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 5,532 (100.0%) | 200 (3.6%) | 354 (6.4%) | 1,235 (22.3%) | 1,290 (23.3%) | 845 (15.3%) | 659 (11.9%) | 755 (13.6%) | 163 (2.9%) | 31 (0.6%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 4,844 (100.0%) | 266 (5.5%) | 439 (9.1%) | 1,158 (23.9%) | 973 (20.1%) | 496 (10.2%) | 552 (11.4%) | 734 (15.2%) | 150 (3.1%) | 76 (1.6%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 5,895 (100.0%) | 319 (5.4%) | 487 (8.3%) | 1,495 (25.4%) | 1,330 (22.6%) | 662 (11.2%) | 574 (9.7%) | 723 (12.3%) | 181 (3.1%) | 124 (2.1%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 2,349 (100.0%) | 84 (3.6%) | 118 (5.0%) | 563 (24.0%) | 457 (19.5%) | 286 (12.2%) | 274 (11.7%) | 454 (19.3%) | 94 (4.0%) | 19 (0.8%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 907 (100.0%) | 45 (5.0%) | 59 (6.5%) | 205 (22.6%) | 153 (16.9%) | 92 (10.1%) | 104 (11.5%) | 190 (20.9%) | 43 (4.7%) | 16 (1.8%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 1,018 (100.0%) | 41 (4.0%) | 40 (3.9%) | 306 (30.1%) | 197 (19.4%) | 118 (11.6%) | 105 (10.3%) | 157 (15.4%) | 42 (4.1%) | 12 (1.2%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 2,877 (100.0%) | 129 (4.5%) | 212 (7.4%) | 649 (22.6%) | 524 (18.2%) | 303 (10.5%) | 336 (11.7%) | 573 (19.9%) | 125 (4.3%) | 26 (0.9%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 2,024 (100.0%) | 60 (3.0%) | 328 (16.2%) | 434 (21.4%) | 330 (16.3%) | 179 (8.8%) | 207 (10.2%) | 387 (19.1%) | 85 (4.2%) | 14 (0.7%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 5,632 (100.0%) | 341 (6.1%) | 393 (7.0%) | 1,290 (22.9%) | 1,287 (22.9%) | 691 (12.3%) | 609 (10.8%) | 720 (12.8%) | 185 (3.3%) | 116 (2.1%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 765 (100.0%) | 41 (5.4%) | 33 (4.3%) | 202 (26.4%) | 161 (21.0%) | 84 (11.0%) | 77 (10.1%) | 135 (17.6%) | 26 (3.4%) | 6 (0.8%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 4,155 (100.0%) | 224 (5.4%) | 218 (5.2%) | 920 (22.1%) | 859 (20.7%) | 573 (13.8%) | 518 (12.5%) | 650 (15.6%) | 169 (4.1%) | 24 (0.6%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 6,052 (100.0%) | 357 (5.9%) | 341 (5.6%) | 1,394 (23.0%) | 1,268 (21.0%) | 770 (12.7%) | 752 (12.4%) | 884 (14.6%) | 221 (3.7%) | 65 (1.1%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 5,177 (100.0%) | 230 (4.4%) | 332 (6.4%) | 1,206 (23.3%) | 1,105 (21.3%) | 615 (11.9%) | 605 (11.7%) | 850 (16.4%) | 195 (3.8%) | 39 (0.8%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 2,056 (100.0%) | 115 (5.6%) | 137 (6.7%) | 426 (20.7%) | 420 (20.4%) | 216 (10.5%) | 276 (13.4%) | 357 (17.4%) | 98 (4.8%) | 11 (0.5%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 8,906 (100.0%) | 448 (5.0%) | 380 (4.3%) | 1,675 (18.8%) | 1,657 (18.6%) | 1,210 (13.6%) | 1,225 (13.8%) | 1,730 (19.4%) | 489 (5.5%) | 92 (1.0%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 1,869 (100.0%) | 99 (5.3%) | 93 (5.0%) | 416 (22.3%) | 435 (23.3%) | 306 (16.4%) | 231 (12.4%) | 230 (12.3%) | 46 (2.5%) | 13 (0.7%) |
| | 合計 | 155,128 (100.0%) | 7,628 (4.9%) | 11,047 (7.1%) | 37,123 (23.9%) | 33,485 (21.6%) | 20,531 (13.2%) | 18,268 (11.8%) | 20,007 (12.9%) | 5,172 (3.3%) | 1,863 (1.2%) |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H27 | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数: 男性 | 男性・年齢別 | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | 5~9歳 | 10代 | 20代 | 30代 | 40代 | 50代 | 60代 | 70代 | 80代~ |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 27,034 (100.0%) | 1,131 (4.2%) | 2,159 (8.0%) | 6,754 (25.0%) | 5,575 (20.6%) | 4,613 (17.1%) | 3,722 (13.8%) | 2,298 (8.5%) | 586 (2.2%) | 194 (0.7%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 1,960 (100.0%) | 85 (4.3%) | 84 (4.3%) | 416 (21.2%) | 380 (19.4%) | 283 (14.4%) | 247 (12.6%) | 357 (18.2%) | 94 (4.8%) | 14 (0.7%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 5,846 (100.0%) | 169 (2.9%) | 167 (2.9%) | 1,195 (20.4%) | 1,187 (20.3%) | 1,081 (18.5%) | 953 (16.3%) | 905 (15.5%) | 155 (2.7%) | 34 (0.6%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 2,605 (100.0%) | 102 (3.9%) | 143 (5.5%) | 519 (19.9%) | 599 (23.0%) | 465 (17.9%) | 371 (14.2%) | 315 (12.1%) | 70 (2.7%) | 21 (0.8%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 4,608 (100.0%) | 255 (5.5%) | 174 (3.8%) | 1,217 (26.4%) | 1,012 (22.0%) | 547 (11.9%) | 496 (10.8%) | 678 (14.7%) | 192 (4.2%) | 37 (0.8%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 2,468 (100.0%) | 157 (6.4%) | 167 (6.8%) | 642 (26.0%) | 572 (23.2%) | 301 (12.2%) | 240 (9.7%) | 275 (11.1%) | 85 (3.4%) | 29 (1.2%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 2,321 (100.0%) | 68 (2.9%) | 84 (3.6%) | 491 (21.2%) | 408 (17.6%) | 348 (15.0%) | 373 (16.1%) | 432 (18.6%) | 92 (4.0%) | 25 (1.1%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 4,283 (100.0%) | 180 (4.2%) | 202 (4.7%) | 1,032 (24.1%) | 953 (22.3%) | 638 (14.9%) | 554 (12.9%) | 546 (12.7%) | 141 (3.3%) | 37 (0.9%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 491 (100.0%) | 32 (6.5%) | 29 (5.9%) | 77 (15.7%) | 98 (20.0%) | 71 (14.5%) | 44 (9.0%) | 96 (19.6%) | 36 (7.3%) | 8 (1.6%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 255 (100.0%) | 12 (4.7%) | 5 (2.0%) | 50 (19.6%) | 66 (25.9%) | 37 (14.5%) | 27 (10.6%) | 34 (13.3%) | 19 (7.5%) | 5 (2.0%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 972 (100.0%) | 40 (4.1%) | 56 (5.8%) | 249 (25.6%) | 172 (17.7%) | 156 (16.0%) | 98 (10.1%) | 141 (14.5%) | 50 (5.1%) | 10 (1.0%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 357 (100.0%) | 37 (10.4%) | 54 (15.1%) | 53 (14.8%) | 76 (21.3%) | 42 (11.8%) | 24 (6.7%) | 39 (10.9%) | 14 (3.9%) | 18 (5.0%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 3,574 (100.0%) | 202 (5.7%) | 475 (13.3%) | 870 (24.3%) | 493 (13.8%) | 344 (9.6%) | 261 (7.3%) | 540 (15.1%) | 237 (6.6%) | 152 (4.3%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 1,427 (100.0%) | 67 (4.7%) | 205 (14.4%) | 210 (14.7%) | 289 (20.3%) | 217 (15.2%) | 184 (12.9%) | 126 (8.8%) | 77 (5.4%) | 52 (3.6%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 215 (100.0%) | 11 (5.1%) | 12 (5.6%) | 22 (10.2%) | 34 (15.8%) | 40 (18.6%) | 26 (12.1%) | 37 (17.2%) | 16 (7.4%) | 17 (7.9%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 748 (100.0%) | 33 (4.4%) | 35 (4.7%) | 125 (16.7%) | 149 (19.9%) | 101 (13.5%) | 83 (11.1%) | 155 (20.7%) | 50 (6.7%) | 17 (2.3%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 2,122 (100.0%) | 98 (4.6%) | 136 (6.4%) | 453 (21.3%) | 428 (20.2%) | 304 (14.3%) | 216 (10.2%) | 359 (16.9%) | 98 (4.6%) | 30 (1.4%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 2,947 (100.0%) | 217 (7.4%) | 158 (5.4%) | 582 (19.7%) | 736 (25.0%) | 459 (15.6%) | 316 (10.7%) | 296 (10.0%) | 117 (4.0%) | 66 (2.2%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村+静岡市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 1,432 (100.0%) | 49 (3.4%) | 32 (2.2%) | 314 (21.9%) | 266 (18.6%) | 221 (15.4%) | 224 (15.6%) | 226 (15.8%) | 74 (5.2%) | 24 (1.7%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 905 (100.0%) | 64 (7.1%) | 118 (13.0%) | 133 (14.7%) | 193 (21.3%) | 130 (14.4%) | 87 (9.6%) | 119 (13.1%) | 37 (4.1%) | 24 (2.7%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 2,757 (100.0%) | 133 (4.8%) | 280 (10.2%) | 521 (18.9%) | 547 (19.8%) | 374 (13.6%) | 336 (12.2%) | 341 (12.4%) | 132 (4.8%) | 93 (3.4%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 578 (100.0%) | 31 (5.4%) | 28 (4.8%) | 140 (24.2%) | 122 (21.1%) | 98 (17.0%) | 57 (9.9%) | 70 (12.1%) | 25 (4.3%) | 7 (1.2%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 1,165 (100.0%) | 28 (2.4%) | 365 (31.3%) | 235 (20.2%) | 173 (14.8%) | 109 (9.4%) | 78 (6.7%) | 132 (11.3%) | 31 (2.7%) | 14 (1.2%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 279 (100.0%) | 18 (6.5%) | 8 (2.9%) | 91 (32.6%) | 63 (22.6%) | 37 (13.3%) | 18 (6.5%) | 33 (11.8%) | 8 (2.9%) | 3 (1.1%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 25 滋賀県 | 35 (100.0%) | 1 (2.9%) | 0 (0.0%) | 4 (11.4%) | 15 (42.9%) | 3 (8.6%) | 4 (11.4%) | 6 (17.1%) | 2 (5.7%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 26 京都府 | 3,664 (100.0%) | 217 (5.9%) | 509 (13.9%) | 801 (21.9%) | 836 (22.8%) | 440 (12.0%) | 269 (7.3%) | 357 (9.7%) | 137 (3.7%) | 97 (2.6%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 127 (100.0%) | 16 (12.6%) | 11 (8.7%) | 10 (7.9%) | 30 (23.6%) | 25 (19.7%) | 6 (4.7%) | 19 (15.0%) | 7 (5.5%) | 3 (2.4%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 3,814 (100.0%) | 277 (7.3%) | 280 (7.3%) | 744 (19.5%) | 908 (23.8%) | 483 (12.7%) | 329 (8.6%) | 486 (12.7%) | 193 (5.1%) | 114 (3.0%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 2,744 (100.0%) | 202 (7.4%) | 375 (13.7%) | 412 (15.0%) | 594 (21.6%) | 406 (14.8%) | 268 (9.8%) | 283 (10.3%) | 124 (4.5%) | 80 (2.9%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 3,245 (100.0%) | 161 (5.0%) | 250 (7.7%) | 709 (21.8%) | 644 (19.8%) | 492 (15.2%) | 367 (11.3%) | 436 (13.4%) | 146 (4.5%) | 40 (1.2%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 31 鳥取県 | 608 (100.0%) | 32 (5.3%) | 28 (4.6%) | 133 (21.9%) | 136 (22.4%) | 75 (12.3%) | 57 (9.4%) | 112 (18.4%) | 31 (5.1%) | 4 (0.7%) |
| | 32 島根県 | 5,144 (100.0%) | 200 (3.9%) | 628 (12.2%) | 1,128 (21.9%) | 1,047 (20.4%) | 721 (14.0%) | 518 (10.1%) | 702 (13.6%) | 166 (3.2%) | 34 (0.7%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 4,492 (100.0%) | 263 (5.9%) | 457 (10.2%) | 915 (20.4%) | 905 (20.1%) | 518 (11.5%) | 451 (10.0%) | 713 (15.9%) | 203 (4.5%) | 66 (1.5%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 5,330 (100.0%) | 268 (5.0%) | 503 (9.4%) | 1,159 (21.7%) | 1,206 (22.6%) | 696 (13.1%) | 496 (9.3%) | 713 (13.4%) | 199 (3.7%) | 90 (1.7%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 2,013 (100.0%) | 64 (3.2%) | 129 (6.4%) | 405 (20.1%) | 380 (18.9%) | 264 (13.1%) | 223 (11.1%) | 425 (21.1%) | 104 (5.2%) | 19 (0.9%) |
| 四国 | 36 徳島県 | 887 (100.0%) | 49 (5.5%) | 37 (4.2%) | 143 (16.1%) | 203 (22.9%) | 112 (12.6%) | 90 (10.1%) | 182 (20.5%) | 58 (6.5%) | 13 (1.5%) |
| | 37 香川県 | 885 (100.0%) | 46 (5.2%) | 39 (4.4%) | 220 (24.9%) | 209 (23.6%) | 116 (13.1%) | 86 (9.7%) | 124 (14.0%) | 34 (3.8%) | 11 (1.2%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 2,451 (100.0%) | 99 (4.0%) | 210 (8.6%) | 479 (19.5%) | 507 (20.7%) | 316 (12.9%) | 222 (9.1%) | 462 (18.8%) | 120 (4.9%) | 36 (1.5%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 2,237 (100.0%) | 91 (4.1%) | 441 (19.7%) | 483 (21.6%) | 325 (14.5%) | 267 (11.9%) | 168 (7.5%) | 333 (14.9%) | 111 (5.0%) | 18 (0.8%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 40 福岡県 | 5,157 (100.0%) | 352 (6.8%) | 384 (7.4%) | 1,067 (20.7%) | 1,069 (20.7%) | 771 (15.0%) | 476 (9.2%) | 710 (13.8%) | 213 (4.1%) | 115 (2.2%) |
| | 41 佐賀県 | 633 (100.0%) | 34 (5.4%) | 41 (6.5%) | 123 (19.4%) | 144 (22.7%) | 83 (13.1%) | 59 (9.3%) | 115 (18.2%) | 27 (4.3%) | 7 (1.1%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 3,740 (100.0%) | 172 (4.6%) | 199 (5.3%) | 781 (20.9%) | 763 (20.4%) | 520 (13.9%) | 402 (10.7%) | 701 (18.7%) | 160 (4.3%) | 42 (1.1%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 5,337 (100.0%) | 373 (7.0%) | 296 (5.5%) | 1,081 (20.3%) | 1,128 (21.1%) | 722 (13.5%) | 585 (11.0%) | 845 (15.8%) | 237 (4.4%) | 70 (1.3%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 4,255 (100.0%) | 221 (5.2%) | 282 (6.6%) | 858 (20.2%) | 811 (19.1%) | 570 (13.4%) | 475 (11.2%) | 779 (18.3%) | 202 (4.7%) | 57 (1.3%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 1,835 (100.0%) | 118 (6.4%) | 143 (7.8%) | 311 (16.9%) | 379 (20.7%) | 250 (13.6%) | 175 (9.5%) | 328 (17.9%) | 110 (6.0%) | 20 (1.1%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 7,767 (100.0%) | 406 (5.2%) | 333 (4.3%) | 1,329 (17.1%) | 1,446 (18.6%) | 1,050 (13.5%) | 880 (11.3%) | 1,719 (22.1%) | 488 (6.3%) | 116 (1.5%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 1,838 (100.0%) | 105 (5.7%) | 73 (4.0%) | 385 (20.9%) | 446 (24.3%) | 290 (15.8%) | 259 (14.1%) | 200 (10.9%) | 65 (3.5%) | 15 (0.8%) |
| | 合計 | 139,587 (100.0%) | 6,986 (5.0%) | 10,824 (7.8%) | 30,071 (21.5%) | 28,722 (20.6%) | 20,206 (14.5%) | 15,900 (11.4%) | 19,300 (13.8%) | 5,573 (4.0%) | 1,998 (1.4%) |

ii) 女性

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H12 | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数: 女性 | 女性・年齢別 | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | 5~9歳 | 10代 | 20代 | 30代 | 40代 | 50代 | 60代 | 70代 | 80代~ |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 29,281 (100.0%) | 2,124 (5.2%) | 2,369 (5.8%) | 9,774 (24.0%) | 7,590 (18.6%) | 2,686 (6.6%) | 2,310 (5.7%) | 1,282 (3.1%) | 649 (1.6%) | 497 (1.2%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 3,062 (100.0%) | 298 (7.3%) | 215 (5.3%) | 1,018 (24.9%) | 776 (19.0%) | 240 (5.9%) | 210 (5.1%) | 212 (5.2%) | 69 (1.7%) | 24 (0.6%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 5,684 (100.0%) | 497 (6.8%) | 424 (5.8%) | 1,915 (26.1%) | 1,389 (18.9%) | 519 (7.1%) | 390 (5.3%) | 352 (4.8%) | 135 (1.8%) | 63 (0.9%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 3,350 (100.0%) | 232 (5.9%) | 231 (5.9%) | 1,203 (30.8%) | 790 (20.2%) | 271 (6.9%) | 258 (6.6%) | 201 (5.1%) | 93 (2.4%) | 71 (1.8%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 6,584 (100.0%) | 494 (6.2%) | 400 (5.0%) | 2,345 (29.3%) | 1,568 (19.6%) | 552 (6.9%) | 482 (6.0%) | 479 (6.0%) | 186 (2.3%) | 78 (1.0%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 3,219 (100.0%) | 245 (6.4%) | 209 (5.4%) | 1,200 (31.2%) | 714 (18.5%) | 267 (6.9%) | 241 (6.3%) | 221 (5.7%) | 76 (2.0%) | 46 (1.2%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 2,770 (100.0%) | 168 (4.9%) | 162 (4.8%) | 998 (29.3%) | 609 (17.9%) | 227 (6.7%) | 244 (7.2%) | 224 (6.6%) | 97 (2.8%) | 41 (1.2%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 5,997 (100.0%) | 401 (5.3%) | 341 (4.5%) | 2,345 (30.8%) | 1,512 (19.8%) | 435 (5.7%) | 399 (5.2%) | 329 (4.3%) | 137 (1.8%) | 98 (1.3%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 906 (100.0%) | 69 (6.8%) | 74 (7.3%) | 197 (19.4%) | 201 (19.7%) | 90 (8.8%) | 119 (11.7%) | 87 (8.5%) | 36 (3.5%) | 33 (3.2%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 419 (100.0%) | 17 (3.2%) | 22 (4.2%) | 138 (26.3%) | 82 (15.6%) | 36 (6.9%) | 48 (9.1%) | 48 (9.1%) | 16 (3.0%) | 12 (2.3%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 1,301 (100.0%) | 65 (3.6%) | 83 (4.6%) | 455 (25.0%) | 270 (14.8%) | 111 (6.1%) | 117 (6.4%) | 110 (6.0%) | 50 (2.7%) | 40 (2.2%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 700 (100.0%) | 67 (11.3%) | 40 (6.7%) | 188 (31.6%) | 145 (24.4%) | 60 (10.1%) | 41 (6.9%) | 43 (7.2%) | 36 (6.1%) | 80 (13.4%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 4,275 (100.0%) | 335 (7.3%) | 379 (8.3%) | 1,211 (26.5%) | 886 (19.4%) | 328 (7.2%) | 334 (7.3%) | 299 (6.5%) | 194 (4.2%) | 309 (6.8%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 1,161 (100.0%) | 80 (6.1%) | 81 (6.1%) | 233 (17.7%) | 279 (21.2%) | 111 (8.4%) | 98 (7.4%) | 57 (4.3%) | 77 (5.8%) | 145 (11.0%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 448 (100.0%) | 32 (8.2%) | 47 (12.1%) | 71 (18.3%) | 115 (29.6%) | 58 (14.9%) | 62 (15.9%) | 42 (10.8%) | 12 (3.1%) | 9 (2.3%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 1,041 (100.0%) | 64 (4.7%) | 71 (5.2%) | 265 (19.6%) | 229 (16.9%) | 101 (7.5%) | 117 (8.6%) | 114 (8.4%) | 39 (2.9%) | 41 (3.0%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 3,080 (100.0%) | 169 (4.6%) | 231 (6.2%) | 1,090 (29.4%) | 710 (19.2%) | 259 (7.0%) | 291 (7.9%) | 197 (5.3%) | 77 (2.1%) | 56 (1.5%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 5,168 (100.0%) | 408 (7.2%) | 355 (6.2%) | 1,949 (34.2%) | 1,314 (23.1%) | 371 (6.5%) | 314 (5.5%) | 204 (3.6%) | 129 (2.3%) | 124 (2.2%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村+静岡市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 1,877 (100.0%) | 106 (4.7%) | 90 (4.0%) | 638 (28.3%) | 404 (17.9%) | 161 (7.1%) | 201 (8.9%) | 160 (7.1%) | 78 (3.5%) | 39 (1.7%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 1,290 (100.0%) | 98 (6.8%) | 160 (11.1%) | 372 (25.9%) | 266 (18.5%) | 105 (7.3%) | 109 (7.6%) | 67 (4.7%) | 51 (3.6%) | 62 (4.3%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 3,912 (100.0%) | 273 (6.4%) | 350 (8.2%) | 1,350 (31.6%) | 870 (20.4%) | 247 (5.8%) | 269 (6.3%) | 245 (5.7%) | 154 (3.6%) | 154 (3.6%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 787 (100.0%) | 37 (3.3%) | 48 (4.3%) | 374 (33.7%) | 166 (14.9%) | 55 (5.0%) | 48 (4.3%) | 36 (3.2%) | 17 (1.5%) | 6 (0.5%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 1,081 (100.0%) | 66 (4.8%) | 73 (5.3%) | 390 (28.2%) | 214 (15.5%) | 84 (6.1%) | 113 (8.2%) | 73 (5.3%) | 45 (3.2%) | 23 (1.7%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 465 (100.0%) | 33 (5.2%) | 20 (3.1%) | 195 (30.5%) | 107 (16.7%) | 39 (6.1%) | 29 (4.5%) | 26 (4.1%) | 10 (1.6%) | 6 (0.9%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 97 (100.0%) | 5 (5.3%) | 2 (2.1%) | 42 (44.2%) | 18 (18.9%) | 9 (9.5%) | 14 (14.7%) | 5 (5.3%) | 1 (1.1%) | 1 (1.1%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 26 京都府 | 5,627 (100.0%) | 434 (7.5%) | 499 (8.6%) | 1,846 (31.7%) | 1,370 (23.5%) | 396 (6.8%) | 407 (7.0%) | 275 (4.7%) | 182 (3.1%) | 218 (3.7%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 294 (100.0%) | 25 (10.9%) | 28 (12.2%) | 64 (27.9%) | 67 (29.3%) | 30 (13.1%) | 27 (11.8%) | 15 (6.6%) | 15 (6.6%) | 23 (10.0%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 6,358 (100.0%) | 484 (8.0%) | 397 (6.6%) | 2,187 (36.1%) | 1,527 (25.2%) | 445 (7.4%) | 441 (7.3%) | 331 (5.5%) | 214 (3.5%) | 332 (5.5%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 4,831 (100.0%) | 382 (8.1%) | 328 (7.0%) | 1,308 (27.8%) | 1,235 (26.2%) | 415 (8.8%) | 380 (8.1%) | 292 (6.2%) | 218 (4.6%) | 273 (5.8%) |
| | 30 和歌山县 | 4,673 (100.0%) | 341 (5.6%) | 271 (4.6%) | 1,674 (28.3%) | 1,111 (18.8%) | 347 (5.9%) | 444 (7.5%) | 407 (6.9%) | 183 (3.1%) | 95 (1.6%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 867 (100.0%) | 56 (5.8%) | 61 (6.3%) | 327 (33.7%) | 143 (14.7%) | 70 (7.2%) | 85 (8.8%) | 72 (7.4%) | 29 (3.0%) | 24 (2.5%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 5,070 (100.0%) | 321 (5.1%) | 365 (5.8%) | 1,901 (30.4%) | 1,017 (16.3%) | 396 (6.3%) | 474 (7.6%) | 381 (6.1%) | 154 (2.5%) | 61 (1.0%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 6,091 (100.0%) | 417 (6.0%) | 675 (9.8%) | 2,024 (29.3%) | 1,180 (17.1%) | 452 (6.6%) | 589 (8.5%) | 421 (6.1%) | 168 (2.4%) | 165 (2.4%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 6,361 (100.0%) | 399 (5.1%) | 533 (6.8%) | 2,148 (27.6%) | 1,371 (17.6%) | 503 (6.5%) | 582 (7.5%) | 413 (5.3%) | 206 (2.6%) | 206 (2.6%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 2,698 (100.0%) | 180 (5.7%) | 191 (6.1%) | 876 (27.9%) | 494 (15.7%) | 230 (7.3%) | 341 (10.9%) | 257 (8.2%) | 76 (2.4%) | 53 (1.7%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 1,237 (100.0%) | 74 (4.9%) | 73 (4.8%) | 419 (27.7%) | 248 (16.4%) | 96 (6.4%) | 134 (8.9%) | 100 (6.6%) | 56 (3.7%) | 37 (2.4%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 1,059 (100.0%) | 67 (5.3%) | 61 (4.8%) | 406 (31.9%) | 185 (14.5%) | 82 (6.4%) | 97 (7.6%) | 85 (6.7%) | 46 (3.6%) | 30 (2.4%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 3,519 (100.0%) | 217 (4.9%) | 255 (5.8%) | 1,160 (26.4%) | 712 (16.2%) | 271 (6.2%) | 361 (8.2%) | 356 (8.1%) | 143 (3.3%) | 44 (1.0%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 2,267 (100.0%) | 134 (4.2%) | 183 (5.8%) | 666 (21.1%) | 403 (12.7%) | 174 (5.5%) | 278 (8.8%) | 275 (8.7%) | 104 (3.3%) | 50 (1.6%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 6,409 (100.0%) | 491 (7.0%) | 523 (7.4%) | 1,699 (24.1%) | 1,468 (20.9%) | 618 (8.8%) | 650 (9.2%) | 512 (7.3%) | 239 (3.4%) | 209 (3.0%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 930 (100.0%) | 63 (5.9%) | 66 (6.2%) | 315 (29.6%) | 184 (17.3%) | 85 (8.0%) | 84 (7.9%) | 74 (7.0%) | 38 (3.6%) | 21 (2.0%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 5,509 (100.0%) | 368 (5.8%) | 367 (5.8%) | 1,833 (28.8%) | 1,235 (19.4%) | 465 (7.3%) | 466 (7.3%) | 479 (7.5%) | 219 (3.4%) | 77 (1.2%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 7,314 (100.0%) | 513 (6.5%) | 544 (6.9%) | 2,399 (30.4%) | 1,664 (21.1%) | 609 (7.7%) | 635 (8.0%) | 569 (7.2%) | 247 (3.1%) | 134 (1.7%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 5,633 (100.0%) | 397 (6.0%) | 411 (6.2%) | 1,749 (26.2%) | 1,136 (17.0%) | 505 (7.6%) | 707 (10.6%) | 477 (7.2%) | 164 (2.5%) | 87 (1.3%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 2,222 (100.0%) | 159 (5.8%) | 199 (7.3%) | 642 (23.6%) | 426 (15.6%) | 197 (7.2%) | 234 (8.6%) | 260 (9.5%) | 74 (2.7%) | 31 (1.1%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 10,464 (100.0%) | 758 (6.0%) | 866 (6.9%) | 2,583 (20.6%) | 2,116 (16.8%) | 1,029 (8.2%) | 1,221 (9.7%) | 1,282 (10.2%) | 429 (3.4%) | 180 (1.4%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 1,872 (100.0%) | 207 (9.8%) | 165 (7.8%) | 701 (33.3%) | 528 (25.1%) | 143 (6.8%) | 73 (3.5%) | 30 (1.4%) | 17 (0.8%) | 8 (0.4%) |
| | 合計 | 179,460 (100.0%) | 12,870 (7.2%) | 13,538 (7.5%) | 58,883 (32.8%) | 41,044 (22.9%) | 14,980 (8.3%) | 15,568 (8.7%) | 12,476 (7.0%) | 5,685 (3.2%) | 4,416 (2.5%) |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H22 | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数: 女性 | 女性・年齢別 | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | 5~9歳 | 10代 | 20代 | 30代 | 40代 | 50代 | 60代 | 70代 | 80代~ |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 21,064 (100.0%) | 1,343 (4.5%) | 1,330 (4.5%) | 5,574 (18.7%) | 6,094 (20.4%) | 2,399 (8.0%) | 1,738 (5.8%) | 1,462 (4.9%) | 546 (1.8%) | 578 (1.9%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 1,635 (100.0%) | 97 (3.9%) | 92 (3.7%) | 444 (17.7%) | 405 (16.1%) | 173 (6.9%) | 149 (5.9%) | 185 (7.4%) | 62 (2.5%) | 28 (1.1%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 3,218 (100.0%) | 185 (4.5%) | 149 (3.6%) | 978 (23.8%) | 804 (19.5%) | 304 (7.4%) | 295 (7.2%) | 327 (7.9%) | 109 (2.6%) | 67 (1.6%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 2,150 (100.0%) | 144 (5.5%) | 98 (3.8%) | 603 (23.1%) | 591 (22.7%) | 208 (8.0%) | 186 (7.1%) | 183 (7.0%) | 61 (2.3%) | 76 (2.9%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 4,310 (100.0%) | 230 (4.2%) | 167 (3.1%) | 1,380 (25.2%) | 1,127 (20.6%) | 383 (7.0%) | 339 (6.2%) | 443 (8.1%) | 154 (2.8%) | 87 (1.6%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 2,287 (100.0%) | 128 (4.4%) | 104 (3.6%) | 831 (28.7%) | 608 (21.0%) | 169 (5.8%) | 135 (4.7%) | 201 (7.0%) | 67 (2.3%) | 44 (1.5%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 1,864 (100.0%) | 102 (4.4%) | 71 (3.1%) | 593 (25.7%) | 396 (17.2%) | 153 (6.6%) | 151 (6.5%) | 242 (10.5%) | 84 (3.6%) | 72 (3.1%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 4,030 (100.0%) | 210 (3.9%) | 152 (2.8%) | 1,366 (25.3%) | 1,166 (21.6%) | 313 (5.8%) | 284 (5.3%) | 347 (6.4%) | 109 (2.0%) | 83 (1.5%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・東京都・神奈川県の非 過疎市町村及び一部過 疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 752 (100.0%) | 68 (8.5%) | 34 (4.3%) | 104 (13.0%) | 210 (26.3%) | 58 (7.3%) | 78 (9.8%) | 117 (14.6%) | 41 (5.1%) | 42 (5.3%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 265 (100.0%) | 11 (2.7%) | 7 (1.7%) | 77 (18.9%) | 65 (16.0%) | 23 (5.7%) | 27 (6.6%) | 40 (9.8%) | 13 (3.2%) | 2 (0.5%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 922 (100.0%) | 41 (3.6%) | 32 (2.8%) | 258 (22.6%) | 189 (16.6%) | 73 (6.4%) | 83 (7.3%) | 139 (12.2%) | 52 (4.6%) | 55 (4.8%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 490 (100.0%) | 34 (8.6%) | 31 (7.8%) | 93 (23.5%) | 121 (30.6%) | 32 (8.1%) | 36 (9.1%) | 30 (7.6%) | 24 (6.1%) | 89 (22.5%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 3,531 (100.0%) | 205 (5.2%) | 267 (6.8%) | 658 (16.7%) | 776 (19.7%) | 325 (8.3%) | 246 (6.3%) | 463 (11.8%) | 188 (4.8%) | 403 (10.2%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 1,210 (100.0%) | 64 (4.3%) | 105 (7.0%) | 205 (13.6%) | 282 (18.7%) | 109 (7.2%) | 84 (5.6%) | 96 (6.4%) | 66 (4.4%) | 199 (13.2%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 343 (100.0%) | 16 (4.8%) | 18 (5.4%) | 37 (11.1%) | 70 (21.1%) | 44 (13.3%) | 45 (13.6%) | 52 (15.7%) | 29 (8.7%) | 32 (9.6%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 696 (100.0%) | 29 (3.3%) | 32 (3.6%) | 131 (14.7%) | 161 (18.0%) | 51 (5.7%) | 67 (7.5%) | 136 (15.2%) | 53 (5.9%) | 36 (4.0%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 1,928 (100.0%) | 108 (4.7%) | 100 (4.4%) | 494 (21.5%) | 471 (20.5%) | 162 (7.1%) | 182 (7.9%) | 266 (11.6%) | 81 (3.5%) | 64 (2.8%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 3,581 (100.0%) | 262 (7.3%) | 200 (5.6%) | 1,006 (28.2%) | 1,047 (29.3%) | 298 (8.3%) | 210 (5.9%) | 215 (6.0%) | 137 (3.8%) | 206 (5.8%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知 県・三重県の非過疎 市町村及び一部過 疎市町村+静岡市・ 浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 1,331 (100.0%) | 48 (2.7%) | 67 (3.8%) | 324 (18.3%) | 336 (19.0%) | 120 (6.8%) | 142 (8.0%) | 183 (10.4%) | 61 (3.5%) | 50 (2.8%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 856 (100.0%) | 68 (6.9%) | 78 (7.9%) | 174 (17.7%) | 205 (20.9%) | 75 (7.6%) | 73 (7.4%) | 99 (10.1%) | 33 (3.4%) | 51 (5.2%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 2,625 (100.0%) | 158 (4.5%) | 179 (5.1%) | 623 (17.8%) | 632 (18.1%) | 215 (6.2%) | 216 (6.2%) | 233 (6.7%) | 127 (3.6%) | 242 (6.9%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 695 (100.0%) | 48 (5.9%) | 30 (3.7%) | 262 (32.1%) | 187 (22.9%) | 59 (7.2%) | 34 (4.2%) | 46 (5.6%) | 16 (2.0%) | 13 (1.6%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 726 (100.0%) | 34 (3.2%) | 46 (4.3%) | 207 (19.2%) | 166 (15.4%) | 57 (5.3%) | 71 (6.6%) | 87 (8.1%) | 36 (3.3%) | 22 (2.0%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 310 (100.0%) | 18 (5.0%) | 9 (2.5%) | 128 (35.8%) | 68 (19.0%) | 24 (6.7%) | 25 (7.0%) | 21 (5.9%) | 6 (1.7%) | 11 (3.1%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 42 (100.0%) | 1 (2.8%) | 0 (0.0%) | 17 (47.2%) | 8 (22.2%) | 5 (13.9%) | 2 (5.6%) | 5 (13.9%) | 2 (5.6%) | 2 (5.6%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・兵 庫県の非過疎市町 村及び一部過疎市 町村) | 26 京都府 | 3,958 (100.0%) | 246 (5.9%) | 304 (7.3%) | 1,062 (25.5%) | 986 (23.7%) | 329 (7.9%) | 251 (6.0%) | 287 (6.9%) | 149 (3.6%) | 344 (8.3%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 181 (100.0%) | 12 (8.5%) | 16 (11.3%) | 25 (17.7%) | 58 (41.1%) | 17 (12.1%) | 14 (9.9%) | 11 (7.8%) | 12 (8.5%) | 16 (11.3%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 4,575 (100.0%) | 292 (6.9%) | 253 (6.0%) | 1,249 (29.7%) | 1,220 (29.0%) | 366 (8.7%) | 328 (7.8%) | 325 (7.7%) | 150 (3.6%) | 392 (9.3%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 3,214 (100.0%) | 210 (6.7%) | 215 (6.8%) | 620 (19.7%) | 864 (27.5%) | 332 (10.6%) | 260 (8.3%) | 242 (7.7%) | 145 (4.6%) | 326 (10.4%) |
| | 30 和歌山县 | 3,092 (100.0%) | 175 (4.5%) | 185 (4.7%) | 831 (21.3%) | 793 (20.3%) | 312 (8.0%) | 247 (6.3%) | 298 (7.6%) | 132 (3.4%) | 119 (3.0%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 560 (100.0%) | 29 (4.9%) | 25 (4.3%) | 186 (31.7%) | 102 (17.4%) | 45 (7.7%) | 54 (9.2%) | 79 (13.5%) | 20 (3.4%) | 20 (3.4%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 3,566 (100.0%) | 186 (3.4%) | 179 (3.2%) | 1,051 (19.0%) | 914 (16.5%) | 272 (4.9%) | 283 (5.1%) | 472 (8.5%) | 125 (2.3%) | 84 (1.5%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 4,323 (100.0%) | 236 (4.9%) | 323 (6.7%) | 1,172 (24.2%) | 972 (20.1%) | 359 (7.4%) | 407 (8.4%) | 494 (10.2%) | 154 (3.2%) | 206 (4.3%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 4,843 (100.0%) | 284 (4.8%) | 329 (5.6%) | 1,205 (20.4%) | 1,250 (21.2%) | 367 (6.2%) | 410 (7.0%) | 474 (8.0%) | 190 (3.2%) | 334 (5.7%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 1,904 (100.0%) | 87 (3.7%) | 73 (3.1%) | 435 (18.5%) | 450 (19.2%) | 203 (8.6%) | 250 (10.6%) | 302 (12.9%) | 61 (2.6%) | 43 (1.8%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 824 (100.0%) | 32 (3.5%) | 44 (4.9%) | 206 (22.7%) | 173 (19.1%) | 63 (6.9%) | 91 (10.0%) | 113 (12.5%) | 54 (6.0%) | 48 (5.3%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 909 (100.0%) | 35 (3.4%) | 32 (3.1%) | 297 (29.2%) | 205 (20.1%) | 76 (7.5%) | 87 (8.5%) | 116 (11.4%) | 40 (3.9%) | 21 (2.1%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 2,372 (100.0%) | 134 (4.7%) | 142 (4.9%) | 601 (20.9%) | 512 (17.8%) | 193 (6.7%) | 245 (8.5%) | 367 (12.8%) | 123 (4.3%) | 55 (1.9%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 1,424 (100.0%) | 61 (3.0%) | 96 (4.7%) | 353 (17.4%) | 277 (13.7%) | 87 (4.3%) | 156 (7.7%) | 280 (13.8%) | 75 (3.7%) | 39 (1.9%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 4,860 (100.0%) | 340 (6.0%) | 319 (5.7%) | 1,132 (20.1%) | 1,245 (22.1%) | 428 (7.6%) | 394 (7.0%) | 466 (8.3%) | 203 (3.6%) | 333 (5.9%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・ 熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 658 (100.0%) | 37 (4.8%) | 40 (5.2%) | 172 (22.5%) | 159 (20.8%) | 49 (6.4%) | 85 (11.1%) | 75 (9.8%) | 20 (2.6%) | 21 (2.7%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 3,378 (100.0%) | 210 (5.1%) | 163 (3.9%) | 850 (20.5%) | 819 (19.7%) | 309 (7.4%) | 335 (8.1%) | 430 (10.3%) | 163 (3.9%) | 99 (2.4%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 5,543 (100.0%) | 353 (5.8%) | 284 (4.7%) | 1,420 (23.5%) | 1,405 (23.2%) | 495 (8.2%) | 561 (9.3%) | 621 (10.3%) | 206 (3.4%) | 198 (3.3%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 3,997 (100.0%) | 222 (4.3%) | 179 (3.5%) | 982 (19.0%) | 966 (18.7%) | 325 (6.3%) | 476 (9.2%) | 580 (11.2%) | 160 (3.1%) | 107 (2.1%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 1,647 (100.0%) | 101 (4.9%) | 97 (4.7%) | 426 (20.7%) | 356 (17.3%) | 137 (6.7%) | 174 (8.5%) | 266 (12.9%) | 61 (3.0%) | 29 (1.4%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 7,249 (100.0%) | 398 (4.5%) | 436 (4.9%) | 1,560 (17.5%) | 1,545 (17.3%) | 708 (7.9%) | 911 (10.2%) | 1,123 (12.6%) | 400 (4.5%) | 168 (1.9%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 1,808 (100.0%) | 90 (4.8%) | 59 (3.2%) | 584 (31.2%) | 555 (29.7%) | 190 (10.2%) | 159 (8.5%) | 117 (6.3%) | 31 (1.7%) | 23 (1.2%) |
| | 合計 | 125,746 (100.0%) | 7,422 (5.9%) | 7,191 (5.7%) | 32,986 (26.2%) | 32,011 (25.5%) | 11,494 (9.1%) | 11,076 (8.8%) | 13,156 (10.5%) | 4,831 (3.8%) | 5,579 (4.4%) |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の属性

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H27 | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数: 女性 | 女性・年齢別 | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | 5~9歳 | 10代 | 20代 | 30代 | 40代 | 50代 | 60代 | 70代 | 80代~ |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 19,191 (100.0%) | 1,127 (4.2%) | 1,306 (4.8%) | 4,753 (17.6%) | 5,283 (19.5%) | 2,665 (9.9%) | 1,515 (5.6%) | 1,454 (5.4%) | 558 (2.1%) | 530 (2.0%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 1,433 (100.0%) | 76 (3.9%) | 66 (3.4%) | 329 (16.8%) | 363 (18.5%) | 180 (9.2%) | 109 (5.6%) | 207 (10.6%) | 72 (3.7%) | 31 (1.6%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 3,239 (100.0%) | 204 (3.5%) | 107 (1.8%) | 783 (13.4%) | 904 (15.5%) | 392 (6.7%) | 255 (4.4%) | 396 (6.8%) | 120 (2.1%) | 78 (1.3%) |
| | 4 宮城县 | 1,784 (100.0%) | 109 (4.2%) | 69 (2.6%) | 494 (19.0%) | 509 (19.5%) | 194 (7.4%) | 138 (5.3%) | 156 (6.0%) | 66 (2.5%) | 49 (1.9%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 3,594 (100.0%) | 205 (4.4%) | 144 (3.1%) | 917 (19.9%) | 1,024 (22.2%) | 384 (8.3%) | 268 (5.8%) | 404 (8.8%) | 153 (3.3%) | 95 (2.1%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 2,023 (100.0%) | 127 (5.1%) | 83 (3.4%) | 579 (23.5%) | 558 (22.6%) | 216 (8.8%) | 135 (5.5%) | 193 (7.8%) | 70 (2.8%) | 62 (2.5%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 1,419 (100.0%) | 75 (3.2%) | 56 (2.4%) | 380 (16.4%) | 367 (15.8%) | 143 (6.2%) | 120 (5.2%) | 175 (7.5%) | 69 (3.0%) | 34 (1.5%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 3,308 (100.0%) | 171 (4.0%) | 131 (3.1%) | 916 (21.4%) | 938 (21.9%) | 385 (9.0%) | 274 (6.4%) | 328 (7.7%) | 90 (2.1%) | 75 (1.8%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・東京都・神奈川県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 434 (100.0%) | 18 (3.7%) | 23 (4.7%) | 57 (11.6%) | 107 (21.8%) | 54 (11.0%) | 52 (10.6%) | 74 (15.1%) | 30 (6.1%) | 19 (3.9%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 207 (100.0%) | 6 (2.4%) | 8 (3.1%) | 41 (16.1%) | 54 (21.2%) | 26 (10.2%) | 17 (6.7%) | 30 (11.8%) | 16 (6.3%) | 9 (3.5%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 761 (100.0%) | 38 (3.9%) | 29 (3.0%) | 176 (18.1%) | 186 (19.1%) | 81 (8.3%) | 62 (6.4%) | 98 (10.1%) | 40 (4.1%) | 51 (5.2%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 373 (100.0%) | 28 (7.8%) | 15 (4.2%) | 55 (15.4%) | 90 (25.2%) | 40 (11.2%) | 23 (6.4%) | 28 (7.8%) | 14 (3.9%) | 80 (22.4%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 3,079 (100.0%) | 177 (5.0%) | 241 (6.7%) | 477 (13.3%) | 560 (15.7%) | 345 (9.7%) | 203 (5.7%) | 370 (10.4%) | 215 (6.0%) | 491 (13.7%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 1,079 (100.0%) | 55 (3.9%) | 61 (4.3%) | 202 (14.2%) | 254 (17.8%) | 130 (9.1%) | 80 (5.6%) | 64 (4.5%) | 69 (4.8%) | 164 (11.5%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 277 (100.0%) | 13 (6.0%) | 8 (3.7%) | 29 (13.5%) | 59 (27.4%) | 43 (20.0%) | 36 (16.7%) | 35 (16.3%) | 20 (9.3%) | 34 (15.8%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 649 (100.0%) | 40 (5.3%) | 28 (3.7%) | 116 (15.5%) | 148 (19.8%) | 81 (10.8%) | 57 (7.6%) | 104 (13.9%) | 44 (5.9%) | 31 (4.1%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 1,803 (100.0%) | 91 (4.3%) | 103 (4.9%) | 414 (19.5%) | 459 (21.6%) | 205 (9.7%) | 142 (6.7%) | 238 (11.2%) | 75 (3.5%) | 76 (3.6%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 2,919 (100.0%) | 233 (7.9%) | 139 (4.7%) | 680 (23.1%) | 880 (29.9%) | 297 (10.1%) | 185 (6.3%) | 206 (7.0%) | 90 (3.1%) | 209 (7.1%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村+静岡市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 1,027 (100.0%) | 45 (3.1%) | 27 (1.9%) | 238 (16.6%) | 221 (15.4%) | 119 (8.3%) | 96 (6.7%) | 168 (11.7%) | 58 (4.1%) | 55 (3.8%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 786 (100.0%) | 70 (7.7%) | 68 (7.5%) | 129 (14.3%) | 213 (23.5%) | 75 (8.3%) | 70 (7.7%) | 77 (8.5%) | 26 (2.9%) | 58 (6.4%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 2,338 (100.0%) | 118 (4.3%) | 149 (5.4%) | 511 (18.5%) | 526 (19.1%) | 246 (8.9%) | 144 (5.2%) | 219 (7.9%) | 135 (4.9%) | 290 (10.5%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 505 (100.0%) | 26 (4.5%) | 18 (3.1%) | 142 (24.6%) | 143 (24.7%) | 64 (11.1%) | 33 (5.7%) | 50 (8.7%) | 17 (2.9%) | 12 (2.1%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 707 (100.0%) | 28 (2.4%) | 118 (10.1%) | 151 (13.0%) | 154 (13.2%) | 78 (6.7%) | 46 (3.9%) | 72 (6.2%) | 31 (2.7%) | 29 (2.5%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 248 (100.0%) | 14 (5.0%) | 7 (2.5%) | 80 (28.7%) | 70 (25.1%) | 26 (9.3%) | 11 (3.9%) | 22 (7.9%) | 11 (3.9%) | 7 (2.5%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 31 (100.0%) | 2 (5.7%) | 1 (2.9%) | 7 (20.0%) | 7 (20.0%) | 4 (11.4%) | 0 (0.0%) | 8 (22.9%) | 1 (2.9%) | 1 (2.9%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 26 京都府 | 3,432 (100.0%) | 204 (5.6%) | 220 (6.0%) | 793 (21.6%) | 903 (24.6%) | 367 (10.0%) | 234 (6.4%) | 267 (7.3%) | 138 (3.8%) | 306 (8.4%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 130 (100.0%) | 6 (4.7%) | 6 (4.7%) | 13 (10.2%) | 37 (29.1%) | 19 (15.0%) | 7 (5.5%) | 13 (10.2%) | 6 (4.7%) | 23 (18.1%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 3,857 (100.0%) | 304 (8.0%) | 218 (5.7%) | 824 (21.6%) | 1,059 (27.8%) | 381 (10.0%) | 280 (7.3%) | 311 (8.2%) | 161 (4.2%) | 319 (8.4%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 2,702 (100.0%) | 172 (6.3%) | 161 (5.9%) | 421 (15.3%) | 726 (26.5%) | 353 (12.9%) | 207 (7.5%) | 197 (7.2%) | 130 (4.7%) | 335 (12.2%) |
| | 30 和歌山县 | 2,629 (100.0%) | 158 (4.9%) | 116 (3.6%) | 621 (19.1%) | 698 (21.5%) | 314 (9.7%) | 201 (6.2%) | 272 (8.4%) | 121 (3.7%) | 128 (3.9%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 526 (100.0%) | 35 (5.8%) | 33 (5.4%) | 114 (18.8%) | 120 (19.7%) | 72 (11.8%) | 39 (6.4%) | 71 (11.7%) | 26 (4.3%) | 16 (2.6%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 3,313 (100.0%) | 192 (3.7%) | 223 (4.3%) | 732 (14.2%) | 836 (16.3%) | 391 (7.6%) | 263 (5.1%) | 477 (9.3%) | 124 (2.4%) | 75 (1.5%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 3,873 (100.0%) | 224 (5.0%) | 308 (6.9%) | 830 (18.5%) | 898 (20.0%) | 417 (9.3%) | 310 (6.9%) | 532 (11.8%) | 171 (3.8%) | 182 (4.1%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 4,179 (100.0%) | 271 (5.1%) | 305 (5.7%) | 894 (16.8%) | 980 (18.4%) | 448 (8.4%) | 322 (6.0%) | 532 (10.0%) | 160 (3.0%) | 267 (5.0%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 1,656 (100.0%) | 71 (3.5%) | 84 (4.2%) | 311 (15.4%) | 383 (19.0%) | 219 (10.9%) | 250 (12.4%) | 76 (3.8%) | 43 (2.1%) | |
| | 36 徳島県 | 765 (100.0%) | 40 (4.5%) | 20 (2.3%) | 166 (18.7%) | 197 (22.2%) | 94 (10.6%) | 66 (7.4%) | 101 (11.4%) | 55 (6.2%) | 26 (2.9%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 803 (100.0%) | 34 (3.8%) | 30 (3.4%) | 243 (27.5%) | 211 (23.8%) | 96 (10.8%) | 51 (5.8%) | 84 (9.5%) | 34 (3.8%) | 20 (2.3%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 1,845 (100.0%) | 117 (4.8%) | 99 (4.0%) | 360 (14.7%) | 430 (17.5%) | 208 (8.5%) | 167 (6.8%) | 302 (12.3%) | 95 (3.9%) | 67 (2.7%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 1,464 (100.0%) | 80 (3.6%) | 153 (6.8%) | 308 (13.8%) | 342 (15.3%) | 169 (7.6%) | 92 (4.1%) | 206 (9.2%) | 76 (3.4%) | 38 (1.7%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 4,411 (100.0%) | 308 (6.0%) | 292 (5.7%) | 832 (16.1%) | 1,117 (21.7%) | 508 (9.9%) | 358 (6.9%) | 472 (9.2%) | 204 (4.0%) | 320 (6.2%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 562 (100.0%) | 38 (6.0%) | 24 (3.8%) | 114 (18.0%) | 131 (20.7%) | 69 (10.9%) | 47 (7.4%) | 85 (13.4%) | 25 (3.9%) | 29 (4.6%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 3,071 (100.0%) | 194 (5.2%) | 132 (3.5%) | 675 (18.0%) | 768 (20.5%) | 350 (9.4%) | 279 (7.5%) | 420 (11.2%) | 148 (4.0%) | 105 (2.8%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 4,877 (100.0%) | 309 (5.8%) | 258 (4.8%) | 1,073 (20.1%) | 1,231 (23.1%) | 543 (10.2%) | 423 (7.9%) | 625 (11.7%) | 211 (4.0%) | 204 (3.8%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 3,259 (100.0%) | 202 (4.7%) | 182 (4.3%) | 610 (14.3%) | 747 (17.6%) | 371 (8.7%) | 334 (7.8%) | 525 (12.3%) | 173 (4.1%) | 115 (2.7%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 1,462 (100.0%) | 120 (6.5%) | 89 (4.9%) | 275 (15.0%) | 350 (19.1%) | 163 (8.9%) | 139 (7.6%) | 226 (12.3%) | 73 (4.0%) | 27 (1.5%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 6,205 (100.0%) | 371 (4.8%) | 319 (4.1%) | 1,102 (14.2%) | 1,364 (17.6%) | 699 (9.0%) | 658 (8.5%) | 1,122 (14.4%) | 376 (4.8%) | 194 (2.5%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 1,723 (100.0%) | 94 (5.1%) | 71 (3.9%) | 444 (24.2%) | 528 (28.7%) | 241 (13.1%) | 139 (7.6%) | 139 (7.6%) | 41 (2.2%) | 26 (1.4%) |
| | 合計 | 109,958 (100.0%) | 6,640 (6.0%) | 6,348 (5.8%) | 24,411 (22.2%) | 28,133 (25.6%) | 12,965 (11.8%) | 8,906 (8.1%) | 12,405 (11.3%) | 4,714 (4.3%) | 5,435 (4.9%) |

⑤世帯構成 [1 - 2 (2) ⑧参照]

■都市部から過疎地域への移住者の世帯構成

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内の 「都市部」) | H12 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者数 | 世帯の家族類型 | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | | 核家族世帯 | | | 核家族以外の 世帯 | 非親族を含む 世帯 | 単独世帯 |
| | | | 夫婦のみの世帯 | 夫婦と子供から 成る世帯 | 男親又は女親と 子供から成る世帯 | | | |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 70,021 (100.0%) | 10,163 (14.5%) | 22,483 (32.1%) | 4,645 (6.6%) | 6,376 (9.1%) | 443 (0.6%) | 21,904 (31.3%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 7,151 (100.0%) | 709 (9.9%) | 2,090 (29.2%) | 746 (10.4%) | 2,299 (32.1%) | 26 (0.4%) | 939 (13.1%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 13,017 (100.0%) | 1,432 (11.0%) | 3,807 (29.2%) | 1,295 (9.9%) | 3,979 (30.6%) | 49 (0.4%) | 2,214 (17.0%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 7,254 (100.0%) | 803 (11.1%) | 1,921 (26.5%) | 523 (7.2%) | 2,368 (32.6%) | 22 (0.3%) | 1,329 (18.3%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 14,590 (100.0%) | 1,730 (11.9%) | 4,244 (29.1%) | 1,272 (8.7%) | 4,742 (32.5%) | 76 (0.5%) | 2,380 (16.3%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 7,071 (100.0%) | 794 (11.2%) | 1,965 (27.8%) | 475 (6.7%) | 2,480 (35.1%) | 25 (0.4%) | 1,143 (16.2%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 6,174 (100.0%) | 843 (13.7%) | 1,591 (25.8%) | 491 (8.0%) | 1,965 (31.8%) | 23 (0.4%) | 1,174 (19.0%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 13,616 (100.0%) | 1,501 (11.0%) | 3,827 (28.1%) | 889 (6.5%) | 4,080 (30.0%) | 39 (0.3%) | 2,971 (21.8%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・ 東京都・神奈川県の 非過疎市町村及び 一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 1,924 (100.0%) | 268 (13.9%) | 842 (43.8%) | 138 (7.2%) | 498 (25.9%) | 5 (0.3%) | 157 (8.2%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 944 (100.0%) | 149 (15.8%) | 246 (26.1%) | 45 (4.8%) | 263 (27.9%) | 3 (0.3%) | 213 (22.6%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 3,120 (100.0%) | 444 (14.2%) | 704 (22.6%) | 192 (6.2%) | 643 (20.6%) | 35 (1.1%) | 741 (23.8%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 1,295 (100.0%) | 114 (8.8%) | 380 (29.3%) | 78 (6.0%) | 371 (28.6%) | 6 (0.5%) | 145 (11.2%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 8,845 (100.0%) | 1,021 (11.5%) | 2,143 (24.2%) | 449 (5.1%) | 2,335 (26.4%) | 47 (0.5%) | 1,900 (21.5%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,479 (100.0%) | 315 (12.7%) | 803 (32.4%) | 127 (5.1%) | 248 (10.0%) | 9 (0.4%) | 545 (22.0%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 837 (100.0%) | 159 (19.0%) | 329 (39.3%) | 60 (7.2%) | 180 (21.5%) | 12 (1.4%) | 97 (11.6%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 2,394 (100.0%) | 370 (15.5%) | 720 (30.1%) | 188 (7.9%) | 547 (22.8%) | 16 (0.7%) | 443 (18.5%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 6,785 (100.0%) | 968 (14.3%) | 1,990 (29.3%) | 337 (5.0%) | 1,567 (23.1%) | 54 (0.8%) | 1,602 (23.6%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 10,868 (100.0%) | 964 (8.9%) | 3,086 (28.4%) | 508 (4.7%) | 3,591 (33.0%) | 34 (0.3%) | 1,851 (17.0%) |
| 東海 (岐阜県・愛知県・ 三重県の非過疎市 町村及び一部過疎市 町村+静岡市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 4,131 (100.0%) | 712 (17.2%) | 1,065 (25.8%) | 262 (6.3%) | 889 (21.5%) | 47 (1.1%) | 1,068 (25.9%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 2,726 (100.0%) | 279 (10.2%) | 662 (24.3%) | 78 (2.9%) | 838 (30.7%) | 8 (0.3%) | 382 (14.0%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 8,187 (100.0%) | 1,098 (13.4%) | 2,538 (31.0%) | 506 (6.2%) | 1,578 (19.3%) | 24 (0.3%) | 1,862 (22.7%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,898 (100.0%) | 151 (8.0%) | 512 (27.0%) | 104 (5.5%) | 758 (39.9%) | 12 (0.6%) | 328 (17.3%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 2,466 (100.0%) | 284 (11.5%) | 582 (23.6%) | 186 (7.5%) | 814 (33.0%) | 10 (0.4%) | 509 (20.6%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 1,105 (100.0%) | 88 (8.0%) | 319 (28.9%) | 79 (7.1%) | 399 (36.1%) | 1 (0.1%) | 152 (13.8%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 192 (100.0%) | 42 (21.9%) | 57 (29.7%) | 13 (6.8%) | 55 (28.6%) | 0 (0.0%) | 25 (13.0%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・ 兵庫県の非過疎市 町村及び一部過疎市 町村) | 26 京都府 | 11,452 (100.0%) | 1,290 (11.3%) | 3,956 (34.5%) | 603 (5.3%) | 2,906 (25.4%) | 26 (0.2%) | 1,882 (16.4%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 523 (100.0%) | 53 (10.1%) | 253 (48.4%) | 21 (4.0%) | 156 (29.8%) | 0 (0.0%) | 15 (2.9%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 12,409 (100.0%) | 1,560 (12.6%) | 3,983 (32.1%) | 648 (5.2%) | 3,621 (29.2%) | 35 (0.3%) | 1,650 (13.3%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 9,536 (100.0%) | 1,161 (12.2%) | 3,585 (37.6%) | 601 (6.3%) | 2,417 (25.3%) | 41 (0.4%) | 1,028 (10.8%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 10,793 (100.0%) | 1,810 (16.8%) | 3,924 (36.4%) | 834 (7.7%) | 1,686 (15.6%) | 76 (0.7%) | 1,987 (18.4%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 1,838 (100.0%) | 207 (11.3%) | 464 (25.2%) | 123 (6.7%) | 770 (41.9%) | 9 (0.5%) | 205 (11.2%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 11,328 (100.0%) | 1,523 (13.4%) | 3,517 (31.0%) | 836 (7.4%) | 2,978 (26.3%) | 46 (0.4%) | 1,973 (17.4%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 12,988 (100.0%) | 1,609 (12.4%) | 3,672 (28.3%) | 699 (5.4%) | 3,493 (26.9%) | 44 (0.3%) | 2,645 (20.4%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 14,157 (100.0%) | 1,810 (12.8%) | 4,428 (31.3%) | 901 (6.4%) | 3,217 (22.7%) | 53 (0.4%) | 2,533 (17.9%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 5,838 (100.0%) | 956 (16.4%) | 1,869 (32.0%) | 618 (10.6%) | 1,294 (22.2%) | 14 (0.2%) | 961 (16.5%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 2,748 (100.0%) | 410 (14.9%) | 853 (31.0%) | 287 (10.4%) | 723 (26.3%) | 12 (0.4%) | 385 (14.0%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 2,333 (100.0%) | 283 (12.1%) | 796 (34.1%) | 197 (8.4%) | 594 (25.5%) | 10 (0.4%) | 422 (18.1%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 7,917 (100.0%) | 1,222 (15.4%) | 2,802 (35.4%) | 899 (11.4%) | 1,629 (20.6%) | 43 (0.5%) | 1,198 (15.1%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 5,430 (100.0%) | 842 (15.5%) | 1,565 (28.8%) | 525 (9.7%) | 1,018 (18.7%) | 20 (0.4%) | 1,142 (21.0%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 13,449 (100.0%) | 1,742 (13.0%) | 5,142 (38.2%) | 1,200 (8.9%) | 2,792 (20.8%) | 53 (0.4%) | 1,874 (13.9%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・ 熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 1,994 (100.0%) | 202 (10.1%) | 612 (30.7%) | 212 (10.6%) | 706 (35.4%) | 13 (0.7%) | 213 (10.7%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 11,879 (100.0%) | 1,566 (13.2%) | 3,938 (33.2%) | 1,356 (11.4%) | 2,917 (24.6%) | 48 (0.4%) | 1,912 (16.1%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 15,217 (100.0%) | 1,995 (13.1%) | 4,802 (31.6%) | 1,100 (7.2%) | 4,039 (26.5%) | 58 (0.4%) | 2,859 (18.8%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 12,303 (100.0%) | 1,956 (15.9%) | 4,119 (33.5%) | 1,007 (8.2%) | 2,751 (22.4%) | 53 (0.4%) | 2,138 (17.4%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 4,946 (100.0%) | 768 (15.5%) | 1,679 (33.9%) | 526 (10.6%) | 1,152 (23.3%) | 20 (0.4%) | 617 (12.5%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 23,025 (100.0%) | 4,261 (18.5%) | 8,240 (35.8%) | 2,668 (11.6%) | 3,770 (16.4%) | 140 (0.6%) | 3,398 (14.8%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 3,974 (100.0%) | 407 (10.2%) | 1,463 (36.8%) | 406 (10.2%) | 572 (14.4%) | 106 (2.7%) | 991 (24.9%) |
| | 合計 | 395,167 (100.0%) | 53,034 (13.4%) | 124,568 (31.5%) | 29,953 (7.6%) | 89,064 (22.5%) | 1,946 (0.5%) | 78,102 (19.8%) |

■都市部から過疎地域への移住者の世帯構成

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内の 「都市部」) | H22 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者数 | 世帯の家族類型 | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | | 核家族世帯 | | | 核家族以外の 世帯 | 非親族を含む 世帯 | 単独世帯 |
| | | | 夫婦のみの世帯 | 夫婦と子供から 成る世帯 | 男親又は女親と 子供から成る世帯 | | | |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 50,884 (100.0%) | 7,691 (15.1%) | 14,401 (28.3%) | 3,724 (7.3%) | 4,547 (8.9%) | 715 (1.4%) | 16,352 (32.1%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 4,143 (100.0%) | 397 (9.6%) | 839 (20.3%) | 487 (11.8%) | 1,211 (29.2%) | 56 (1.4%) | 900 (21.7%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 7,335 (100.0%) | 904 (12.3%) | 1,833 (25.0%) | 828 (11.3%) | 2,198 (30.0%) | 94 (1.3%) | 1,376 (18.8%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 4,759 (100.0%) | 516 (10.8%) | 1,111 (23.3%) | 351 (7.4%) | 1,532 (32.2%) | 62 (1.3%) | 991 (20.8%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 9,780 (100.0%) | 1,170 (12.0%) | 2,481 (25.4%) | 879 (9.0%) | 3,123 (31.9%) | 107 (1.1%) | 1,860 (19.0%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 5,178 (100.0%) | 587 (11.3%) | 1,243 (24.0%) | 438 (8.5%) | 1,759 (34.0%) | 57 (1.1%) | 926 (17.9%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 4,172 (100.0%) | 547 (13.1%) | 919 (22.0%) | 371 (8.9%) | 1,341 (32.1%) | 107 (2.6%) | 776 (18.6%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 9,433 (100.0%) | 1,007 (10.7%) | 2,345 (24.9%) | 744 (7.9%) | 2,713 (28.8%) | 129 (1.4%) | 2,319 (24.6%) |
| | 8 茨城県 | 1,552 (100.0%) | 277 (17.8%) | 614 (39.6%) | 105 (6.8%) | 321 (20.7%) | 16 (1.0%) | 151 (9.7%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・ 東京都・神奈川県の 非過疎市町村及 び一部過疎市町村) | 9 栃木県 | 672 (100.0%) | 94 (14.0%) | 152 (22.6%) | 40 (6.0%) | 165 (24.6%) | 9 (1.3%) | 153 (22.8%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 2,062 (100.0%) | 333 (16.1%) | 408 (19.8%) | 147 (7.1%) | 439 (21.3%) | 73 (3.5%) | 575 (27.9%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 885 (100.0%) | 73 (8.2%) | 252 (28.5%) | 70 (7.9%) | 239 (27.0%) | 12 (1.4%) | 75 (8.5%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 7,467 (100.0%) | 1,108 (14.8%) | 1,505 (20.2%) | 418 (5.6%) | 1,623 (21.7%) | 105 (1.4%) | 1,740 (23.3%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,715 (100.0%) | 306 (11.3%) | 622 (22.9%) | 169 (6.2%) | 190 (7.0%) | 45 (1.7%) | 833 (30.7%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 675 (100.0%) | 144 (21.3%) | 209 (31.0%) | 54 (8.0%) | 120 (17.8%) | 8 (1.2%) | 109 (16.1%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 1,588 (100.0%) | 308 (19.4%) | 394 (24.8%) | 126 (7.9%) | 325 (20.5%) | 29 (1.8%) | 325 (20.5%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 4,224 (100.0%) | 817 (19.3%) | 958 (22.7%) | 280 (6.6%) | 905 (21.4%) | 104 (2.5%) | 1,025 (24.3%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 7,151 (100.0%) | 684 (9.6%) | 1,918 (26.8%) | 369 (5.2%) | 2,342 (32.8%) | 87 (1.2%) | 1,258 (17.6%) |
| | 22 静岡県 | 3,097 (100.0%) | 536 (17.3%) | 692 (22.3%) | 223 (7.2%) | 545 (17.6%) | 77 (2.5%) | 941 (30.4%) |
| 東海 (岐阜県・愛知県・ 三重県の非過 疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村+静岡 市・浜松市) | 23 愛知県 | 1,838 (100.0%) | 271 (14.7%) | 411 (22.4%) | 82 (4.5%) | 535 (29.1%) | 29 (1.6%) | 243 (13.2%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 6,117 (100.0%) | 802 (13.1%) | 1,508 (24.7%) | 454 (7.4%) | 891 (14.6%) | 53 (0.9%) | 1,543 (25.2%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,511 (100.0%) | 139 (9.2%) | 450 (29.8%) | 114 (7.5%) | 528 (34.9%) | 11 (0.7%) | 223 (14.8%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 1,804 (100.0%) | 226 (12.5%) | 360 (20.0%) | 129 (7.2%) | 408 (22.6%) | 21 (1.2%) | 354 (19.6%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 668 (100.0%) | 77 (11.5%) | 157 (23.5%) | 41 (6.1%) | 283 (42.4%) | 10 (1.5%) | 75 (11.2%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 78 (100.0%) | 9 (11.5%) | 12 (15.4%) | 11 (14.1%) | 18 (23.1%) | 2 (2.6%) | 20 (25.6%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・ 兵庫県の非過疎市 町村及び一部過 疎市町村) | 26 京都府 | 8,125 (100.0%) | 1,034 (12.7%) | 2,315 (28.5%) | 527 (6.5%) | 1,565 (19.3%) | 131 (1.6%) | 1,635 (20.1%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 322 (100.0%) | 54 (16.8%) | 135 (41.9%) | 19 (5.9%) | 65 (20.2%) | 2 (0.6%) | 18 (5.6%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 8,777 (100.0%) | 1,161 (13.2%) | 2,513 (28.6%) | 537 (6.1%) | 2,334 (26.6%) | 101 (1.2%) | 1,226 (14.0%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 6,354 (100.0%) | 689 (10.8%) | 1,840 (29.0%) | 546 (8.6%) | 1,579 (24.9%) | 111 (1.7%) | 745 (11.7%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 6,998 (100.0%) | 1,105 (15.8%) | 2,214 (31.6%) | 677 (9.7%) | 1,020 (14.6%) | 146 (2.1%) | 1,496 (21.4%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 1,147 (100.0%) | 141 (12.3%) | 250 (21.8%) | 89 (7.8%) | 497 (43.3%) | 12 (1.0%) | 127 (11.1%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 9,098 (100.0%) | 1,183 (13.0%) | 2,125 (23.4%) | 689 (7.6%) | 1,908 (21.0%) | 94 (1.0%) | 1,674 (18.4%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 9,167 (100.0%) | 1,301 (14.2%) | 2,321 (25.3%) | 719 (7.8%) | 2,283 (24.9%) | 128 (1.4%) | 1,794 (19.6%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 10,738 (100.0%) | 1,431 (13.3%) | 2,865 (26.7%) | 735 (6.8%) | 2,117 (19.7%) | 138 (1.3%) | 2,033 (18.9%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 4,253 (100.0%) | 724 (17.0%) | 1,062 (25.0%) | 362 (8.5%) | 827 (19.4%) | 29 (0.7%) | 680 (16.0%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 1,731 (100.0%) | 270 (15.6%) | 377 (21.8%) | 190 (11.0%) | 490 (28.3%) | 25 (1.4%) | 305 (17.6%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 1,927 (100.0%) | 302 (15.7%) | 563 (29.2%) | 189 (9.8%) | 386 (20.0%) | 34 (1.8%) | 429 (22.3%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 5,249 (100.0%) | 829 (15.8%) | 1,577 (30.0%) | 598 (11.4%) | 1,049 (20.0%) | 73 (1.4%) | 934 (17.8%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 3,448 (100.0%) | 577 (16.7%) | 811 (23.5%) | 393 (11.4%) | 523 (15.2%) | 41 (1.2%) | 782 (22.7%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 10,492 (100.0%) | 1,328 (12.7%) | 3,198 (30.5%) | 1,061 (10.1%) | 1,909 (18.2%) | 159 (1.5%) | 1,827 (17.4%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・ 熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 1,423 (100.0%) | 179 (12.6%) | 333 (23.4%) | 161 (11.3%) | 519 (36.5%) | 15 (1.1%) | 175 (12.3%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 7,533 (100.0%) | 1,085 (14.4%) | 2,106 (28.0%) | 912 (12.1%) | 1,739 (23.1%) | 118 (1.6%) | 1,404 (18.6%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 11,595 (100.0%) | 1,644 (14.2%) | 3,257 (28.1%) | 1,002 (8.6%) | 2,923 (25.2%) | 144 (1.2%) | 2,315 (20.0%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 9,174 (100.0%) | 1,534 (16.7%) | 2,578 (28.1%) | 785 (8.6%) | 1,938 (21.1%) | 153 (1.7%) | 1,829 (19.9%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 3,703 (100.0%) | 601 (16.2%) | 1,179 (31.8%) | 418 (11.3%) | 747 (20.2%) | 75 (2.0%) | 536 (14.5%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 16,155 (100.0%) | 3,021 (18.7%) | 4,911 (30.4%) | 2,091 (12.9%) | 2,294 (14.2%) | 326 (2.0%) | 3,007 (18.6%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 3,677 (100.0%) | 552 (15.0%) | 991 (27.0%) | 361 (9.8%) | 354 (9.6%) | 177 (4.8%) | 1,205 (32.8%) |
| | 合計 | 280,874 (100.0%) | 39,768 (14.2%) | 75,315 (26.8%) | 23,715 (8.4%) | 57,367 (20.4%) | 4,250 (1.5%) | 61,319 (21.8%) |

■都市部から過疎地域への移住者の世帯構成

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H27 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者数 | 世帯の家族類型 | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | | 核家族世帯 | | | 核家族以外の 世帯 | 非親族を含む 世帯 | 単独世帯 |
| | | | 夫婦のみの世帯 | 夫婦と子供から 成る世帯 | 男親又は女親と 子供から成る世帯 | | | |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 46,225 (100.0%) | 7,221 (15.6%) | 11,965 (25.9%) | 3,129 (6.8%) | 3,537 (7.7%) | 602 (1.3%) | 16,114 (34.9%) |
| | 2 青森県 | 3,393 (100.0%) | 382 (11.3%) | 756 (22.3%) | 448 (13.2%) | 920 (27.1%) | 56 (1.7%) | 719 (21.2%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 9,085 (100.0%) | 997 (11.0%) | 1,895 (20.9%) | 797 (8.8%) | 1,847 (20.3%) | 150 (1.7%) | 2,736 (30.1%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 4,389 (100.0%) | 468 (10.7%) | 893 (20.3%) | 325 (7.4%) | 1,094 (24.9%) | 57 (1.3%) | 1,391 (31.7%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 8,202 (100.0%) | 1,066 (13.0%) | 1,976 (24.1%) | 818 (10.0%) | 2,290 (27.9%) | 115 (1.4%) | 1,749 (21.3%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 4,491 (100.0%) | 506 (11.3%) | 1,123 (25.0%) | 367 (8.2%) | 1,301 (29.0%) | 61 (1.4%) | 950 (21.2%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 3,740 (100.0%) | 431 (11.5%) | 643 (17.2%) | 255 (6.8%) | 960 (25.7%) | 68 (1.8%) | 1,006 (26.9%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 7,591 (100.0%) | 906 (11.9%) | 1,723 (22.7%) | 614 (8.1%) | 1,983 (26.1%) | 81 (1.1%) | 2,114 (27.8%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 8 茨城県 | 925 (100.0%) | 171 (18.5%) | 260 (28.1%) | 90 (9.7%) | 219 (23.7%) | 20 (2.2%) | 132 (14.3%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 462 (100.0%) | 62 (13.4%) | 84 (18.2%) | 21 (4.5%) | 128 (27.7%) | 15 (3.2%) | 124 (26.8%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 1,733 (100.0%) | 279 (16.1%) | 390 (22.5%) | 96 (5.5%) | 293 (16.9%) | 52 (3.0%) | 543 (31.3%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 730 (100.0%) | 84 (11.5%) | 206 (28.2%) | 52 (7.1%) | 166 (22.7%) | 12 (1.6%) | 58 (7.9%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 6,653 (100.0%) | 947 (14.2%) | 1,256 (18.9%) | 369 (5.5%) | 1,149 (17.3%) | 83 (1.2%) | 1,818 (27.3%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,506 (100.0%) | 298 (11.9%) | 550 (21.9%) | 125 (5.0%) | 109 (4.3%) | 29 (1.2%) | 845 (33.7%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 492 (100.0%) | 109 (22.2%) | 140 (28.5%) | 34 (6.9%) | 74 (15.0%) | 17 (3.5%) | 72 (14.6%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 1,397 (100.0%) | 278 (19.9%) | 362 (25.9%) | 133 (9.5%) | 219 (15.7%) | 39 (2.8%) | 320 (22.9%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 3,925 (100.0%) | 677 (17.2%) | 845 (21.5%) | 331 (8.4%) | 669 (17.0%) | 90 (2.3%) | 1,129 (28.8%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 5,866 (100.0%) | 657 (11.2%) | 1,524 (26.0%) | 372 (6.3%) | 1,544 (26.3%) | 81 (1.4%) | 1,303 (22.2%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村+静岡市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 2,459 (100.0%) | 421 (17.1%) | 460 (18.7%) | 204 (8.3%) | 413 (16.8%) | 64 (2.6%) | 861 (35.0%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 1,691 (100.0%) | 204 (12.1%) | 434 (25.7%) | 99 (5.9%) | 381 (22.5%) | 38 (2.2%) | 304 (18.0%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 5,095 (100.0%) | 673 (13.2%) | 1,216 (23.9%) | 352 (6.9%) | 667 (13.1%) | 63 (1.2%) | 1,420 (27.9%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,083 (100.0%) | 121 (11.2%) | 278 (25.7%) | 110 (10.2%) | 318 (29.4%) | 8 (0.7%) | 229 (21.1%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 1,872 (100.0%) | 181 (9.7%) | 321 (17.1%) | 141 (7.5%) | 328 (17.5%) | 32 (1.7%) | 370 (19.8%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 527 (100.0%) | 63 (12.0%) | 120 (22.8%) | 39 (7.4%) | 195 (37.0%) | 10 (1.9%) | 95 (18.0%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 66 (100.0%) | 15 (22.7%) | 16 (24.2%) | 4 (6.1%) | 10 (15.2%) | 0 (0.0%) | 21 (31.8%) |
| 近畿(京都府・大阪府・兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 26 京都府 | 7,096 (100.0%) | 962 (13.6%) | 1,997 (28.1%) | 443 (6.2%) | 1,129 (15.9%) | 84 (1.2%) | 1,694 (23.9%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 257 (100.0%) | 32 (12.5%) | 110 (42.8%) | 15 (5.8%) | 58 (22.6%) | 0 (0.0%) | 22 (8.6%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 7,671 (100.0%) | 1,080 (14.1%) | 2,263 (29.5%) | 508 (6.6%) | 1,535 (20.0%) | 111 (1.4%) | 1,396 (18.2%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 5,446 (100.0%) | 694 (12.7%) | 1,542 (28.3%) | 458 (8.4%) | 1,088 (20.0%) | 107 (2.0%) | 794 (14.6%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 5,874 (100.0%) | 1,030 (17.5%) | 1,667 (28.4%) | 579 (9.9%) | 725 (12.3%) | 142 (2.4%) | 1,446 (24.6%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 1,134 (100.0%) | 161 (14.2%) | 286 (25.2%) | 117 (10.3%) | 371 (32.7%) | 23 (2.0%) | 155 (13.7%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 8,457 (100.0%) | 1,180 (14.0%) | 1,901 (22.5%) | 690 (8.2%) | 1,395 (16.5%) | 77 (0.9%) | 1,742 (20.6%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 8,365 (100.0%) | 1,366 (16.3%) | 2,134 (25.5%) | 663 (7.9%) | 1,604 (19.2%) | 92 (1.1%) | 1,831 (21.9%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 9,509 (100.0%) | 1,308 (13.8%) | 2,470 (26.0%) | 683 (7.2%) | 1,497 (15.7%) | 79 (0.8%) | 2,253 (23.7%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 3,669 (100.0%) | 618 (16.8%) | 716 (19.5%) | 329 (9.0%) | 602 (16.4%) | 45 (1.2%) | 742 (20.2%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 1,652 (100.0%) | 283 (17.1%) | 434 (26.3%) | 169 (10.2%) | 341 (20.6%) | 38 (2.3%) | 345 (20.9%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 1,688 (100.0%) | 302 (17.9%) | 449 (26.6%) | 151 (8.9%) | 264 (15.6%) | 14 (0.8%) | 499 (29.6%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 4,296 (100.0%) | 722 (16.8%) | 1,187 (27.6%) | 570 (13.3%) | 648 (15.1%) | 59 (1.4%) | 933 (21.7%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 3,701 (100.0%) | 527 (14.2%) | 823 (22.2%) | 384 (10.4%) | 453 (12.2%) | 43 (1.2%) | 1,064 (28.7%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 9,568 (100.0%) | 1,211 (12.7%) | 2,948 (30.8%) | 881 (9.2%) | 1,398 (14.6%) | 136 (1.4%) | 1,852 (19.4%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 1,195 (100.0%) | 147 (12.3%) | 306 (25.6%) | 130 (10.9%) | 367 (30.7%) | 33 (2.8%) | 166 (13.9%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 6,811 (100.0%) | 1,029 (15.1%) | 1,812 (26.6%) | 778 (11.4%) | 1,333 (19.6%) | 88 (1.3%) | 1,567 (23.0%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 10,214 (100.0%) | 1,474 (14.4%) | 2,886 (28.3%) | 928 (9.1%) | 2,113 (20.7%) | 140 (1.4%) | 2,353 (23.0%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 7,514 (100.0%) | 1,302 (17.3%) | 2,023 (26.9%) | 693 (9.2%) | 1,382 (18.4%) | 91 (1.2%) | 1,747 (23.2%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 3,297 (100.0%) | 520 (15.8%) | 1,028 (31.2%) | 387 (11.7%) | 595 (18.0%) | 54 (1.6%) | 567 (17.2%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 13,972 (100.0%) | 2,599 (18.6%) | 3,980 (28.5%) | 1,775 (12.7%) | 1,842 (13.2%) | 296 (2.1%) | 3,028 (21.7%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 3,561 (100.0%) | 594 (16.7%) | 865 (24.3%) | 316 (8.9%) | 324 (9.1%) | 176 (4.9%) | 1,238 (34.8%) |
| | 合計 | 249,545 (100.0%) | 36,358 (14.6%) | 63,263 (25.4%) | 20,972 (8.4%) | 41,878 (16.8%) | 3,771 (1.5%) | 63,857 (25.6%) |

⑥配偶関係 [1 - 2 (2) ⑩参照]

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の配偶関係

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H12 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者数 (15歳以上) | 配偶者の有無(15歳以上) | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | 未婚 | 配偶者あり | 死別 | 離別 |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 63,125 (100.0%) | 26,956 (42.7%) | 31,271 (49.5%) | 1,479 (2.3%) | 3,349 (5.3%) |
| | 2 青森県 | 6,272 (100.0%) | 2,591 (41.3%) | 3,021 (48.2%) | 174 (2.8%) | 472 (7.5%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 11,432 (100.0%) | 4,804 (42.0%) | 5,629 (49.2%) | 292 (2.6%) | 700 (6.1%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 6,546 (100.0%) | 2,648 (40.5%) | 3,325 (50.8%) | 201 (3.1%) | 371 (5.7%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 13,000 (100.0%) | 5,590 (43.0%) | 6,169 (47.5%) | 401 (3.1%) | 828 (6.4%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 6,338 (100.0%) | 2,946 (46.5%) | 2,910 (45.9%) | 166 (2.6%) | 309 (4.9%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 5,603 (100.0%) | 2,484 (44.3%) | 2,641 (47.1%) | 161 (2.9%) | 313 (5.6%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 12,340 (100.0%) | 5,112 (41.4%) | 6,371 (51.6%) | 282 (2.3%) | 558 (4.5%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 8 茨城県 | 1,680 (100.0%) | 506 (30.1%) | 1,002 (59.6%) | 94 (5.6%) | 76 (4.5%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 880 (100.0%) | 385 (43.8%) | 408 (46.4%) | 43 (4.9%) | 44 (5.0%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 2,894 (100.0%) | 1,253 (43.3%) | 1,369 (47.3%) | 108 (3.7%) | 156 (5.4%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 1,126 (100.0%) | 321 (28.5%) | 614 (54.5%) | 120 (10.7%) | 68 (6.0%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 7,760 (100.0%) | 2,970 (38.3%) | 3,905 (50.3%) | 506 (6.5%) | 372 (4.8%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,224 (100.0%) | 754 (33.9%) | 1,133 (50.9%) | 187 (8.4%) | 146 (6.6%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 746 (100.0%) | 176 (23.6%) | 479 (64.2%) | 29 (3.9%) | 62 (8.3%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 2,160 (100.0%) | 869 (40.2%) | 1,076 (49.8%) | 90 (4.2%) | 122 (5.6%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 6,096 (100.0%) | 2,580 (42.3%) | 3,083 (50.6%) | 151 (2.5%) | 277 (4.5%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 9,635 (100.0%) | 3,254 (33.8%) | 5,606 (58.2%) | 302 (3.1%) | 467 (4.8%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知県・三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 22 静岡県 | 3,775 (100.0%) | 1,499 (39.7%) | 1,923 (50.9%) | 139 (3.7%) | 210 (5.6%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 2,438 (100.0%) | 1,013 (41.6%) | 1,233 (50.6%) | 106 (4.3%) | 82 (3.4%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 7,388 (100.0%) | 2,779 (37.6%) | 3,830 (51.8%) | 333 (4.5%) | 432 (5.8%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,729 (100.0%) | 876 (50.7%) | 746 (43.1%) | 38 (2.2%) | 69 (4.0%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 2,229 (100.0%) | 981 (44.0%) | 1,026 (46.0%) | 82 (3.7%) | 134 (6.0%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 1,006 (100.0%) | 460 (45.7%) | 467 (46.4%) | 20 (2.0%) | 58 (5.8%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 175 (100.0%) | 67 (38.3%) | 99 (56.6%) | 2 (1.1%) | 6 (3.4%) |
| 近畿(京都府・大阪府・兵庫県の非過疎市町村及び一部過疎市町村) | 26 京都府 | 10,070 (100.0%) | 3,705 (36.8%) | 5,464 (54.3%) | 412 (4.1%) | 457 (4.5%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 439 (100.0%) | 73 (16.6%) | 300 (68.3%) | 44 (10.0%) | 21 (4.8%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 10,946 (100.0%) | 3,404 (31.1%) | 6,320 (57.7%) | 604 (5.5%) | 583 (5.3%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 8,326 (100.0%) | 2,080 (25.0%) | 5,214 (62.6%) | 551 (6.6%) | 455 (5.5%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 9,750 (100.0%) | 3,752 (38.5%) | 5,126 (52.6%) | 310 (3.2%) | 547 (5.6%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 1,659 (100.0%) | 743 (44.8%) | 747 (45.0%) | 62 (3.7%) | 105 (6.3%) |
| 中国(岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 10,257 (100.0%) | 4,402 (42.9%) | 5,058 (49.3%) | 272 (2.7%) | 503 (4.9%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 11,646 (100.0%) | 4,770 (41.0%) | 5,896 (50.6%) | 430 (3.7%) | 533 (4.6%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 12,764 (100.0%) | 5,102 (40.0%) | 6,554 (51.3%) | 498 (3.9%) | 589 (4.6%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 5,252 (100.0%) | 2,150 (40.9%) | 2,617 (49.8%) | 155 (3.0%) | 320 (6.1%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 2,466 (100.0%) | 963 (39.1%) | 1,220 (49.5%) | 127 (5.2%) | 147 (6.0%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 2,130 (100.0%) | 962 (45.2%) | 953 (44.7%) | 80 (3.8%) | 134 (6.3%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 7,085 (100.0%) | 2,989 (42.2%) | 3,325 (46.9%) | 259 (3.7%) | 496 (7.0%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 4,911 (100.0%) | 2,184 (44.5%) | 2,205 (44.9%) | 193 (3.9%) | 313 (6.4%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 11,802 (100.0%) | 4,018 (34.0%) | 6,345 (53.8%) | 531 (4.5%) | 873 (7.4%) |
| 九州(北九州市・福岡市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 1,762 (100.0%) | 764 (43.4%) | 762 (43.2%) | 74 (4.2%) | 160 (9.1%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 10,563 (100.0%) | 4,434 (42.0%) | 4,924 (46.6%) | 346 (3.3%) | 850 (8.0%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 13,500 (100.0%) | 5,072 (37.6%) | 7,049 (52.2%) | 469 (3.5%) | 900 (6.7%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 11,029 (100.0%) | 4,422 (40.1%) | 5,605 (50.8%) | 341 (3.1%) | 652 (5.9%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 4,374 (100.0%) | 1,709 (39.1%) | 2,151 (49.2%) | 165 (3.8%) | 347 (7.9%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 20,350 (100.0%) | 7,283 (35.8%) | 10,621 (52.2%) | 767 (3.8%) | 1,649 (8.1%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 3,346 (100.0%) | 1,559 (46.6%) | 1,524 (45.5%) | 36 (1.1%) | 220 (6.6%) |
| | 合計 | 353,024 (100.0%) | 140,414 (39.8%) | 179,316 (50.8%) | 12,232 (3.5%) | 20,535 (5.8%) |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の配偶関係

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H22 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者数 (15歳以上) | 配偶者の有無(15歳以上) | | | |
|---|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | 未婚 | 配偶者あり | 死別 | 離別 |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 46,751 (100.0%) | 19,366 (41.4%) | 22,985 (49.2%) | 1,202 (2.6%) | 3,124 (6.7%) |
| | 2 青森県 | 3,823 (100.0%) | 1,717 (44.9%) | 1,594 (41.7%) | 117 (3.1%) | 389 (10.2%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 6,768 (100.0%) | 3,033 (44.8%) | 2,961 (43.8%) | 211 (3.1%) | 548 (8.1%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 4,361 (100.0%) | 1,768 (40.5%) | 2,092 (48.0%) | 144 (3.3%) | 334 (7.7%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 9,070 (100.0%) | 4,249 (46.8%) | 3,842 (42.4%) | 280 (3.1%) | 694 (7.7%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 4,820 (100.0%) | 2,342 (48.6%) | 2,047 (42.5%) | 122 (2.5%) | 302 (6.3%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 3,872 (100.0%) | 1,718 (44.4%) | 1,713 (44.2%) | 148 (3.8%) | 273 (7.1%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 8,768 (100.0%) | 3,847 (43.9%) | 4,109 (46.9%) | 209 (2.4%) | 583 (6.6%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 8 茨城県 | 1,380 (100.0%) | 379 (27.5%) | 800 (58.0%) | 78 (5.7%) | 120 (8.7%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 635 (100.0%) | 291 (45.8%) | 280 (44.1%) | 13 (2.0%) | 46 (7.2%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 1,936 (100.0%) | 855 (44.2%) | 813 (42.0%) | 100 (5.2%) | 162 (8.4%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 772 (100.0%) | 172 (22.3%) | 417 (54.0%) | 110 (14.2%) | 66 (8.5%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 6,796 (100.0%) | 2,535 (37.3%) | 3,210 (47.2%) | 570 (8.4%) | 468 (6.9%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,516 (100.0%) | 993 (39.5%) | 1,085 (43.1%) | 197 (7.8%) | 198 (7.9%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 618 (100.0%) | 136 (22.0%) | 361 (58.4%) | 52 (8.4%) | 68 (11.0%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 1,485 (100.0%) | 584 (39.3%) | 728 (49.0%) | 65 (4.4%) | 104 (7.0%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 3,865 (100.0%) | 1,565 (40.5%) | 1,934 (50.0%) | 138 (3.6%) | 224 (5.8%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 6,425 (100.0%) | 2,058 (32.0%) | 3,629 (56.5%) | 316 (4.9%) | 415 (6.5%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知 県・三重県の非過 疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村+静岡 市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 2,889 (100.0%) | 1,210 (41.9%) | 1,337 (46.3%) | 100 (3.5%) | 232 (8.0%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 1,660 (100.0%) | 601 (36.2%) | 873 (52.6%) | 79 (4.8%) | 103 (6.2%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 5,681 (100.0%) | 2,095 (36.9%) | 2,760 (48.6%) | 346 (6.1%) | 467 (8.2%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,380 (100.0%) | 696 (50.4%) | 574 (41.6%) | 32 (2.3%) | 76 (5.5%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 1,703 (100.0%) | 888 (52.1%) | 658 (38.6%) | 57 (3.3%) | 94 (5.5%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 615 (100.0%) | 295 (48.0%) | 263 (42.8%) | 14 (2.3%) | 42 (6.8%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 75 (100.0%) | 37 (49.3%) | 25 (33.3%) | 4 (5.3%) | 9 (12.0%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・ 兵庫県の非過疎市 町村及び一部過疎市 町村) | 26 京都府 | 7,362 (100.0%) | 2,823 (38.3%) | 3,616 (49.1%) | 424 (5.8%) | 462 (6.3%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 275 (100.0%) | 55 (20.0%) | 183 (66.5%) | 19 (6.9%) | 18 (6.5%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 7,893 (100.0%) | 2,410 (30.5%) | 4,369 (55.4%) | 572 (7.2%) | 530 (6.7%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 5,647 (100.0%) | 1,538 (27.2%) | 3,089 (54.7%) | 473 (8.4%) | 530 (9.4%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 6,432 (100.0%) | 2,639 (41.0%) | 3,069 (47.7%) | 223 (3.5%) | 486 (7.6%) |
| | 31 熊取県 | 1,066 (100.0%) | 482 (45.2%) | 465 (43.6%) | 42 (3.9%) | 74 (6.9%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 8,522 (100.0%) | 3,621 (42.5%) | 3,767 (44.2%) | 226 (2.7%) | 888 (10.4%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 8,378 (100.0%) | 3,169 (37.8%) | 4,275 (51.0%) | 336 (4.0%) | 585 (7.0%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 9,771 (100.0%) | 3,635 (37.2%) | 4,975 (50.9%) | 505 (5.2%) | 624 (6.4%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 3,968 (100.0%) | 1,529 (38.5%) | 1,934 (48.7%) | 132 (3.3%) | 371 (9.3%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 1,584 (100.0%) | 620 (39.1%) | 723 (45.6%) | 94 (5.9%) | 139 (8.8%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 1,802 (100.0%) | 783 (43.5%) | 830 (46.1%) | 70 (3.9%) | 117 (6.5%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 4,825 (100.0%) | 2,045 (42.4%) | 2,195 (45.5%) | 181 (3.8%) | 396 (8.2%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 3,208 (100.0%) | 1,514 (47.2%) | 1,331 (41.5%) | 120 (3.7%) | 234 (7.3%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 9,435 (100.0%) | 3,481 (36.9%) | 4,491 (47.6%) | 532 (5.6%) | 905 (9.6%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡 市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 1,294 (100.0%) | 551 (42.6%) | 555 (42.9%) | 54 (4.2%) | 131 (10.1%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 6,871 (100.0%) | 2,894 (42.1%) | 3,074 (44.7%) | 256 (3.7%) | 644 (9.4%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 10,573 (100.0%) | 3,859 (36.5%) | 5,458 (51.6%) | 390 (3.7%) | 859 (8.1%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 8,482 (100.0%) | 3,325 (39.2%) | 4,230 (49.9%) | 301 (3.5%) | 613 (7.2%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 3,354 (100.0%) | 1,269 (37.8%) | 1,623 (48.4%) | 112 (3.3%) | 348 (10.4%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 14,762 (100.0%) | 5,414 (36.7%) | 7,206 (48.8%) | 568 (3.8%) | 1,561 (10.6%) |
| | 47 沖縄県 | 3,389 (100.0%) | 1,564 (46.1%) | 1,454 (42.9%) | 69 (2.0%) | 285 (8.4%) |
| | 合計 | 257,557 (100.0%) | 102,650 (39.9%) | 124,002 (48.1%) | 10,403 (4.0%) | 19,941 (7.7%) |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の配偶関係

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H27 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者数 (15歳以上) | 配偶者の有無(15歳以上) | | | |
|--|---------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | | 未婚 | 配偶者あり | 死別 | 離別 |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 1 北海道 | 42,721 (100.0%) | 17,918 (41.9%) | 20,677 (48.4%) | 1,104 (2.6%) | 2,949 (6.9%) |
| | 2 青森県 | 3,135 (100.0%) | 1,350 (43.1%) | 1,340 (42.7%) | 109 (3.5%) | 332 (10.6%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 8,551 (100.0%) | 3,675 (43.0%) | 4,011 (46.9%) | 201 (2.4%) | 632 (7.4%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 4,078 (100.0%) | 1,695 (41.6%) | 1,975 (48.4%) | 107 (2.6%) | 292 (7.2%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 7,560 (100.0%) | 3,312 (43.8%) | 3,392 (44.9%) | 239 (3.2%) | 612 (8.1%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 4,105 (100.0%) | 1,843 (44.9%) | 1,844 (44.9%) | 111 (2.7%) | 302 (7.4%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 3,538 (100.0%) | 1,586 (44.8%) | 1,511 (42.7%) | 88 (2.5%) | 346 (9.8%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 7,081 (100.0%) | 2,923 (41.3%) | 3,514 (49.6%) | 181 (2.6%) | 456 (6.4%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・ 東京都・神奈川県の 非過疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 847 (100.0%) | 298 (35.2%) | 423 (49.9%) | 44 (5.2%) | 82 (9.7%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 439 (100.0%) | 209 (47.6%) | 182 (41.5%) | 14 (3.2%) | 34 (7.7%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 1,609 (100.0%) | 724 (45.0%) | 698 (43.4%) | 66 (4.1%) | 120 (7.5%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 643 (100.0%) | 162 (25.2%) | 336 (52.3%) | 96 (14.9%) | 48 (7.5%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 6,045 (100.0%) | 2,353 (38.9%) | 2,647 (43.8%) | 597 (9.9%) | 410 (6.8%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,341 (100.0%) | 1,005 (42.9%) | 974 (41.6%) | 150 (6.4%) | 195 (8.3%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 456 (100.0%) | 108 (23.7%) | 248 (54.4%) | 45 (9.9%) | 53 (11.6%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 1,287 (100.0%) | 436 (33.9%) | 696 (54.1%) | 60 (4.7%) | 91 (7.1%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 3,548 (100.0%) | 1,453 (41.0%) | 1,730 (48.8%) | 136 (3.8%) | 226 (6.4%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 5,271 (100.0%) | 1,618 (30.7%) | 2,986 (56.6%) | 293 (5.6%) | 370 (7.0%) |
| 東濃 (岐阜県・愛知県・ 三重県の非過疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村+静岡市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 2,329 (100.0%) | 960 (41.2%) | 1,082 (46.5%) | 99 (4.3%) | 184 (7.9%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 1,491 (100.0%) | 498 (33.4%) | 774 (51.9%) | 85 (5.7%) | 134 (9.0%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 4,726 (100.0%) | 1,743 (36.9%) | 2,182 (46.2%) | 392 (8.3%) | 394 (8.3%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 994 (100.0%) | 415 (41.8%) | 489 (49.2%) | 30 (3.0%) | 58 (5.8%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 1,780 (100.0%) | 1,039 (58.4%) | 600 (33.7%) | 57 (3.2%) | 83 (4.7%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 487 (100.0%) | 203 (41.7%) | 237 (48.7%) | 17 (3.5%) | 30 (6.2%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 63 (100.0%) | 26 (41.3%) | 34 (54.0%) | 0 (0.0%) | 3 (4.8%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・ 兵庫県の非過疎市 町村及び一部過疎市 町村) | 26 京都府 | 6,478 (100.0%) | 2,406 (37.1%) | 3,207 (49.5%) | 353 (5.4%) | 396 (6.1%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 222 (100.0%) | 34 (15.3%) | 146 (65.8%) | 28 (12.6%) | 14 (6.3%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 6,874 (100.0%) | 2,086 (30.3%) | 3,834 (55.8%) | 440 (6.4%) | 505 (7.3%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 4,884 (100.0%) | 1,365 (27.9%) | 2,639 (54.0%) | 437 (8.9%) | 433 (8.9%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 5,417 (100.0%) | 2,071 (38.2%) | 2,688 (49.6%) | 209 (3.9%) | 445 (8.2%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 1,025 (100.0%) | 398 (38.8%) | 515 (50.2%) | 34 (3.3%) | 77 (7.5%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 7,896 (100.0%) | 3,472 (44.0%) | 3,450 (43.7%) | 200 (2.5%) | 766 (9.7%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 7,657 (100.0%) | 2,839 (37.1%) | 3,958 (51.7%) | 302 (3.9%) | 543 (7.1%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 8,697 (100.0%) | 3,346 (38.5%) | 4,405 (50.6%) | 398 (4.6%) | 529 (6.1%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 3,439 (100.0%) | 1,378 (40.1%) | 1,558 (45.3%) | 107 (3.1%) | 390 (11.3%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 1,527 (100.0%) | 576 (37.7%) | 752 (49.2%) | 56 (3.7%) | 143 (9.4%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 1,574 (100.0%) | 669 (42.5%) | 760 (48.3%) | 44 (2.8%) | 97 (6.2%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 3,947 (100.0%) | 1,591 (40.3%) | 1,818 (46.1%) | 169 (4.3%) | 364 (9.2%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 3,372 (100.0%) | 1,715 (50.9%) | 1,297 (38.5%) | 100 (3.0%) | 252 (7.5%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 8,602 (100.0%) | 3,187 (37.0%) | 4,099 (47.7%) | 507 (5.9%) | 777 (9.0%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・ 熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 1,082 (100.0%) | 413 (38.2%) | 509 (47.0%) | 50 (4.6%) | 107 (9.9%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 6,257 (100.0%) | 2,532 (40.5%) | 2,900 (46.3%) | 228 (3.6%) | 586 (9.4%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 9,254 (100.0%) | 3,227 (34.9%) | 4,861 (52.5%) | 374 (4.0%) | 790 (8.5%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 6,854 (100.0%) | 2,487 (36.3%) | 3,555 (51.9%) | 257 (3.7%) | 551 (8.0%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 2,937 (100.0%) | 1,121 (38.2%) | 1,406 (47.9%) | 97 (3.3%) | 309 (10.5%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 12,767 (100.0%) | 4,548 (35.6%) | 6,272 (49.1%) | 547 (4.3%) | 1,380 (10.8%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 3,270 (100.0%) | 1,410 (43.1%) | 1,492 (45.6%) | 85 (2.6%) | 261 (8.0%) |
| | 合計 | 229,157 (100.0%) | 90,423 (39.5%) | 110,703 (48.3%) | 9,343 (4.1%) | 18,151 (7.9%) |

⑦労働力状態 [1 - 2 (2) ⑫参照]

■都市部から過疎地域への移住者の労働力状態

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H12 | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数 (15歳以上) | 労働力人口(15歳以上) | | | | 非労働力人口(15歳以上) | | | |
|---|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | 就業者 | 主に仕事 | 家事などのほか 仕事 | 通学のかたわら 仕事 | 仕事を休んで いた(休業者) | 仕事を 探していた (完全失業者) | 家事 | 通学 |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 1 北海道 | 63,125 (100.0%) | 37,533 (53.6%) | 2,401 (3.4%) | 596 (0.9%) | 433 (0.6%) | 2,585 (3.7%) | 10,348 (14.8%) | 4,548 (6.5%) | 4,655 (6.6%) |
| | 2 青森県 | 6,272 (100.0%) | 3,705 (51.8%) | 243 (3.4%) | 5 (0.1%) | 47 (0.7%) | 560 (7.8%) | 969 (13.6%) | 111 (1.6%) | 628 (8.8%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 11,432 (100.0%) | 7,040 (54.1%) | 458 (3.5%) | 25 (0.2%) | 106 (0.8%) | 940 (7.2%) | 1,745 (13.4%) | 244 (1.9%) | 871 (6.7%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 6,546 (100.0%) | 3,861 (53.2%) | 263 (3.6%) | 32 (0.4%) | 57 (0.8%) | 440 (6.1%) | 1,100 (15.2%) | 257 (3.5%) | 534 (7.4%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 13,000 (100.0%) | 7,798 (53.4%) | 553 (3.8%) | 41 (0.3%) | 106 (0.7%) | 1,047 (7.2%) | 2,075 (14.2%) | 296 (2.0%) | 1,082 (7.4%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 6,338 (100.0%) | 3,888 (55.0%) | 242 (3.4%) | 55 (0.8%) | 39 (0.6%) | 412 (5.8%) | 891 (12.6%) | 285 (4.0%) | 526 (7.4%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 5,603 (100.0%) | 3,382 (54.8%) | 252 (4.1%) | 3 (0.0%) | 46 (0.7%) | 404 (6.5%) | 894 (14.5%) | 99 (1.6%) | 519 (8.4%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 12,340 (100.0%) | 8,253 (60.6%) | 492 (3.6%) | 23 (0.2%) | 125 (0.9%) | 563 (4.1%) | 1,816 (13.3%) | 295 (2.2%) | 770 (5.7%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・ 東京都・神奈川県の 非過疎市町村及 び一部過疎市町村) | 8 茨城県 | 1,680 (100.0%) | 882 (45.8%) | 98 (5.1%) | 7 (0.4%) | 15 (0.8%) | 88 (4.6%) | 371 (19.3%) | 51 (2.7%) | 166 (8.6%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 880 (100.0%) | 523 (55.4%) | 55 (5.8%) | 1 (0.1%) | 5 (0.5%) | 49 (5.2%) | 136 (14.4%) | 13 (1.4%) | 98 (10.4%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 2,894 (100.0%) | 1,861 (59.6%) | 155 (5.0%) | 7 (0.2%) | 22 (0.7%) | 88 (2.8%) | 406 (13.0%) | 118 (3.8%) | 236 (7.6%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 1,126 (100.0%) | 530 (40.9%) | 68 (5.3%) | 2 (0.2%) | 14 (1.1%) | 34 (2.6%) | 206 (15.9%) | 31 (2.4%) | 241 (18.6%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 7,760 (100.0%) | 3,323 (37.6%) | 383 (4.3%) | 122 (1.4%) | 83 (0.9%) | 303 (3.4%) | 1,281 (14.5%) | 1,145 (12.9%) | 1,119 (12.7%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,224 (100.0%) | 1,113 (44.9%) | 95 (3.8%) | 7 (0.3%) | 21 (0.8%) | 53 (2.1%) | 355 (14.3%) | 137 (5.5%) | 439 (17.7%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 746 (100.0%) | 372 (44.4%) | 51 (6.1%) | 6 (0.7%) | 15 (1.8%) | 33 (3.9%) | 164 (19.6%) | 44 (5.3%) | 59 (7.0%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 2,160 (100.0%) | 1,160 (48.5%) | 105 (4.4%) | 5 (0.2%) | 15 (0.6%) | 108 (4.5%) | 376 (15.7%) | 106 (4.4%) | 283 (11.8%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 6,096 (100.0%) | 3,898 (57.5%) | 334 (4.9%) | 19 (0.3%) | 64 (0.9%) | 221 (3.3%) | 996 (14.7%) | 145 (2.1%) | 417 (6.1%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 9,635 (100.0%) | 6,150 (56.6%) | 504 (4.6%) | 14 (0.1%) | 82 (0.8%) | 215 (2.0%) | 1,730 (15.9%) | 261 (2.4%) | 677 (6.2%) |
| 東海 (岐阜県・愛知 県・三重県の非過 疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村+静岡 市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 3,775 (100.0%) | 2,281 (55.2%) | 179 (4.3%) | 3 (0.1%) | 37 (0.9%) | 191 (4.6%) | 684 (16.6%) | 33 (0.8%) | 364 (8.8%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 2,438 (100.0%) | 1,184 (43.4%) | 144 (5.3%) | 6 (0.2%) | 23 (0.8%) | 49 (1.8%) | 379 (13.9%) | 312 (11.4%) | 339 (12.4%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 7,388 (100.0%) | 4,200 (51.3%) | 328 (4.0%) | 15 (0.2%) | 72 (0.9%) | 286 (3.5%) | 1,254 (15.3%) | 506 (6.2%) | 723 (8.8%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,729 (100.0%) | 1,241 (65.4%) | 72 (3.8%) | 5 (0.3%) | 17 (0.9%) | 86 (4.5%) | 196 (10.3%) | 32 (1.7%) | 80 (4.2%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 2,229 (100.0%) | 1,356 (55.0%) | 114 (4.6%) | 19 (0.8%) | 29 (1.2%) | 131 (5.3%) | 305 (12.4%) | 65 (2.6%) | 210 (8.5%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 1,006 (100.0%) | 706 (63.9%) | 56 (5.1%) | 4 (0.4%) | 7 (0.6%) | 36 (3.3%) | 135 (12.2%) | 12 (1.1%) | 50 (4.5%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 175 (100.0%) | 106 (55.2%) | 5 (2.6%) | 1 (0.5%) | 0 (0.0%) | 11 (5.7%) | 36 (18.8%) | 2 (1.0%) | 14 (7.3%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・ 兵庫県の非過疎市 町村及び一部過疎 市町村) | 26 京都府 | 10,070 (100.0%) | 5,298 (46.3%) | 525 (4.6%) | 102 (0.9%) | 95 (0.8%) | 340 (3.0%) | 1,834 (16.0%) | 982 (8.6%) | 882 (7.7%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 439 (100.0%) | 195 (37.3%) | 28 (5.4%) | 0 (0.0%) | 2 (0.4%) | 19 (3.6%) | 106 (20.3%) | 20 (3.8%) | 69 (13.2%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 10,946 (100.0%) | 6,099 (49.1%) | 595 (4.8%) | 7 (0.1%) | 109 (0.9%) | 359 (2.9%) | 2,164 (17.4%) | 339 (2.7%) | 1,268 (10.2%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 8,326 (100.0%) | 4,028 (42.2%) | 467 (4.9%) | 27 (0.3%) | 71 (0.7%) | 279 (2.9%) | 1,995 (20.9%) | 344 (3.6%) | 1,101 (11.5%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 9,750 (100.0%) | 5,080 (47.1%) | 464 (4.3%) | 43 (0.4%) | 104 (1.0%) | 478 (4.4%) | 1,922 (17.8%) | 613 (5.7%) | 1,040 (9.6%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 1,659 (100.0%) | 1,027 (55.9%) | 68 (3.7%) | 3 (0.2%) | 16 (0.9%) | 103 (5.6%) | 234 (12.7%) | 40 (2.2%) | 166 (9.0%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 10,257 (100.0%) | 6,167 (54.4%) | 411 (3.6%) | 32 (0.3%) | 107 (0.9%) | 585 (5.2%) | 1,660 (14.7%) | 580 (5.1%) | 707 (6.2%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 11,646 (100.0%) | 5,949 (45.8%) | 493 (3.8%) | 137 (1.1%) | 100 (0.8%) | 492 (3.8%) | 2,106 (16.2%) | 1,371 (10.6%) | 995 (7.7%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 12,764 (100.0%) | 7,502 (53.0%) | 668 (4.7%) | 143 (1.0%) | 104 (0.7%) | 499 (3.5%) | 2,150 (15.2%) | 692 (4.9%) | 996 (7.0%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 5,252 (100.0%) | 2,887 (49.5%) | 259 (4.4%) | 22 (0.4%) | 44 (0.8%) | 309 (5.3%) | 1,004 (17.2%) | 201 (3.4%) | 522 (8.9%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 2,466 (100.0%) | 1,316 (47.9%) | 106 (3.9%) | 5 (0.2%) | 27 (1.0%) | 136 (4.9%) | 472 (17.2%) | 72 (2.6%) | 325 (11.8%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 2,130 (100.0%) | 1,311 (56.2%) | 95 (4.1%) | 3 (0.1%) | 13 (0.6%) | 120 (5.1%) | 339 (14.5%) | 45 (1.9%) | 202 (8.7%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 7,085 (100.0%) | 3,750 (47.4%) | 314 (4.0%) | 14 (0.2%) | 73 (0.9%) | 540 (6.8%) | 1,356 (17.1%) | 218 (2.8%) | 817 (10.3%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 4,911 (100.0%) | 2,277 (41.9%) | 219 (4.0%) | 57 (1.0%) | 42 (0.8%) | 383 (7.1%) | 865 (15.9%) | 477 (8.8%) | 591 (10.9%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 11,802 (100.0%) | 5,915 (44.0%) | 506 (3.8%) | 74 (0.6%) | 126 (0.9%) | 859 (6.4%) | 2,402 (17.9%) | 441 (3.3%) | 1,458 (10.8%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡 市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 1,762 (100.0%) | 998 (50.1%) | 84 (4.2%) | 7 (0.4%) | 18 (0.9%) | 156 (7.8%) | 275 (13.8%) | 48 (2.4%) | 174 (8.7%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 10,563 (100.0%) | 5,836 (49.1%) | 439 (3.7%) | 14 (0.1%) | 102 (0.9%) | 878 (7.4%) | 1,882 (15.8%) | 214 (1.8%) | 1,193 (10.0%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 13,500 (100.0%) | 7,607 (50.0%) | 548 (3.6%) | 97 (0.6%) | 143 (0.9%) | 773 (5.1%) | 2,392 (15.7%) | 602 (4.0%) | 1,335 (8.8%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 11,029 (100.0%) | 6,176 (50.2%) | 468 (3.8%) | 17 (0.1%) | 113 (0.9%) | 737 (6.0%) | 2,042 (16.6%) | 416 (3.4%) | 1,056 (8.6%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 4,374 (100.0%) | 2,297 (46.4%) | 200 (4.0%) | 9 (0.2%) | 36 (0.7%) | 367 (7.4%) | 773 (15.6%) | 168 (3.4%) | 523 (10.6%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 20,350 (100.0%) | 10,115 (43.9%) | 1,046 (4.5%) | 28 (0.1%) | 206 (0.9%) | 1,631 (7.1%) | 4,073 (17.7%) | 496 (2.2%) | 2,755 (12.0%) |
| | 47 沖縄県 | 3,346 (100.0%) | 2,172 (54.7%) | 148 (3.7%) | 13 (0.3%) | 53 (1.3%) | 247 (6.2%) | 475 (12.0%) | 74 (1.9%) | 163 (4.1%) |
| | 合計 | 353,024 (100.0%) | 200,348 (50.7%) | 15,801 (4.0%) | 1,877 (0.5%) | 3,184 (0.8%) | 19,223 (4.9%) | 61,369 (15.5%) | 17,601 (4.5%) | 33,438 (8.5%) |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の労働力状態

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H22 | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数 (15歳以上) | 労働力人口(15歳以上) | | | | | | 非労働力人口(15歳以上) | | |
|---|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| | | | 就業者 | | | | 仕事を 探していた (完全失業者) | 家事 | 通学 | その他 | |
| | | | 主に仕事 | 家事などのほか 仕事 | 通学のかたわら 仕事 | 仕事を休んで いた(休業者) | | | | | |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 46,751 (100.0%) | 26,717 (52.5%) | 1,761 (3.5%) | 485 (1.0%) | 392 (0.8%) | 3,064 (6.0%) | 7,418 (14.6%) | 2,790 (5.5%) | 3,916 (7.7%) | |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 3,823 (100.0%) | 2,018 (48.7%) | 122 (2.9%) | 6 (0.1%) | 45 (1.1%) | 571 (13.8%) | 542 (13.1%) | 69 (1.7%) | 443 (10.7%) | |
| | 3 岩手県 | 6,768 (100.0%) | 3,524 (48.0%) | 267 (3.6%) | 3 (0.0%) | 93 (1.3%) | 885 (12.1%) | 1,173 (16.0%) | 157 (2.1%) | 639 (8.7%) | |
| | 4 宮城県 | 4,361 (100.0%) | 2,390 (50.2%) | 170 (3.6%) | 10 (0.2%) | 36 (0.8%) | 410 (8.6%) | 745 (15.7%) | 168 (3.5%) | 379 (8.0%) | |
| | 5 秋田県 | 9,070 (100.0%) | 4,866 (49.8%) | 323 (3.3%) | 44 (0.4%) | 84 (0.9%) | 1,184 (12.1%) | 1,523 (15.6%) | 201 (2.1%) | 812 (8.3%) | |
| | 6 山形県 | 4,820 (100.0%) | 2,738 (52.9%) | 166 (3.2%) | 43 (0.8%) | 43 (0.8%) | 433 (8.4%) | 702 (13.6%) | 210 (4.1%) | 422 (8.1%) | |
| | 7 福島県 | 3,872 (100.0%) | 1,999 (47.9%) | 186 (4.5%) | 3 (0.1%) | 47 (1.1%) | 422 (10.1%) | 655 (15.7%) | 49 (1.2%) | 485 (11.6%) | |
| | 15 新潟県 | 8,768 (100.0%) | 5,499 (58.3%) | 336 (3.6%) | 24 (0.3%) | 125 (1.3%) | 678 (7.2%) | 1,282 (13.6%) | 211 (2.2%) | 560 (5.9%) | |
| | 8 茨城県 | 1,380 (100.0%) | 633 (40.8%) | 87 (5.6%) | 3 (0.2%) | 15 (1.0%) | 113 (7.3%) | 304 (19.6%) | 27 (1.7%) | 191 (12.3%) | |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・ 東京都・神奈川県の 非過疎市町村及 び一部過疎市町村) | 9 栃木県 | 635 (100.0%) | 364 (54.2%) | 22 (3.3%) | 0 (0.0%) | 6 (0.9%) | 68 (10.1%) | 92 (13.7%) | 4 (0.6%) | 79 (11.8%) | |
| | 10 群馬県 | 1,936 (100.0%) | 1,071 (51.9%) | 93 (4.5%) | 6 (0.3%) | 21 (1.0%) | 138 (6.7%) | 321 (15.6%) | 60 (2.9%) | 218 (10.6%) | |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 772 (100.0%) | 299 (33.8%) | 38 (4.3%) | 0 (0.0%) | 11 (1.2%) | 49 (5.5%) | 153 (17.3%) | 32 (3.6%) | 183 (20.7%) | |
| | 12 千葉県 | 6,796 (100.0%) | 2,596 (34.8%) | 312 (4.2%) | 136 (1.8%) | 87 (1.2%) | 356 (4.8%) | 1,025 (13.7%) | 902 (12.1%) | 1,346 (18.0%) | |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,516 (100.0%) | 1,357 (50.0%) | 83 (3.1%) | 4 (0.1%) | 31 (1.1%) | 60 (2.2%) | 303 (11.2%) | 200 (7.4%) | 469 (17.3%) | |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 618 (100.0%) | 285 (42.2%) | 35 (5.2%) | 4 (0.6%) | 5 (0.7%) | 32 (4.7%) | 127 (18.8%) | 14 (2.1%) | 114 (16.9%) | |
| | 19 山梨県 | 1,485 (100.0%) | 712 (44.8%) | 94 (5.9%) | 3 (0.2%) | 13 (0.8%) | 111 (7.0%) | 284 (17.9%) | 43 (2.7%) | 214 (13.5%) | |
| | 20 長野県 | 3,865 (100.0%) | 2,136 (50.6%) | 259 (6.1%) | 12 (0.3%) | 45 (1.1%) | 235 (5.6%) | 703 (16.6%) | 80 (1.9%) | 383 (9.1%) | |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 6,425 (100.0%) | 3,683 (51.5%) | 414 (5.8%) | 7 (0.1%) | 73 (1.0%) | 276 (3.9%) | 1,160 (16.2%) | 173 (2.4%) | 625 (8.7%) | |
| | 22 静岡県 | 2,889 (100.0%) | 1,602 (51.7%) | 133 (4.3%) | 4 (0.1%) | 38 (1.2%) | 228 (7.4%) | 492 (15.9%) | 47 (1.5%) | 321 (10.4%) | |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知 県・三重県の非過 疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村+静岡 市・浜松市) | 23 愛知県 | 1,660 (100.0%) | 774 (42.1%) | 120 (6.5%) | 5 (0.3%) | 22 (1.2%) | 62 (3.4%) | 302 (16.4%) | 156 (8.5%) | 213 (11.6%) | |
| | 24 三重県 | 5,681 (100.0%) | 3,026 (49.5%) | 194 (3.2%) | 18 (0.3%) | 76 (1.2%) | 272 (4.4%) | 879 (14.4%) | 465 (7.6%) | 735 (12.0%) | |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,380 (100.0%) | 906 (60.0%) | 61 (4.0%) | 4 (0.3%) | 17 (1.1%) | 123 (8.1%) | 163 (10.8%) | 19 (1.3%) | 87 (5.8%) | |
| | 17 石川県 | 1,703 (100.0%) | 773 (42.8%) | 58 (3.2%) | 31 (1.7%) | 11 (0.6%) | 141 (7.8%) | 247 (13.7%) | 287 (15.9%) | 148 (8.2%) | |
| 北陸 | 18 福井県 | 615 (100.0%) | 384 (57.5%) | 20 (3.0%) | 2 (0.3%) | 7 (1.0%) | 52 (7.8%) | 93 (13.9%) | 7 (1.0%) | 50 (7.5%) | |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 75 (100.0%) | 42 (53.8%) | 4 (5.1%) | 0 (0.0%) | 3 (3.8%) | 6 (7.7%) | 11 (14.1%) | 2 (2.6%) | 7 (9.0%) | |
| | 26 京都府 | 7,362 (100.0%) | 3,581 (44.1%) | 375 (4.6%) | 130 (1.6%) | 87 (1.1%) | 365 (4.5%) | 1,090 (13.4%) | 793 (9.8%) | 904 (11.1%) | |
| | 27 大阪府 | 275 (100.0%) | 127 (39.4%) | 17 (5.3%) | 0 (0.0%) | 2 (0.6%) | 12 (3.7%) | 55 (17.1%) | 7 (2.2%) | 41 (12.7%) | |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 7,893 (100.0%) | 3,891 (44.3%) | 432 (4.9%) | 19 (0.2%) | 132 (1.5%) | 405 (4.6%) | 1,458 (16.6%) | 309 (3.5%) | 1,180 (13.4%) | |
| | 29 奈良県 | 5,647 (100.0%) | 2,485 (39.1%) | 332 (5.2%) | 15 (0.2%) | 66 (1.0%) | 309 (4.9%) | 1,163 (18.3%) | 380 (6.0%) | 880 (13.8%) | |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 30 和歌山県 | 6,432 (100.0%) | 3,316 (47.4%) | 327 (4.7%) | 30 (0.4%) | 58 (0.8%) | 499 (7.1%) | 1,154 (16.5%) | 369 (5.3%) | 658 (9.4%) | |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 1,066 (100.0%) | 565 (49.3%) | 60 (5.2%) | 3 (0.3%) | 8 (0.7%) | 109 (9.5%) | 187 (16.3%) | 22 (1.9%) | 109 (9.5%) | |
| | 32 島根県 | 8,522 (100.0%) | 4,055 (44.6%) | 382 (4.2%) | 55 (0.6%) | 87 (1.0%) | 539 (5.9%) | 1,232 (13.5%) | 422 (4.6%) | 1,704 (18.7%) | |
| | 33 岡山県 | 8,378 (100.0%) | 4,110 (44.8%) | 380 (4.1%) | 67 (0.7%) | 85 (0.9%) | 572 (6.2%) | 1,613 (17.6%) | 642 (7.0%) | 874 (9.5%) | |
| | 34 広島県 | 9,771 (100.0%) | 5,387 (50.2%) | 498 (4.6%) | 126 (1.2%) | 92 (0.9%) | 461 (4.3%) | 1,605 (14.9%) | 527 (4.9%) | 1,013 (9.4%) | |
| | 35 山口県 | 3,968 (100.0%) | 1,747 (41.1%) | 202 (4.7%) | 22 (0.5%) | 33 (0.8%) | 293 (6.9%) | 677 (15.9%) | 87 (2.0%) | 899 (21.1%) | |
| 四国 | 36 徳島県 | 1,584 (100.0%) | 721 (41.7%) | 81 (4.7%) | 2 (0.1%) | 20 (1.2%) | 169 (9.8%) | 304 (17.6%) | 31 (1.8%) | 247 (14.3%) | |
| | 37 香川県 | 1,802 (100.0%) | 1,015 (52.7%) | 79 (4.1%) | 5 (0.3%) | 18 (0.9%) | 135 (7.0%) | 333 (17.3%) | 24 (1.2%) | 189 (9.8%) | |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 4,825 (100.0%) | 2,175 (41.4%) | 245 (4.7%) | 17 (0.3%) | 41 (0.8%) | 515 (9.8%) | 916 (17.5%) | 205 (3.9%) | 696 (13.3%) | |
| | 39 高知県 | 3,208 (100.0%) | 1,251 (36.3%) | 129 (3.7%) | 39 (1.1%) | 27 (0.8%) | 382 (11.1%) | 597 (17.3%) | 369 (10.7%) | 396 (11.5%) | |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・ 熊本市) | 40 福岡県 | 9,435 (100.0%) | 4,609 (43.9%) | 363 (3.5%) | 84 (0.8%) | 95 (0.9%) | 831 (7.9%) | 1,610 (15.3%) | 394 (3.8%) | 1,376 (13.1%) | |
| | 41 佐賀県 | 1,294 (100.0%) | 686 (48.2%) | 52 (3.7%) | 4 (0.3%) | 17 (1.2%) | 147 (10.3%) | 204 (14.3%) | 30 (2.1%) | 150 (10.5%) | |
| | 42 長崎県 | 6,871 (100.0%) | 3,404 (45.2%) | 289 (3.8%) | 5 (0.1%) | 73 (1.0%) | 819 (10.9%) | 1,175 (15.6%) | 154 (2.0%) | 948 (12.6%) | |
| | 43 熊本県 | 10,573 (100.0%) | 5,551 (47.9%) | 468 (4.0%) | 86 (0.7%) | 120 (1.0%) | 923 (8.0%) | 1,901 (16.4%) | 383 (3.3%) | 1,104 (9.5%) | |
| | 44 大分県 | 8,482 (100.0%) | 4,370 (47.6%) | 364 (4.0%) | 19 (0.2%) | 77 (0.8%) | 790 (8.6%) | 1,588 (17.3%) | 260 (2.8%) | 978 (10.7%) | |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 3,354 (100.0%) | 1,650 (44.6%) | 148 (4.0%) | 1 (0.0%) | 35 (0.9%) | 437 (11.8%) | 597 (16.1%) | 105 (2.8%) | 368 (9.9%) | |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 14,762 (100.0%) | 6,778 (42.0%) | 751 (4.6%) | 20 (0.1%) | 153 (0.9%) | 1,695 (10.5%) | 2,791 (17.3%) | 290 (1.8%) | 2,234 (13.8%) | |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 3,389 (100.0%) | 2,105 (57.2%) | 132 (3.6%) | 4 (0.1%) | 33 (0.9%) | 312 (8.5%) | 428 (11.6%) | 36 (1.0%) | 267 (7.3%) | |
| | 合計 | 257,557 (100.0%) | 133,973 (47.7%) | 11,464 (4.1%) | 1,610 (0.6%) | 2,705 (1.0%) | 20,688 (7.4%) | 43,377 (15.4%) | 12,212 (4.3%) | 30,254 (10.8%) | |

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者の労働力状態

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H27 | 都市部から過疎地 域への移住者数 (15歳以上) | 労働力人口(15歳以上) | | | | | 非労働力人口(15歳以上) | | |
|---|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| | | | 就業者 | | | | 仕事を 探していた (完全失業者) | 家事 | 通学 | その他 |
| | | | 主に仕事 | 家事などのほか 仕事 | 通学のかたわら 仕事 | 仕事を休んで いた(休業者) | | | | |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 42,721 (100.0%) | 25,536 (55.2%) | 1,847 (4.0%) | 437 (0.9%) | 431 (0.9%) | 1,583 (3.4%) | 6,032 (13.0%) | 2,595 (5.6%) | 4,123 (8.9%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 3,135 (100.0%) | 1,614 (47.6%) | 127 (3.7%) | 2 (0.1%) | 48 (1.4%) | 337 (9.9%) | 433 (12.8%) | 52 (1.5%) | 514 (15.1%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 8,551 (100.0%) | 5,726 (63.0%) | 303 (3.3%) | 12 (0.1%) | 105 (1.2%) | 499 (5.5%) | 1,058 (11.6%) | 113 (1.2%) | 678 (7.5%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 4,078 (100.0%) | 2,650 (60.4%) | 179 (4.1%) | 18 (0.4%) | 51 (1.2%) | 191 (4.4%) | 508 (11.6%) | 121 (2.8%) | 296 (6.7%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 7,560 (100.0%) | 4,254 (51.9%) | 319 (3.9%) | 44 (0.5%) | 126 (1.5%) | 604 (7.4%) | 1,065 (13.0%) | 218 (2.7%) | 923 (11.3%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 4,105 (100.0%) | 2,384 (53.1%) | 178 (4.0%) | 39 (0.9%) | 64 (1.4%) | 240 (5.3%) | 528 (11.8%) | 206 (4.6%) | 404 (9.0%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 3,538 (100.0%) | 2,285 (61.1%) | 124 (3.3%) | 8 (0.2%) | 44 (1.2%) | 189 (5.1%) | 410 (11.0%) | 80 (2.1%) | 395 (10.6%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 7,081 (100.0%) | 4,373 (57.6%) | 339 (4.5%) | 29 (0.4%) | 105 (1.4%) | 352 (4.6%) | 989 (13.0%) | 242 (3.2%) | 607 (8.0%) |
| | 8 茨城県 | 847 (100.0%) | 390 (42.2%) | 54 (5.8%) | 6 (0.6%) | 16 (1.7%) | 63 (6.8%) | 130 (14.1%) | 22 (2.4%) | 163 (17.6%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・ 東京都・神奈川県の 非過疎市町村及び 一部過疎市町村) | 9 栃木県 | 439 (100.0%) | 232 (50.2%) | 24 (5.2%) | 0 (0.0%) | 5 (1.1%) | 20 (4.3%) | 71 (15.4%) | 8 (1.7%) | 75 (16.2%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 1,609 (100.0%) | 948 (54.7%) | 98 (5.7%) | 3 (0.2%) | 26 (1.5%) | 73 (4.2%) | 197 (11.4%) | 41 (2.4%) | 210 (12.1%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 643 (100.0%) | 281 (38.5%) | 37 (5.1%) | 1 (0.1%) | 10 (1.4%) | 21 (2.9%) | 94 (12.9%) | 45 (6.2%) | 154 (21.1%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 6,045 (100.0%) | 2,141 (32.2%) | 277 (4.2%) | 305 (4.6%) | 97 (1.5%) | 210 (3.2%) | 741 (11.1%) | 800 (12.0%) | 1,461 (22.0%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 2,341 (100.0%) | 1,284 (51.2%) | 99 (4.0%) | 2 (0.1%) | 24 (1.0%) | 30 (1.2%) | 235 (9.4%) | 214 (8.5%) | 452 (18.0%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 456 (100.0%) | 212 (43.1%) | 23 (4.7%) | 4 (0.8%) | 5 (1.0%) | 17 (3.5%) | 79 (16.1%) | 5 (1.0%) | 106 (21.5%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 1,287 (100.0%) | 635 (45.5%) | 89 (6.4%) | 3 (0.2%) | 15 (1.1%) | 63 (4.5%) | 208 (14.9%) | 37 (2.6%) | 229 (16.4%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 3,548 (100.0%) | 2,103 (53.6%) | 247 (6.3%) | 11 (0.3%) | 49 (1.2%) | 144 (3.7%) | 515 (13.1%) | 72 (1.8%) | 402 (10.2%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 5,271 (100.0%) | 3,145 (53.0%) | 341 (5.8%) | 12 (0.2%) | 89 (1.5%) | 153 (2.6%) | 789 (13.5%) | 147 (2.5%) | 588 (10.0%) |
| | 22 静岡県 | 2,329 (100.0%) | 1,348 (54.8%) | 124 (5.0%) | 4 (0.2%) | 22 (0.9%) | 118 (4.8%) | 346 (14.1%) | 41 (1.7%) | 325 (13.2%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知 県・三重県の非過 疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村+静岡 市・浜松市) | 23 愛知県 | 1,491 (100.0%) | 781 (46.2%) | 104 (6.2%) | 0 (0.0%) | 23 (1.4%) | 33 (2.0%) | 214 (12.7%) | 110 (6.5%) | 226 (13.4%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 4,726 (100.0%) | 2,517 (49.4%) | 223 (4.4%) | 8 (0.2%) | 57 (1.1%) | 162 (3.2%) | 596 (11.7%) | 285 (5.6%) | 860 (16.9%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 994 (100.0%) | 612 (56.5%) | 55 (5.1%) | 2 (0.2%) | 24 (2.2%) | 44 (4.1%) | 132 (12.2%) | 24 (2.2%) | 95 (8.8%) |
| | 17 石川県 | 1,780 (100.0%) | 767 (41.0%) | 60 (3.2%) | 31 (1.7%) | 12 (0.6%) | 93 (5.0%) | 189 (10.1%) | 466 (24.9%) | 157 (8.4%) |
| 北陸 | 18 福井県 | 487 (100.0%) | 288 (54.6%) | 38 (7.2%) | 2 (0.4%) | 6 (1.1%) | 26 (4.9%) | 82 (15.6%) | 6 (1.1%) | 39 (7.4%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 63 (100.0%) | 35 (53.0%) | 5 (7.6%) | 0 (0.0%) | 1 (1.5%) | 1 (1.5%) | 14 (21.2%) | 0 (0.0%) | 7 (10.6%) |
| | 26 京都府 | 6,478 (100.0%) | 3,208 (45.2%) | 373 (5.3%) | 148 (2.1%) | 128 (1.8%) | 230 (3.2%) | 812 (11.4%) | 649 (9.1%) | 909 (12.8%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 222 (100.0%) | 104 (40.5%) | 19 (7.4%) | 0 (0.0%) | 5 (1.9%) | 6 (2.3%) | 39 (15.2%) | 4 (1.6%) | 44 (17.1%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 6,874 (100.0%) | 3,472 (45.3%) | 416 (5.4%) | 27 (0.4%) | 105 (1.4%) | 240 (3.1%) | 1,094 (14.3%) | 326 (4.2%) | 1,158 (15.1%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 4,884 (100.0%) | 2,271 (41.7%) | 360 (6.6%) | 19 (0.3%) | 64 (1.2%) | 179 (3.3%) | 752 (13.8%) | 337 (6.2%) | 856 (15.7%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 30 和歌山県 | 5,417 (100.0%) | 2,937 (50.0%) | 296 (5.0%) | 19 (0.3%) | 90 (1.5%) | 301 (5.1%) | 850 (14.5%) | 241 (4.1%) | 680 (11.6%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 1,025 (100.0%) | 586 (51.7%) | 56 (4.9%) | 1 (0.1%) | 9 (0.8%) | 67 (5.9%) | 152 (13.4%) | 21 (1.9%) | 130 (11.5%) |
| | 32 島根県 | 7,896 (100.0%) | 3,831 (45.3%) | 362 (4.3%) | 82 (1.0%) | 89 (1.1%) | 304 (3.6%) | 974 (11.5%) | 686 (8.1%) | 1,563 (18.5%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 7,657 (100.0%) | 3,893 (46.5%) | 440 (5.3%) | 50 (0.6%) | 81 (1.0%) | 358 (4.3%) | 1,250 (14.9%) | 597 (7.1%) | 967 (11.6%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 8,697 (100.0%) | 4,903 (51.6%) | 473 (5.0%) | 103 (1.1%) | 92 (1.0%) | 274 (2.9%) | 1,252 (13.2%) | 587 (6.2%) | 976 (10.3%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 3,439 (100.0%) | 1,476 (40.2%) | 222 (6.1%) | 28 (0.8%) | 29 (0.8%) | 178 (4.9%) | 528 (14.4%) | 127 (3.5%) | 841 (22.9%) |
| 四国 | 36 徳島県 | 1,527 (100.0%) | 793 (48.0%) | 65 (3.9%) | 1 (0.1%) | 25 (1.5%) | 106 (6.4%) | 246 (14.9%) | 25 (1.5%) | 263 (15.9%) |
| | 37 香川県 | 1,574 (100.0%) | 936 (55.5%) | 86 (5.1%) | 6 (0.4%) | 12 (0.7%) | 100 (5.9%) | 220 (13.0%) | 27 (1.6%) | 183 (10.8%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 3,947 (100.0%) | 2,009 (46.8%) | 212 (4.9%) | 12 (0.3%) | 43 (1.0%) | 237 (5.5%) | 654 (15.2%) | 183 (4.3%) | 594 (13.8%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 3,372 (100.0%) | 1,417 (38.3%) | 160 (4.3%) | 126 (3.4%) | 38 (1.0%) | 214 (5.8%) | 415 (11.2%) | 547 (14.8%) | 438 (11.8%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・ 熊本市) | 40 福岡県 | 8,602 (100.0%) | 4,359 (45.6%) | 416 (4.3%) | 93 (1.0%) | 93 (1.0%) | 447 (4.7%) | 1,258 (13.1%) | 324 (3.4%) | 1,521 (15.9%) |
| | 41 佐賀県 | 1,082 (100.0%) | 575 (48.1%) | 57 (4.8%) | 0 (0.0%) | 16 (1.3%) | 79 (6.6%) | 157 (13.1%) | 25 (2.1%) | 168 (14.1%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 6,257 (100.0%) | 3,410 (50.1%) | 283 (4.2%) | 2 (0.0%) | 77 (1.1%) | 443 (6.5%) | 957 (14.1%) | 136 (2.0%) | 933 (13.7%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 9,254 (100.0%) | 5,015 (49.1%) | 456 (4.5%) | 89 (0.9%) | 122 (1.2%) | 499 (4.9%) | 1,419 (13.9%) | 462 (4.5%) | 1,185 (11.6%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 6,854 (100.0%) | 3,618 (48.2%) | 348 (4.6%) | 17 (0.2%) | 81 (1.1%) | 422 (5.6%) | 1,138 (15.1%) | 255 (3.4%) | 964 (12.8%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 2,937 (100.0%) | 1,508 (45.7%) | 140 (4.2%) | 5 (0.2%) | 41 (1.2%) | 219 (6.6%) | 458 (13.9%) | 118 (3.6%) | 420 (12.7%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 12,767 (100.0%) | 6,258 (44.8%) | 712 (5.1%) | 21 (0.2%) | 130 (0.9%) | 966 (6.9%) | 2,045 (14.6%) | 236 (1.7%) | 2,351 (16.8%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 3,270 (100.0%) | 2,096 (58.9%) | 154 (4.3%) | 3 (0.1%) | 55 (1.5%) | 200 (5.6%) | 377 (10.6%) | 44 (1.2%) | 257 (7.2%) |
| | 合計 | 229,157 (100.0%) | 125,216 (50.2%) | 11,420 (4.6%) | 1,835 (0.7%) | 2,880 (1.2%) | 11,335 (4.5%) | 32,702 (13.1%) | 11,907 (4.8%) | 30,888 (12.4%) |

⑧就業者の産業分類 [1 - 2 (2) ⑭参照]

■ 都市部から過疎地域への移住者のうち就業者の産業分類

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H12 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者のうち就 業者数(15歳以上) | 産業分類(15歳以上) | | | |
|---|---------|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|
| | | | 第1次産業 | 第2次産業 | 第3次産業 | 分類不能の産業 |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 40,963 (100.0%) | 2,774 (6.8%) | 6,565 (16.0%) | 31,516 (76.9%) | 108 (0.3%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 2 青森県 | 4,000 (100.0%) | 210 (5.3%) | 1,470 (36.8%) | 2,317 (57.9%) | 3 (0.1%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 7,629 (100.0%) | 313 (4.1%) | 2,863 (37.5%) | 4,452 (58.4%) | 1 (0.0%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 4,213 (100.0%) | 134 (3.2%) | 1,021 (24.2%) | 3,056 (72.5%) | 2 (0.0%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 8,498 (100.0%) | 202 (2.4%) | 2,325 (27.4%) | 5,968 (70.2%) | 3 (0.0%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 4,224 (100.0%) | 103 (2.4%) | 1,357 (32.1%) | 2,764 (65.4%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 3,683 (100.0%) | 153 (4.2%) | 1,180 (32.0%) | 2,341 (63.6%) | 9 (0.2%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 8,893 (100.0%) | 235 (2.6%) | 2,308 (26.0%) | 6,345 (71.3%) | 5 (0.1%) |
| | 8 茨城県 | 1,002 (100.0%) | 15 (1.5%) | 281 (28.0%) | 701 (70.0%) | 5 (0.5%) |
| 関東 (埼玉県・千葉県・ 東京都・神奈川県の 非過疎市町村及 び一部過疎市町 村) | 9 栃木県 | 584 (100.0%) | 15 (2.6%) | 167 (28.6%) | 402 (68.8%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 2,045 (100.0%) | 130 (6.4%) | 600 (29.3%) | 1,314 (64.3%) | 1 (0.0%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 614 (100.0%) | 7 (1.1%) | 254 (41.4%) | 353 (57.5%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 3,911 (100.0%) | 125 (3.2%) | 774 (19.8%) | 3,012 (77.0%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 1,236 (100.0%) | 19 (1.5%) | 183 (14.8%) | 1,029 (83.3%) | 5 (0.4%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 444 (100.0%) | 1 (0.2%) | 105 (23.6%) | 338 (76.1%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 1,285 (100.0%) | 53 (4.1%) | 406 (31.6%) | 825 (64.2%) | 1 (0.1%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 4,315 (100.0%) | 201 (4.7%) | 1,205 (27.9%) | 2,907 (67.4%) | 2 (0.0%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 6,750 (100.0%) | 122 (1.8%) | 2,268 (33.6%) | 4,359 (64.6%) | 1 (0.0%) |
| | 22 静岡県 | 2,500 (100.0%) | 52 (2.1%) | 377 (15.1%) | 2,071 (82.8%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| 東海 (岐阜県・愛知 県・三重県の非過 疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村+静岡 市・浜松市) | 23 愛知県 | 1,357 (100.0%) | 58 (4.3%) | 367 (27.0%) | 931 (68.6%) | 1 (0.1%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 4,615 (100.0%) | 132 (2.9%) | 826 (17.9%) | 3,650 (79.1%) | 7 (0.2%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 1,335 (100.0%) | 23 (1.7%) | 523 (39.2%) | 787 (59.0%) | 2 (0.1%) |
| | 17 石川県 | 1,518 (100.0%) | 51 (3.4%) | 384 (25.3%) | 1,083 (71.3%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 773 (100.0%) | 12 (1.6%) | 309 (40.0%) | 452 (58.5%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・ 兵庫県の非過疎市 町村及び一部過疎 市町村) | 25 滋賀県 | 112 (100.0%) | 2 (1.8%) | 18 (16.1%) | 92 (82.1%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 26 京都府 | 6,020 (100.0%) | 172 (2.9%) | 1,570 (26.1%) | 4,238 (70.4%) | 40 (0.7%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 225 (100.0%) | 0 (0.0%) | 69 (30.7%) | 155 (68.9%) | 1 (0.4%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 6,810 (100.0%) | 146 (2.1%) | 1,849 (27.2%) | 4,804 (70.5%) | 11 (0.2%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 4,593 (100.0%) | 103 (2.2%) | 1,405 (30.6%) | 3,052 (66.4%) | 33 (0.7%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 5,691 (100.0%) | 235 (4.1%) | 1,162 (20.4%) | 4,286 (75.3%) | 8 (0.1%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 31 鳥取県 | 1,114 (100.0%) | 35 (3.1%) | 334 (30.0%) | 744 (66.8%) | 1 (0.1%) |
| | 32 島根県 | 6,717 (100.0%) | 243 (3.6%) | 1,824 (27.2%) | 4,641 (69.1%) | 9 (0.1%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 6,679 (100.0%) | 250 (3.7%) | 2,051 (30.7%) | 4,372 (65.5%) | 6 (0.1%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 8,417 (100.0%) | 397 (4.7%) | 2,030 (24.1%) | 5,984 (71.1%) | 6 (0.1%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 3,212 (100.0%) | 159 (5.0%) | 775 (24.1%) | 2,276 (70.9%) | 2 (0.1%) |
| 四国 | 36 徳島県 | 1,454 (100.0%) | 66 (4.5%) | 427 (29.4%) | 957 (65.8%) | 4 (0.3%) |
| | 37 香川県 | 1,422 (100.0%) | 46 (3.2%) | 469 (33.0%) | 907 (63.8%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 4,151 (100.0%) | 283 (6.8%) | 1,082 (26.1%) | 2,783 (67.0%) | 3 (0.1%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 2,595 (100.0%) | 235 (9.1%) | 739 (28.5%) | 1,619 (62.4%) | 2 (0.1%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡 市・熊本市) | 40 福岡県 | 6,621 (100.0%) | 116 (1.8%) | 1,677 (25.3%) | 4,809 (72.6%) | 19 (0.3%) |
| | 41 佐賀県 | 1,107 (100.0%) | 40 (3.6%) | 315 (28.5%) | 752 (67.9%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 6,391 (100.0%) | 355 (5.6%) | 1,384 (21.7%) | 4,651 (72.8%) | 1 (0.0%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 8,395 (100.0%) | 289 (3.4%) | 1,809 (21.5%) | 6,295 (75.0%) | 2 (0.0%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 6,774 (100.0%) | 310 (4.6%) | 1,993 (29.4%) | 4,465 (65.9%) | 6 (0.1%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 2,542 (100.0%) | 186 (7.3%) | 734 (28.9%) | 1,622 (63.8%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 11,395 (100.0%) | 999 (8.8%) | 3,096 (27.2%) | 7,296 (64.0%) | 4 (0.0%) |
| 沖縄 | 47 沖縄県 | 2,386 (100.0%) | 196 (8.2%) | 426 (17.9%) | 1,760 (73.8%) | 4 (0.2%) |
| | 合計 | 221,210 (100.0%) | 10,003 (4.5%) | 55,356 (25.0%) | 155,533 (70.3%) | 318 (0.1%) |

■都市部から過疎地域への移住者のうち就業者の産業分類

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H22 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者のうち就 業者数(15歳以上) | 産業分類(15歳以上) | | | |
|---|---------|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | | | 第1次産業 | 第2次産業 | 第3次産業 | 分類不能の産業 |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 29,355 (100.0%) | 2,346 (8.0%) | 3,379 (11.5%) | 23,250 (79.2%) | 380 (1.3%) |
| | 2 青森県 | 2,191 (100.0%) | 179 (8.2%) | 609 (27.8%) | 1,393 (63.6%) | 10 (0.5%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 3,887 (100.0%) | 310 (8.0%) | 866 (22.3%) | 2,681 (69.0%) | 30 (0.8%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 2,606 (100.0%) | 110 (4.2%) | 449 (17.2%) | 2,015 (77.3%) | 32 (1.2%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 5,317 (100.0%) | 192 (3.6%) | 1,193 (22.4%) | 3,904 (73.4%) | 28 (0.5%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 2,990 (100.0%) | 162 (5.4%) | 753 (25.2%) | 2,056 (68.8%) | 19 (0.6%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 2,235 (100.0%) | 168 (7.5%) | 503 (22.5%) | 1,534 (68.6%) | 30 (1.3%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 5,984 (100.0%) | 257 (4.3%) | 1,138 (19.0%) | 4,545 (76.0%) | 44 (0.7%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 8 茨城県 | 738 (100.0%) | 51 (6.9%) | 172 (23.3%) | 506 (68.6%) | 9 (1.2%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 392 (100.0%) | 28 (7.1%) | 111 (28.3%) | 249 (63.5%) | 4 (1.0%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 1,191 (100.0%) | 135 (11.3%) | 204 (17.1%) | 846 (71.0%) | 6 (0.5%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 348 (100.0%) | 13 (3.7%) | 109 (31.3%) | 223 (64.1%) | 3 (0.9%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 3,131 (100.0%) | 142 (4.5%) | 443 (14.1%) | 2,523 (80.6%) | 23 (0.7%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 1,475 (100.0%) | 22 (1.5%) | 175 (11.9%) | 1,271 (86.2%) | 7 (0.5%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 329 (100.0%) | 5 (1.5%) | 67 (20.4%) | 256 (77.8%) | 1 (0.3%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 822 (100.0%) | 66 (8.0%) | 215 (26.2%) | 536 (65.2%) | 5 (0.6%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 2,452 (100.0%) | 255 (10.4%) | 410 (16.7%) | 1,768 (72.1%) | 19 (0.8%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 4,177 (100.0%) | 133 (3.2%) | 1,012 (24.2%) | 3,002 (71.9%) | 30 (0.7%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知 県・三重県の非過 疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村+静岡 市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 1,777 (100.0%) | 69 (3.9%) | 163 (9.2%) | 1,521 (85.6%) | 24 (1.4%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 921 (100.0%) | 74 (8.0%) | 240 (26.1%) | 601 (65.3%) | 6 (0.7%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 3,314 (100.0%) | 127 (3.8%) | 578 (17.4%) | 2,569 (77.5%) | 40 (1.2%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 988 (100.0%) | 11 (1.1%) | 282 (28.5%) | 689 (69.7%) | 6 (0.6%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 873 (100.0%) | 48 (5.5%) | 152 (17.4%) | 659 (75.5%) | 14 (1.6%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 413 (100.0%) | 21 (5.1%) | 91 (22.0%) | 300 (72.6%) | 1 (0.2%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 49 (100.0%) | 5 (10.2%) | 14 (28.6%) | 30 (61.2%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・ 兵庫県の非過疎 市町村及び一部過 疎市町村) | 26 京都府 | 4,173 (100.0%) | 198 (4.7%) | 829 (19.9%) | 3,046 (73.0%) | 100 (2.4%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 146 (100.0%) | 4 (2.7%) | 48 (32.9%) | 91 (62.3%) | 3 (2.1%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 4,474 (100.0%) | 128 (2.9%) | 1,004 (22.4%) | 3,297 (73.7%) | 45 (1.0%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 2,898 (100.0%) | 99 (3.4%) | 699 (24.1%) | 2,049 (70.7%) | 51 (1.8%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 3,731 (100.0%) | 222 (6.0%) | 511 (13.7%) | 2,970 (79.6%) | 28 (0.8%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 636 (100.0%) | 53 (8.3%) | 99 (15.6%) | 479 (75.3%) | 5 (0.8%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 4,579 (100.0%) | 284 (6.2%) | 849 (18.5%) | 3,412 (74.5%) | 34 (0.7%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 4,642 (100.0%) | 293 (6.3%) | 1,114 (24.0%) | 3,133 (67.5%) | 102 (2.2%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 6,103 (100.0%) | 397 (6.5%) | 1,161 (19.0%) | 4,357 (71.4%) | 188 (3.1%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 2,004 (100.0%) | 152 (7.6%) | 344 (17.2%) | 1,495 (74.6%) | 13 (0.6%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 824 (100.0%) | 76 (9.2%) | 128 (15.5%) | 610 (74.0%) | 10 (1.2%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 1,117 (100.0%) | 35 (3.1%) | 274 (24.5%) | 803 (71.9%) | 5 (0.4%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 2,478 (100.0%) | 259 (10.5%) | 440 (17.8%) | 1,739 (70.2%) | 40 (1.6%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 1,446 (100.0%) | 170 (11.8%) | 235 (16.3%) | 1,025 (70.9%) | 16 (1.1%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 5,151 (100.0%) | 113 (2.2%) | 1,121 (21.8%) | 3,827 (74.3%) | 90 (1.7%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡 市・熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 759 (100.0%) | 38 (5.0%) | 138 (18.2%) | 566 (74.6%) | 17 (2.2%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 3,771 (100.0%) | 291 (7.7%) | 487 (12.9%) | 2,963 (78.6%) | 30 (0.8%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 6,225 (100.0%) | 338 (5.4%) | 970 (15.6%) | 4,863 (78.1%) | 54 (0.9%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 4,830 (100.0%) | 302 (6.3%) | 1,291 (26.7%) | 3,188 (66.0%) | 49 (1.0%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 1,834 (100.0%) | 206 (11.2%) | 344 (18.8%) | 1,274 (69.5%) | 10 (0.5%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 7,702 (100.0%) | 849 (11.0%) | 1,190 (15.5%) | 5,602 (72.7%) | 61 (0.8%) |
| | 47 沖縄県 | 2,274 (100.0%) | 189 (8.3%) | 197 (8.7%) | 1,843 (81.0%) | 45 (2.0%) |
| | 合計 | 149,752 (100.0%) | 9,625 (6.4%) | 26,801 (17.9%) | 111,559 (74.5%) | 1,767 (1.2%) |

■都市部から過疎地域への移住者のうち就業者の産業分類

| 地域ブロック (各ブロック内での 「都市部」) | H27 | 都市部から過疎地域 への移住者のうち就 業者数(15歳以上) | 産業分類(15歳以上) | | | |
|---|---------|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | | | 第1次産業 | 第2次産業 | 第3次産業 | 分類不能の産業 |
| 北海道(札幌市) | 1 北海道 | 28,251 (100.0%) | 2,185 (7.7%) | 3,050 (10.8%) | 22,641 (80.1%) | 375 (1.3%) |
| | 2 青森県 | 1,791 (100.0%) | 183 (10.2%) | 342 (19.1%) | 1,247 (69.6%) | 19 (1.1%) |
| | 3 岩手県 | 6,146 (100.0%) | 243 (4.0%) | 2,170 (35.3%) | 3,704 (60.3%) | 29 (0.5%) |
| | 4 宮城県 | 2,898 (100.0%) | 101 (3.5%) | 645 (22.3%) | 2,109 (72.8%) | 43 (1.5%) |
| | 5 秋田県 | 4,743 (100.0%) | 189 (4.0%) | 999 (21.1%) | 3,522 (74.3%) | 33 (0.7%) |
| | 6 山形県 | 2,665 (100.0%) | 121 (4.5%) | 569 (21.4%) | 1,940 (72.8%) | 35 (1.3%) |
| | 7 福島県 | 2,461 (100.0%) | 135 (5.5%) | 706 (28.7%) | 1,602 (65.1%) | 18 (0.7%) |
| | 15 新潟県 | 4,846 (100.0%) | 208 (4.3%) | 811 (16.7%) | 3,801 (78.4%) | 26 (0.5%) |
| 東北 (仙台市・新潟市) | 8 茨城県 | 466 (100.0%) | 20 (4.3%) | 110 (23.6%) | 327 (70.2%) | 9 (1.9%) |
| | 9 栃木県 | 261 (100.0%) | 16 (6.1%) | 55 (21.1%) | 190 (72.8%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 10 群馬県 | 1,075 (100.0%) | 116 (10.8%) | 147 (13.7%) | 808 (75.2%) | 4 (0.4%) |
| | 11 埼玉県 | 329 (100.0%) | 14 (4.3%) | 82 (24.9%) | 231 (70.2%) | 2 (0.6%) |
| | 12 千葉県 | 2,820 (100.0%) | 130 (4.6%) | 329 (11.7%) | 2,336 (82.8%) | 25 (0.9%) |
| | 13 東京都 | 1,409 (100.0%) | 19 (1.3%) | 164 (11.6%) | 1,214 (86.2%) | 12 (0.9%) |
| | 14 神奈川県 | 244 (100.0%) | 3 (1.2%) | 39 (16.0%) | 196 (80.3%) | 6 (2.5%) |
| | 19 山梨県 | 742 (100.0%) | 70 (9.4%) | 203 (27.4%) | 463 (62.4%) | 6 (0.8%) |
| | 20 長野県 | 2,410 (100.0%) | 232 (9.6%) | 365 (15.1%) | 1,797 (74.6%) | 16 (0.7%) |
| | 21 岐阜県 | 3,587 (100.0%) | 173 (4.8%) | 889 (24.8%) | 2,505 (69.8%) | 20 (0.6%) |
| 東海(岐阜県・愛知 県・三重県の非過 疎市町村及び一部 過疎市町村+静岡 市・浜松市) | 22 静岡県 | 1,498 (100.0%) | 96 (6.4%) | 152 (10.1%) | 1,246 (83.2%) | 4 (0.3%) |
| | 23 愛知県 | 908 (100.0%) | 93 (10.2%) | 234 (25.8%) | 574 (63.2%) | 7 (0.8%) |
| | 24 三重県 | 2,805 (100.0%) | 118 (4.2%) | 388 (13.8%) | 2,265 (80.7%) | 34 (1.2%) |
| | 16 富山県 | 693 (100.0%) | 22 (3.2%) | 194 (28.0%) | 472 (68.1%) | 5 (0.7%) |
| 北陸 | 17 石川県 | 870 (100.0%) | 52 (6.0%) | 150 (17.2%) | 659 (75.7%) | 9 (1.0%) |
| | 18 福井県 | 334 (100.0%) | 12 (3.6%) | 81 (24.3%) | 241 (72.2%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| | 25 滋賀県 | 41 (100.0%) | 2 (4.9%) | 8 (19.5%) | 31 (75.6%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| 近畿 (京都府・大阪府・ 兵庫県の非過疎市 町村及び一部過疎 市町村) | 26 京都府 | 3,857 (100.0%) | 229 (5.9%) | 680 (17.6%) | 2,830 (73.4%) | 118 (3.1%) |
| | 27 大阪府 | 128 (100.0%) | 4 (3.1%) | 40 (31.3%) | 81 (63.3%) | 3 (2.3%) |
| | 28 兵庫県 | 4,020 (100.0%) | 151 (3.8%) | 846 (21.0%) | 2,972 (73.9%) | 51 (1.3%) |
| | 29 奈良県 | 2,714 (100.0%) | 121 (4.5%) | 626 (23.1%) | 1,926 (71.0%) | 41 (1.5%) |
| | 30 和歌山県 | 3,342 (100.0%) | 212 (6.3%) | 419 (12.5%) | 2,678 (80.1%) | 33 (1.0%) |
| | 31 鳥取県 | 652 (100.0%) | 80 (12.3%) | 93 (14.3%) | 475 (72.9%) | 4 (0.6%) |
| 中国 (岡山市・広島市) | 32 島根県 | 4,364 (100.0%) | 322 (7.4%) | 719 (16.5%) | 3,293 (75.5%) | 30 (0.7%) |
| | 33 岡山県 | 4,464 (100.0%) | 377 (8.4%) | 1,063 (23.8%) | 2,981 (66.8%) | 43 (1.0%) |
| | 34 広島県 | 5,571 (100.0%) | 391 (7.0%) | 1,178 (21.1%) | 3,931 (70.6%) | 71 (1.3%) |
| | 35 山口県 | 1,755 (100.0%) | 145 (8.3%) | 273 (15.6%) | 1,328 (75.7%) | 9 (0.5%) |
| | 36 徳島県 | 884 (100.0%) | 65 (7.4%) | 145 (16.4%) | 667 (75.5%) | 7 (0.8%) |
| 四国 | 37 香川県 | 1,040 (100.0%) | 37 (3.6%) | 281 (27.0%) | 716 (68.8%) | 6 (0.6%) |
| | 38 愛媛県 | 2,276 (100.0%) | 264 (11.6%) | 382 (16.8%) | 1,594 (70.0%) | 36 (1.6%) |
| | 39 高知県 | 1,741 (100.0%) | 213 (12.2%) | 238 (13.7%) | 1,277 (73.3%) | 13 (0.7%) |
| | 40 福岡県 | 4,961 (100.0%) | 122 (2.5%) | 998 (20.1%) | 3,754 (75.7%) | 87 (1.8%) |
| 九州 (北九州市・福岡市・ 熊本市) | 41 佐賀県 | 648 (100.0%) | 39 (6.0%) | 159 (24.5%) | 442 (68.2%) | 8 (1.2%) |
| | 42 長崎県 | 3,772 (100.0%) | 264 (7.0%) | 457 (12.1%) | 3,019 (80.0%) | 32 (0.8%) |
| | 43 熊本県 | 5,682 (100.0%) | 372 (6.5%) | 836 (14.7%) | 4,462 (78.5%) | 12 (0.2%) |
| | 44 大分県 | 4,064 (100.0%) | 288 (7.1%) | 867 (21.3%) | 2,883 (70.9%) | 26 (0.6%) |
| | 45 宮崎県 | 1,694 (100.0%) | 168 (9.9%) | 323 (19.1%) | 1,200 (70.8%) | 3 (0.2%) |
| | 46 鹿児島県 | 7,121 (100.0%) | 746 (10.5%) | 1,078 (15.1%) | 5,257 (73.8%) | 40 (0.6%) |
| | 47 沖縄県 | 2,308 (100.0%) | 158 (6.8%) | 211 (9.1%) | 1,880 (81.5%) | 59 (2.6%) |
| | 合計 | 141,351 (100.0%) | 9,321 (6.6%) | 24,794 (17.5%) | 105,767 (74.8%) | 1,469 (1.0%) |